Husseini links charter change to prisoners

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (AFP) - A senior West Bank Palestinian leader on Tuesday hinted that Israel should release its Palestiman leader on Tuesday inflied that Israel should release its Palestinian prisoners in exchange for a decision by the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) to amend anti-Israeli provisions in its charter. "To modify the charter you have to convince the Palestinian people that the time for peace has come," Faisal Husseini said on Israeli Television. "You can't do that while maintaining certain categories of prisoners in detention." Israel, currently holding 6,000 Palestinian prisoners, has been pressing the PLO to remove articles from its charter calling for the the PLO to remove articles from its charter calling for the elimination of "the Zionist presence in Palestine" and declaring "illegal" the division of Palestine by the United Nations in 1947. Israel since May has released more than 4,000 prisoners but has refused to free others charged with killing Israelis. Mr. Flusseini ruled out any immediate move to amend the charter as "a third of the members of the Palestine National Council are opposed to the move." He said the change in the charter could not take place until after Palesunian elections on the West Bank and Gaza Strip.



Sayeh to return to Jerusalem

AMMAN (AP) — Abdul Hamid Sayeh, the first Palestinian activist to he banished after Israel occupied the West Bank and activist to he banished after Israel occupied the West Bank and Gaza Strip in the 1967 Middle East war, said Wednesday he was going back home. The 87-year-old native of Jerusalem became chairman of the Palestine National Council (PNC) in 1984 but quit the post last year. His health is ailing. "I have decided to go back to my homeland," said Shelkh Sayeh. He added that Israel has given permission to return, but "some preparations" bad to be made before he heads back in two weeks time, after 27 years in exile. Family members said that despite his ill-health, Sheikh Sayeh planned to continue political activities in Jerusalem. Despite his return, Sheikh Sayeh remains critical of Yasser Arafat's autonomy deal with Israel, saying it falls short of what he sees as the Palestinians' right to an independent state in all of the occupied territories. He has also rejected the Palestine Liberation Organisaterritories. He has also rejected the Palestine Liberation Organisa tion leader's attempts to convene a PNC meeting in Gaza to remove clauses in the PNC charter that call for Israel's climina-

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Sheikh Żayed meets Majali in Geneva

AMMAN (J.T.) — Sheikh Zayed Ben Snltan Al United Arab Emirates (UAE), beld talks with Prime Minister Abdul Salam Majali in Geneva on Tuesday, the Jordan News Agency, Petra, reported.

It was the first high-level meeting between Jordan and the UAE after the 1991 Gulf crisis. Petra said Sheikh Zayed

and Dr. Majali discus bilateral relations and the Middle East peace process. It did not elaborate. Sheikh Zayed is on a private visit to

Dr. Majali, who is on his way to the U.S. on a lecture tour on behalf of His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, also held talks with Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak, Petra said.

Israeli Arab deputy to meet iraqi envoy

TEL AVIV (AFP) — An Israeli Arab deputy announced Wednesday he intended to defy Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin and meet with Iraq's U.N. ambassador. The deputy, Abdul Wahab Darawsheh, is a member of the Arab Democratic Party, which has two seats in Israel's parliament. He was speaking during a private visit to the United States, "I want to see the four year embargo against Iraq lifted and I want to meet (Iraq's) ambassador to the U.N. with a view to integrating his country into the Middle East peace process," said Mr. Darawsheh. "We live in an era of peace. We must therefore talk of peace, look to the future and forget the dark days of the past" he added, alluding to Irag's 39 Scud missile attacks on !srael during the 1991 Gulf war. "After all" he continued "Iraqi President Saddam Hussein must also forget Israel's air raid on the Osirak nuclear power station (on June 7, 1981) " (see related

PFLP claims grenade attack

story on page 12).

DAMASCUS (AFP) - A Palestinian group said Wednesday that it carried out the attack on a military post in Bethlehem on the occupied West Bank that wounded four Israeli soldiers. Commandos from the Popula: Front for the Liberation of Palestine (PFLP) "launched a grenade attack on an Israeli position causing several casualties," the Damascusbased group said. Tuesday's attack also set the building on fire and all the commandos escaped, said the PFLP.

2 killed in S. Lebanon clash

MARJAYOUN (AP) -Two Paletinian guerrillas have been killed in a clash with an Israeli patrol inside the strip of territory Israel occupies in South Lebanon. security sources said Wednesday. The sources said a guerrilla squad infiltrated late Tuesday into the village of Qantara, just inside the central sector of the enclave Israel maintains as a "security zone." An Israeli patrol spotted the infiltrators and a clash ensued. The bodies of the two guerrillas were found during search operations mounted by Israeli troops in helicopter gunships and tanks

Swedish worker released in Somalia

STOCKHOLM (AP) -Somali kidnappers have released a Swedish aid worker held for two weeks apparently for ransom, government and aid officials said Wednesday. Lena Thelander. 28. a worker from the private charity International Aid Sweden, was released late Tuesday. News of her release was made public Wednesday.

Israel begins handing over W. Bank to Palestinians

West Bank (Agencies) — Palestinians here took contro! of their education system for the first time on Wednesday, even though the 350,000 West Bank pupils will have to wait another year to learn about their own history. In Cairo, Israel and the

Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) were set to initial an agreement allowing the Palestinians to run their own civilian affairs in the West Bank from mid-September, as self-rule enters its second phase.

"It's an historic process," said the top PLO negotiator, Nabil Shaath. "This is the start ... towards implementing the peace accords in the West Bank," which has been under Israeli occupation

since 1967.
"This confirms the unity of the two parts of the Palestinian land: Gaza and Jericho on the one hand, and the West Bank on the other," he

Dr. Shaath spoke to journalists during a break from tough negotiations which opened Monday at a luxury hotel on the banks of the

The delegates were still meeting late Wednesday. Israeli and Palestinian officials said they were adding the "final touches."

Dr. Shaath said the negotiators agreed that control of health care, tourism and some other services would transfer to Palestinians

Israel, PLO initial accord

CAIRO (AP) - Israeli and PLO negotiators ininalled a new agreement on Wednesday to transfer to the Palestinians responsibility for health care, tourism and other services throughout the West Bank.

The 42-page agreement still must be approved by the Israeli cabinet and Palestinian National Anthority, which took control of the Gaza Strip and West Bank town of Jericho in

The pact will give Palesnnians in areas still occupied by Israel a measure of selfrule for the first time.

The chief PLO negotiator, Nabil Sbaath, and his Israeli counterpart, Maj. Gen. Danny Roth-schild told reporters after initialling the document that they expected it would be reviewed by the national authority and Israeli cabinet over the weekend.

throughout the West Bank on

Dr. Shaath told reporters the date would be part of the agreement expected to be initialled later in the day.

Dr. Shaath said the Sept. 12 date was set for transferring other powers because a meeting of countries donating aid to the Palestinians was scheduled three days earlier,

of financing could be worked

The way was cleared for the overall agreement when the two sides on Tuesday completed work on the topic of taxation. The subject was complicated because while Palestinians will collect the taxes. Israel will retain control over other activities, including security.

Dr. Shaath urged that negotiators move on quickly to discussing elections for a legislative assembly, which be expects will give the PLO a true mandate to govern. However, Palestinians say they cannot hold elections while Israel is still occupying a large part of the West

The autonomous areas currently are being governed by an 18-member Palestinian National Authority appointed by PLO leader Yasser Arafat.

The chief Israeli negotiator, General Danny Rothschild, also said earlier that the two sides had almost finalised a document on the general principles for the transfer of civilian powers in the occupied West Bank.

The latest accord would be "an important and essential step toward a final settlement," said Egyptian Foreign Minister Amr Musa, whose country hosts the PLO-Israeli autonomy negotiations. Dr. Shaath said be would

(Continued on page 7)

King meets Posovalyuk

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein on Wednesday received at the Royal Court Viktor Posovalyuk, a personal repre-sentative of Russian President Boris Yeltsin, who arrived in Amman Tuesday as part of a regional tour.
King Hussein and the
Russian envoy discussed
developments in the Mid-

dle East peace process. Mr. Posovalyuk said Moscow welcomed the Washington Declaration signed last month between Jordan and Israel ending the state of belligerency between the two countries and said his government considers the declaration as an important step on the way to resolving the conflict.



Israel ready to quit Golan for peace, Beilin says

OSLO (Agencies) — Israel is ready to withdraw from the Golan Heights in exchange for peace with Syria and such a deal could be reached gnickly once Damascus agrees to direct talks, Israeli Deputy Foreign Minister Yossi Beilin said on Wednes-

day.
"There is an Israeli readiness to pull ont of Golan after years of saying we would not give back an inch," Mr. Beilin told an early morning news conference in Oslo.

"The Syrians are ready to normalise relations with Israel ... once we sit down together in direct negotiations. I believe it would only be a matter of some months until we could sign an agree-ment with Syria," he said. Mr. Beilin declined to say adding it might be necessary

if Israel could conceive of making a complete withdrawal from Golan. But be indicated all or most of the strategically important plateau seized from Syria in the 1967 Middle East war was negotiable.

the level of peace achieved," said Mr. Beilin, in Norway Sweden Israeli Prime Minister Yit-

ment a peace deal. The United States has

The extent of our withdrawal would be parallel to after visiting Denmark and

zhak Rabin has pledged to hold a national referendum on any deal involving an essential pullout from Golan.

"We are prepared to bring a very hard decision to the people. It would not be a question of just a few in-ches," said Mr. Beilin,

to dismantle Israeli settlements on Golan to imple-

mediated between Israel and Syria for almost three years, most recently in a series of shuttles by U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher. "We are closer to peace

with Syria than ever, but developments have nevertheless not been satisfactory,' said Mr. Beilin, calling on Syria to negotiate directly

Mr. Beilin, one of the architects of the peace deal brokered by Norway between Israel and the Palestinians, said there was an historic but time was running short. I talks,

Algerian talks resume

ALGIERS (AFP) - President Liamine Zeroual and delegations from five Algerian opposition parties held a second round of talks Wednesday after breaking for a day, official sources

The five parties which agreed to take part in the talks were: The National Liberation Front (FLN), Algeria's former ruling party, the Movement for Democracy in Algeria, former President Ahmad Ben Beila's party, the Algerian Reform Party and two Islamic parties, rivals to the banned Islamic Salvation Front (FIS), the Islamic Society Movement and the Islamic Renaissance Movement.

The Socialist Forces led by Hocine Ait Ahmad, which was also invited to the talks. sed to take part in

Yemen, with three guns for

every person, plans to ban the carrying of firearms in

ban the carrying of weapons once and for all in the cities

and re-organise carrying (arms) under licence in other

arcas," Interior Minister

"We are making efforts to

Syrians vote for parliament; little change seen in makeup

DAMASCUS (Agencies) -Millions of Syrians went to polling centres which opened early on Wednesday to elect representatives to the 250member People's Assembly (parliament) for the next four vears.

Interior Minister Mohammad Harba said more than 7.3 million were eligible to vote in the elections in which 7,266 candidates were competing for seats.

People poured into polling centres which opened at 0700 (0400 GMT). Voting will continue until 2000 (1700 GMT) on Wednesday when the ballot boxes will be closed.

The boxes will be reopened at 7 a.m. on Thursday and close at 1400 (IIO0 GMT) when ballot counting will start. Results are expected to be announced by the interior minister on Saturday.

No major shift in policy is expected in the new parliament, a largely consultative body where lists of candidates of the Baath-led

National Progressive Front (NPF) are expected to win as they have in five previous elections, analysts said. They said government

plans to expand its economy reform programmes and pursue the peace process with Israel will be supported by the new legislators.

The NPF, which got two

thirds of the seats of the outgoing parliament, is expected to score the same number this time. Independent candidates.

including wealthy business-men, bave spent vast amounts of money on cam-paign posters and banners that bave appeared in Damascus in the run-up to tbe polls.

Singers, actors and actresses are also among candidates, who include 512

The NPF groups the Baatb Party of President Hafez Al Assad, the Communist Party (two branches), the Socialist Union, the Arab Socialist Party, the Unionist Socialist

Party and the Unionist Socialist Democratic Party. Despite the ballot, President Assad, who seized power in a 1971 coup, retains a firm, highly centralised grip on power and the elections are essentially a procedural affair rather than a political

contest between rival parties. Foreign policy, security and even Syria's peace negotiations with Israel are never subject to public debate. Parliament's main function

is to provide the government with a barometer of the sentiment among various interest groups rather than serve as a decision-making body

However, the large expected turnout and joyous mood that have characterised these and other elections in recent years unmistakably reflect a thirst for democracy

among the populace. The People's Assembly was formed with 145 seats a year after Mr. Assad's bloodless come and later expanded. Its last four-year term ended

Yemeni president plans two-party coalition

SANAA (R) — The Islamic Islah party and President Ali Abdullah Saleh's party are discussing formation of a new Yemeni government excluding southern socialists defeated in the civil war, a senior official and Islah member

"It seems things are moving in the direction of a coalition between the (Saleh's) General Peoples Congress (GPC) and Islah," Deputy Prime Minister Abdul Wahab Ali Al Ansi told Reuters in an interview.

Political sources said last week a new coalition would be announced before the end of August. Bnt Mr. Ansi said, "it is

difficult to mention any date. The Aden-based Yemen Socialist Party (YSP) merged southern Yemen with Mr. Saleh's north four years ago and remains officially in the cabinet although its senior leaders have been denounced by Mr. Salch as traitors for trying to break up the un-

Islah, the traditional political enemy of the secular YSP, strongly supported Mr. Saleh during a two-month civil war that ended on July 7 with the defeat of southern secessionists led by YSP leader Ali Salem Al Beidh. The party has been largely

in disarray since.
Four of its members who did not join the breakaway state remain in the government that was originally formed as a three-party coali-tion of the GPC, YSP and

Islah. The YSP's Haidar Abu Bakr Al Attas was prime minister but he and other YSP leaders who supported the breakaway state were

sacked by Mr. Saleh who in May appointed a close aide, Mohammad Said Al Attar, as acting prime minister. Mr. Ansi said GPC and

Islah were holding talks aimed "at defining a clear basis for the decision-making within the new coalition to avoid past mistakes."

He said the two parties were not trying to exclude the

position. "The new coalition is not an attempt for polarisation. We are committed to the principle of pluralism and the

multi-party system," Mr. Ansi said.
"We do not want to interfere in the YSP affairs or try

to weaken it or belittle its

political role. On the con-

trary we want to help it over-

Meanwhile, pistol-packing

come its problems," he said

Yahya Al Mutawakel told a meeting of senior police and security officers. YSP but the party has not The meeting, attended by President Saleh, was shown been able yet to define its on Sanaa Television on Tues-

> Mr. Mntawakel said earlier this year that more than 50 million guns were in private hands in Yemen.

Political sources believed the figure had grown considerably since the civil war. They said that during the conflict large quantities of weapons were seized as booty by soldiers and civilians.

Majority of Jordanians support Washington Declaration, poll finds

By P.V Vivekanand

Jordan Times Staff Reporter AMMAN - Eighty per cent of Jordanians support the Washington Declaration ending the state of belligerency and paving the way for a peace agreement between Jordan and Israel, according to the results of an opinion poll released Wednesday.

The findings of the poll indicate that those who oppose Jordan's move towards peace with Israel do so mainly based on "doctrinal and ideological" grounds rather than on a belief that the Kingdom would not be able to secure its rights in negotiations

with the Jewish state. The poll, conducted last week, last found that 82.2 per cent believe that Jordan's economy would benefit from making peace with Israel and 69 per cent believe that the Kingdom would be able to secure its territorial and water rights and achieve its security

objectives in negotiations with the Jewish state.

The opinion poll was conducted by the Centre for Strategic Studies at the University of Jordan between Ang. 18 and 20 and covered 1,172 "randomly selected people from all over the Kingdom." The target audience included both males and females over the age of 19.
Asked whether they sup-

ported or opposed the Washington Declaration. 80.2 per cent said they supported it, 14.I said they opposed it and 5.7 said they were unsure. The poll organisers, mindful of grounds for

argument by opponents of the peace process, cautioned that support for the declaration could be seen at an absolute level of 72 per cent. They cited the five-per-cent margin of error that the survey allowed and the assumption that the five per cent of those polled refused to answer this question

opposed the Jordanian-Israeli peace moves as the reasons for the lower fi-

On the other hand, 52.7 per cent of those who opposed the declaration believed that Jordan's economy would improve as a result of peace and 52.4 said Jordan would be able to regain its territorial and water rights from Israel.

"It clearly indicates that a good segment of those who reject making peace with Israel base their positions on ideological and doctrinal positions as well as religious grounds," said Mustafa Hamarneh, director of the Centre for Strategic Studies.

"The ball is clearly in Israel's court," Dr. Hamarneh said in explaining the results of the survey. "Jordanians have optimistic and realistic expectations of the peace negotiations and it is up to Israel to live up to the expectations.

Bnt, Dr. Hamarneh

warned, people could change opinions quickly on such a dynamic subject. "If the Taba experience is to be repeated, then that will put a damper on people's enthusiasm over the peace process," Dr. Hamarneh

His statement was a reference to the prolonged negotiations over the Taba beach resort that Israel held with Egypt as the final phase of their peacemaking in the early 80s. Israel was widely seen as procrastinating and unwilling to return the Egyptian territory to Egypt. The issue could not be settled in negotiations and had to be resolved by the International Court of Justice, which ruled in favour of Egypt.
The highlights of the

findings of the poll were:

— The highest level of . support for the Washington Declaration came from the northern governorates with 85.I per cent; the lowest was in Irbid city with 73.9

- 84.5 among those with less than elementary education and 83.9 per cent with elementary education sup-ported the declaration.

- 82.8 per cent said Jordan's economic situation would improve as a result of the peace process: 5.4 per cent expected no change, 6.6 per cent said it would worsen and 5.2 per cent said they did not

Among those who said the economy would improve, only 49.4 per cent said the economic benefits would be visible in the short term. — 89 per cent of those

who supported the Washington Declaration and 52.7 per cent of those who opposed it said yes when asked if Jordan would get economic benefits from the peace pro-

- Asked whether they believed Jordan would regain its land, 71.2 per cent of all those polled said yes, 17.5 per cent said no and 11.3 per cent said they were

-76.1 per cent of those who supported the peace process and 52.7 per cent of those who opposed it said they believed Jordanian land would be regained.

— On the same question in relation to Jordan's water rights, 75.9 per cent of all the target audience said the Kingdom would get its full share of water, 15.7 said no and 8.4 per cent were unsure.

- 82 per cent of those supported the negotiations with Israel and 52.1 per cent of those who opposed the talks also said they believed Jordan would be able to secure its water rights.

- Asked whether Jordan would be able to achieve its security objectives, 68.3 per cent of the audience said yes 22.2 per cent said no and 11.5

per cent were unsure.

— 74.3 of those who supported the peace process and 43 per cent who opposed it also said, they believed Jordan

would he able to achieve Its

they opposed the peace process because they believed that no just peace could be achieved; 8.4 per cent said they opposed it on religious grounds, 2.2 per cent said they based their opposition on economic grounds, 2.9 per cent cited moral reasons, 0.6 per cent cited other reasons and one per cent cited no specific reason (the survey had room for more than one reason to he

- Asked whether the peace process would contribute to the realisation of the rights of 'displaced" Palestinians, 57.8 per cent said yes, 22.5 per cent said no and 11.5 per cent were

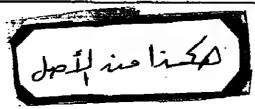
cited by each and hence the

disproportionate percentages).

- Replying to the same question in relation to the rights of Palestinian "refugees," 43 per cent said yes, 36.8 per cent said no and 20.1

per cent were unsure.

The Centre of Strategic Stuopinion poils in Jordan, including one shortly before the 1993 general elections. The results of that survey proved mostly accurate when the actual elections took place.



Israel seeks aid for extending self-rule

STOCKHOLM (R) -Israel's Deputy Foreign Minister Yossi Beilin said on Tuesday he had discussed with Sweden financing for extending Palestinian autonomy under the so-called early

empowerment process. Mr. Beilin, on a Nordic tour during which he will visit donor nations, said he was making the approach jointly on behalf of Israel and the Palestine Liberation Orga-

nisation (PLO). The PLO and Israel were due to an initial agreement in Cairo on Wednesday to expand Palestinian autonomy to the rest of the West Bank in five soberes of life - the

early empowerment deal. After meeting Swedish Foreign Minister Margaretha Af Ugglas, Mr. Beilin told a news conference: "I raised here with the Swedish government the question of financing the early empower-

"We promised the Palesti-nians to raise it with the donors, so that part of the money which (the donors) pledged to Palestinian autonomy will be directed towards the early empowerment to finance these... different au-

thorities," he added. The agreement should ex-tend Palestinian powers over health, education, tourism, welfare and direct taxation in the West Bank beyond the small self-rule enclaves of Jericho and the Gaza Strip, handed over by Israel in

Passing on responsibility for direct taxation of the West Bank's nearly one million Palestinians had been the

main nbstacle in Cairo, But Israel and the PLO agreed last week to jointly approach donor countries with a request to support the initial funding of the agreement with \$50 tn \$40 million.

Mr. Beilin said that while these negotiations between Israel and the PLO were now set to move ahead, the next phase of parallel multilateral negotiations, initiated internationally after the Moscow conference of 1992, would

also be important. "I believe that apart from the developments on the bi-lateral levels it will be very important to go on with the multilateral level, which common infrastructure in the

Middle East," he told repor-The working group for regional economic development, chaired by the European Union, is in charge of this area of the talks and has already obtained pledges from donors for support in areas like energy, water, tele-

communications and roads. Mr. Beilin said he believed good progress had been made in these discussions and hoped that it would lead in time to people in the region

economic as well as a political

That can only happen when they see the economic benefits," he said. Beyond the first infrastruc-

ture moves, Mr. Beilin said he could envisage a common market but only in several years' time.

"I believe that in the first step we are going to have a common infrastructure... only later maybe in five years, maybe in 10, will it be possible to have a common

"It will be very difficult, maybe even dangerous, to have a common market once you take into consideration the differences between our economies," he added.

Kohi meets Peres

In Bonn, Chancellor Hel-mnt Kohl said Germany wants the European Union (EU) to reach a new and improve cooperation pact

with Israel soon. Mr. Kohl told visiting Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres that Bonn wanted the Jewish state to be closely associated with the 12-

member EU. "The chancellor stressed the German government's wish for a quick conclusion to current negotiations between Israel and the European Union over revising their 1975 cooperation protocol," Mr. Kohl's spnkesman Dieter Vngel said after the talks.

The new accord must take account of the peace process in the region and include qualitative improvements," the spokesman said in a state-

Israel is looking for greater access to European agricultural markets, research and development programme and government contracts with EU member states to cut its current \$5 billion trade deficit

with the EU bloc. The EU agreed in principle to renegotiate its protocol last December but since then Israel says several EU countries have procrastinated. Germany holds the six-month

EU presidency until Jan. 1. Mr. Peres said earlier that Israel would like to see Germany play a greater interna-tional role and take a seat on the United Nations Security

The Bonn government has sought a permanent seat on a reformed U.N. Security Council, a request backed earlier this year by U.N. Secretary-General Boutros

Asked by reporters whether he favoured a German place on the council, Mr. Peres said: "Yes. One should no longer see Germany through the angle of the past but the angle of the

foture." "Germany must play a bigger role in world politics,



dine issued the ruling, he said

he was protecting primary school girls from being forced intn taking the veil hy teachers who beat them.

Requiring parental consent of the veil would put an end

to "terrorism" by teachers, he said. He also said in an

interview early this month

that coercing students to

wear the veil was part of "an

extremist tide trying to in-

Taking the veil is one of the thorniest issues in Egypt. It is constantly debated in

newspapers, getting support nr opposition based on diffe-

rent interpretations from a

sura "the Light" says: "And tell the believing women to

lower their gaze and be mod-

est, and to display of their adornment only that which is

apparent, and to draw their

Fundamentalists say this

Abont 10 teenage girls

"Other girls are free to go

wearing veils showed up to

to the school dressed as they

like... we too have a persona

freedom to go as we like,"

said an 18-year-old who gave

her name as Dalia and wore

the most conservative veil

that allows only the eyes to

decide for ourselves what to

Abdul Halim Mandour,

nne of the lawyers bringing

suit against the education

minister's ruling, said it was

clear his side would be suc-

wear," she said.

"We are old enough to

call for veiling. Some others

say it is only a recommenda-

tion for modesty.

veils over their bosoms....

Verse 31 of the Koran's

verse in the Koran,

vade Egypt."

Court ruling on veil a blow to Cairo's efforts

CAIRO (AP) — In a setback to the government's efforts to control Islamic fundamentalists, a court has annulled an order that prevented school

girls from wearing the veil without parental approval. When Education Minister Hussein Bahaaeddine issued the order last month, he said it was meant to stop students from being coerced by fundamentalists into covering their hair in line with con-servative Muslim thinking.

It immediately aroused anger from funcamentalist lawyers and many parents, Yehia Abu Al Magd, a lawyer who opposed the rul-ing said more than 200 parents, school administrators and lawyers filed six cases

against the order. A bearded man sitting in the front row of the stifling court room cried "Allahn Akbar," as the verdict was read in the administrative judicial court on Tuesday.

Judge Magdi Abu Al N'as, who announced the verdict, gave the man an angry look, Mr. Abu Al N'as only stated the court's decision without statement on the legal reasons behind the ruling is

to be issued in several days. The order is to be immediately implemented even if the minister appeals within the 15-day legal period. It was not immediately clear if

an appeal would be filed. The Egyptian government, which has been battling for two years to put down a campaign of violence by Islamie radicals, is increasingly finding itself challenged in the courts by fundamentalist

At the time Mr. Bahazed-

Egypt's police put on high alert for population conference

CAIRO (AP) - Egypt has put its police on "maximum alert" ahead of the U.N. population conference that opens in Cairo on Sept. 5 but already is raising con-

Interior Minister Hassan Al Alfy noted in announcing the alert that police could put down any "terrorist" activity, referring to the government's 2½-year battle with extremists trying to overthrow the government and impose Isla-

"Egypt has overcome all attempts which aimed at threatening its security and stabil-

ity," the minister said.

But he also warned demonstrations by those involved in the conference would be blocked. He was responding to Egyptian newspaper reports claiming some nongovernmental groups planned poblic demonstrations

defending homosexual rights. The conference, which is expected to draw 15,000 people from around the world, had raised the ire of some Muslim institutions who claim its draft report advocates abortion, premarital sex

and homosexuality. The goal of the meeting. officially the U.N. Conference on Population and Development, is to set guidelines to slow burgeoning population growth and foster development over the next 20

years. Conference organisers have pointed out the report is only a draft and even when it is adopted, no country will be bound to follow its recom-

mendations. They have said specifically that it does not advocate abortion as a family planning method. But the draft urges making available information on safe abortion in view of the thousands of women who

die from illegal operations. Some Muslim groups have complained that a call for providing family planning informatinn to nnn-married couples encourages sin and that a reference in the draft to "a pinrality" of forms for families means advocating

homosexual marriage. Gen. Alfy said in a meeting with security officials that police "will not allow any demonstrations which might harm the ... values and tradi-



Hosni Mubarak

tions" of the Egyptian peo-ple, almost all of whom are Muslim.

He also emphasised the conference would be important in proving the success of Egypt's efforts to quell the rebellion by Muslim mili-

tants. Egyptian officials hope the conference, the largest ever held in Cairo, will help rebuild the country's tourism business, which was devastated by the bloody campaign

by the Islamic radicals. More than 390 people were killed in the violence, including police, minority Coptic istians and several foreign tourists. But in the last four months, police have largely succeeded in reducing the radical campaign to clashes in the militants' stronghold in

southern Egypt.
Several Islamic groups have called for cancelling the population conference, a meeting sponsored by the United Nations every 10 years. Among opponents are the powerful Muslim Brotherhood and the Al Azhar University, the major spiritual guide for most Mus-

However, Egypt's chief Islamie clerie, Sheikh Mohammad Sayed Tantawi, has urged Muslims to attend at the conference to advocate parts of the draft they favour and oppose objectionable

sections. Sheikh Tantawi issued a statement Tuesday praising the draft's call for fighting poverty and aids as well as its concentration on the rights of

women and children. But be rejected the idea of giving family planning advice to non-married couples and said same sections on women's equality were at

odds with the Koran.

10:15

11:00

t1:00 18:30

19:15

19:15

19:30

19:30

21:00

05:58

09:58 13:10

14:00 21:20

21:15

Fugitive Turkish footballer returns home

ANKARA (R) — Fugitive former Turkish soccer star Tanju Colak returned home under police escort and in tears on Tuesday to face more than four years in jail for knowingly buying a smuggled Mercedes car. Mr. Colak, con of Turkey's too smuggled mercedes car. one of Turkey's top sportsman in the 1980s and winner of the European Golden Boot award in 1988, fied to the former Yugoslav republic of Macedonia on July 26 after his appeal against the sentence failed. "He was flown in accompanied by 12 Interpol police," Reuter photographer Fatih Saribas reported from Istanbul airport. "He was crying, his face was bright red." His mother and small sort, a group of 50 fans, ex-teammate Ridvan Dilmen and other. soccer players turned up to meet him. "Tanju is ours no one can take him," chanted his fans. He greeted them with a sad wave. A criminal court convicted Mr. Colak and. sentenced him to four years and eight months in jail. He has been detained in Macedonia since Aug. 10 after Turkey sought his extradition. He left for Skopje two days before an Istanbul prosecutor ordered his detention. He said he went to prepare to play for a rest of the world team against Russia. Russia withdrew his invitation to play after Ankara requested his extradition.

UNESCO blasts Algerian anti-school threats

PARIS (R) - UNESCO Director-General Federico Mayor, on Tuesday condemned threats by Algerian Islamic militants against students, teachers and schools. In a statement issued by the U.N. Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation shortly after an Algerian university teacher was shot dead, Mr. Mayor said: "This new wave of terror and intolerance that is victimising teachers and students and crippling schools in Algeria must be stopped; Only education can build a culture of peace and tolerance in which differences are viewed as a source of richness and not as a threat to one's values and existence." Earlier of not as a threat to one's values and existence." Earlier our Tuesday, Rabah Stambouli a 65-year-old Algerian university teacher, was killed in a daylight attack outside his home in the town of Tizi Ouzou, according to Algeria's official news agency APS. A week earlier, Islamic militants set fire to at least eight schools in Algeria. The militants have warned students and teachers to stay away from centres of education. centres of education.

Cyprus backs Lebanon in confrontation

BEIRUT (AP) --- Cyprus' foreign minister Tuesday invited Lebanese leaders to visit the East Mediterranean island and expressed his country's support for Lebanon in its confrontation with Israel. Alecos Michaelides met sepan ately with President Elias Hrawi, Prime Minister Rafik Hariri, Parliament Speaker Nabih Berri and Information Minister Michel Samaha, Mr. Michaelides said he relayed a message from Cypriot president Glafcos Clerides to Mr. Hrawi on boosting economic and political relations.

There are a lot of things in common between Lebanon and Cyprus and we can do a lot to benefit our people," said Mr. Michaelides. Asked about Israeli attacks on South Lebanon, Mr. Michaelides said: "We support the peace process. We support Lebanon and we're against acts that obstruct the peace process." Mr. Michaelides, in Lebanon since Sunday, said he invited Mr. Hrawi and Mr. Harii since Sunday, said he invited Mr. Hrawi and Mr. Harii since Sunday. to visit Cyprus, Lebanon's neighbour 240 kilometres across the Eastern Mediterranean. The island was a refuge for many Lebanese during the 1975-1990 civil war. Many Lebanese used Cypriot sea and airports to travel in and out of the country during the Selection. of the country during the fighting. Mr. Michaelides toured the American University of Beirut, where he studied in the 1960s, and met with its acting president, Samir Makdissi. Mr. Michaelides was due to leave for home Wednesday.

Turkey to demand visas for Americans:

ANKARA (AP) - American citizens will be required to obtain entry visas for Turkey beginning in October officials said Tuesday. Officials at the Foreign Ministry told the Associated Press that the change was made because the United States recently began charging Turks 660,000 lire (about \$20) for U.S. visas. Previously, the visas were free. U.S. citizens have been allowed to enter Turkey without a visa. After Oct. 1, Americans will have to obtain a visa in advance and pay \$20, the ministry announced. The change comes as Turkey struggles to prop up its sinking tourism industry following bomb attacks by Kurdish separatists. Earlier this month, the United States froze 10 per cent of its \$364.5 million in military aid to Turkey pending a report on alleged human rights abuses by the Turkish military.

Two Spanish tourists killed in Morocco

MARRAKESH (AFP) — Two Spanish tourists were killed and another seriously wounded Wednesday when unidentified men burst into a four-star hotel here and opened fire with machineguns, officials said. Police named the dead as Salvador Torras Turrel, a 43-year-old native of Barcelona, and Antonia Garcia, a mother of two from Estepola, near Malaga, aged about 40. Another woman, Dori Ocana Marin of San Pedro, was seriously wounded in the leg. A receptionist at the Atlas-Asni Hotel was also beaten up by the gangsters who escaped after taking a woman hostage in her own car. The hotel is located near a building where a GATT conference took place in April. Police said the woman hostage was released 15 minutes later unharmed. Eyewitnesses said the gunmen, wearing balaclavas, burst into the hotel lobby and opened fire at tourists assembled there, mainly Spaniards and Italians. The trio headed for-the cashier, tried unsuccessfully to overpower him and fied with two envelopes containing an undisclosed amount of money. A Moroccan eyewitness, Assia Laraki, said she heard the trio speak Arab with an Algerian accent as well as Italian and French. Hotel staff confirmed this.

realising that peace was an added Mr. Peres. U.N. promises quick look at Kuwait fires claim

GENEVA (Agencies) — The U.N. body charged with compensating victims of Iraq's 1990 occupation of Kuwait is to appoint experts to examine a \$1 billion claim for the cost of putting out hundreds of oil well fires, it said on Tuesday.

The United Nations Compensation Commission. which has so far received more than \$100 billion in claims against Iraq, said it considered the oil well issue had a "symbolic character" for most Kuwaitis.

Although the commission has started paying out on smaller claims by individuals, it has not yet tackled any

larger commercial claims. Iraqi troops are accused nf setting alight hundreds of wells as they were retreating from Kuwait in early 1991. fleeing U.S.-led forces. The Kuwait Oil Company later claimed more than \$950 millinn for the cost of putting

them ont. "Because of its economic, environmental and health hazard connotations, this claim for the burning of the nil wells - that altered so much Knwait's desert landscape and life - took a symbolic character for Kuwait,"

the commission said in a

The commission had decided to appoint as soon as possible a panel of commissioners to examine and report back on the claim.

The experts will chosen jointly by the commission itself and U.N. Secretary-General Boutros Ghali and will start their work as soon as possible.

The compensation prog-ramme is an unprecedented attempt to provide redress for war victims. Altogether the commission is considering \$160 billion worth of claims from some 2.5 millinn penple and businesses who say they were harmed by Iraq's invasion of

The vast majority are from migrant workers, including nne million Egyptians who were forced to flee Kuwait and Iraq, leaving behind their jobs, money and possessions.

The first compensation of \$2.7 million was paid earlier this summer to 650 people who suffered serious injuries nr who lost family members during the Iraqi invasion.

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

NIGHT DUTY AMMAN: Dr. Jamil Tarif Dr. Fayez Dabbas Dr. Abbas Al Hakim Shtaiwi Abu Zayid oukh pharmacy Al Salam pharmacy Yacoub pharmacy

ds pharmacy

25 / 39 . 17/ 35

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 33, Aqaba 39 Hamidity readings: Amman 23 per cont. Aqaba 19 per cont.

USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS

Dr. Tarcq Al Hijjawi 985445 Khalifeh pharmacy 985417

EMERGENCIËS

Price Complaints Water and Sewerage 661176 787111 mplaintsphone Information 623101 dali Telephone Repairs 661101 Jordan Television 815615 Electric Power

HOSPITALS

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Queen Alia Hospital 602240:30 Amai Hospital 674155 ZARQA: Zarqa Govt. Hospital (09)983323 Zarqa National Hospital Ibn Sina Hospital Al Hikma Modern Hospital

A) Hikum Modern Houpital (09)990990
RRMD:
Princes: Bassas Hospital (02)275593
Greek Catholic Hospital (02)27225
Bu Al Nafees Hospital (02)247100 AQABA: Princess Haya Hospital FOR THE TRAVELLER **QUEEN ALIA**

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(R) New Delhi (R)Riyadh (RI)

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..... Istanbul (TK) Amsterdam (KL) DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ)

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Arr. Democras 5:00 p.m. every Monday Dep. Democras 7:30 a.m. every Sunday Arr. Assess ... 5:00 p.m. every Sunday MARKET PRICES Upperfower price in fils per kg. 370/250 240/ 150 200 /156 450 / 300 180/ 100 900/500 280 / 200 400 / 300-250 / 200-500 / 350 130/ 60 1200/ 900 Okra 500/ 300 280 / 180 200/ 100 220 / 160 330/750 370/ 270 1000/ 700 130/ 70 70 / 50

HUAZ RAHWAY TRAIN

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19 PROGRAMME TWO

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PRAYER TURES . (Suurise) Duha Dhuhr t6:16

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Auglican Church Tel. 630851, Tel. 628543. m Catholic Church Tel. Arment 771331. an Orthodox Charch Tel. shralm Church Tel. 771751. m International Church Tel.

Evangelical Lutheran Church Tel: 824328. gregation Tel. 684195 The Latter-Day Salusta Tel. 654932 Church of Nazarrene Tel.675691. The Evangelical Local Church in Tel. 811295

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INTERNATIONAL **AIRPORT** ARRIVALS Liidura (Letuive)



Free Zones Corporation Director General Mosa Jaghbeer (left) and a representative of an unidentified local firm Wednesday sign an at Queen Alia International Airport (Petra

Local firm contracted to erect free zone

AMMAN (Petra) — The vestors in view of the increase Free Zooes Corporation Wednesday signed an agreemeot with a local contracting firm to establish a free zone at Queen Alia International Airport (QAIA) at a cost of JD,500,000.

The proposed 10,000square-metre free zone at the airport will include an administratioo buildiog, in addition to storage and service

The QAIA free zone will meet the primary needs of interested merchants and inin the volume of merchandise arriving at the airport.

The corporation has received the approval of the Minister of Transport to increase the zone's area to 100,000 square metres in the future, with part of it alloe a ted to small, environmentally-safe industries, and another part to attraet technologicallyadvanced industries.

Corporation Director General Musa Al Jaghbeer said the project will serve the transit merchants in the King-dom through making avail-able raw material and reducing shipment costs. This, he said, will contribute to developing the transit industry, reduce bureaucratic procedures related to transit and enhance the cargo ability of the Royal Jordanian (RJ).

Mr. Jaghbeer said the corporation is currently studying the prospect of establishing other free zones in various parts of the Kingdom.

HOME NEWS IN BRIEF

Crown Prince offers condolences to Hamarneh family

AMMAN (Petra) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan Wednesday delegated his private advisor Mohammad Al Saqqaf to atteod the funeral of Nabeel Hamarneh and to offer condolences to the family of the

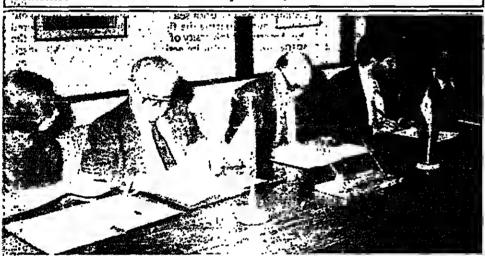
TCC warns late payers

AMMAN (Petra) — The Telecommunicaof subscribers in default as of next Saturday. metre plot.

It also called on those who did not receive their monthly telephone bills to obtain them from any of the TCC centres around the

Minister opens women's Islamic centre

ZARQA (Petra) - Minister of Awqaf and Islamie Affairs Abdul Salam Abbadi Wednesday opeoed in Zarqa city the second Islamic Cultural Centre for Womeo. The minister also opened in Al Zawahreh area in the city tions Corporation (TCC) has asked all sub-scribers to pay their bills as soon as possible JD70,000. The mosque, which can accomnand threatened to disconnect telephone lines date 400 worshippers, was built on an 1,800-



Planning Minister Hisham Khatib (centre) and German Ambassador to Jordan Heinrich Reiners (second from

left) Wednesday sign an agreement on German government support of a waste water project (Petra photo)

Bonn, Amman sign agreement on waste water transfer project

AMMAN (Petra) — Jordan and Germany Wednesday signed an agreement whereby the German government will extend through the German Construction Bank a DM59.5 million soft loan to finance a project to transfer waste water from Amman to the Khir-

bet-Samra treatment plant. .The agreement also stipulates that DM 500,000 will be extended in the form of a grant to finance procedures supporting the project, proused it would be converted

into a loan. The project entails extend-ing a 38-kilometre pipeline from the Ein Ghazal waste water treatment station to the Kbirbet Samra station to avoid flooding at the former.
The two sides also signed

memorandums amending earlier documents signed in February on supporting a project on the use of renewable energy resources carried out by the Royal Scientific Society (RSS) in cooperation

with the German Technical Cooperation Agency (GTZ). The amended memorandums raise the German government's contribution from DM 850,000 to DM 935,000 to cover the costs of experts and secure the needed facilities

for the project. The agreement was signed on behalf of the Jordanian government by Planning Minister Hisham Khatib and on behalf of the German government by Ambassador to Jordan Heinrich Reiders.

Hew institute plans international meeting on 'the human dimensions' of peace talks

By Ian Atalla Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — The Institute of Diplomacy is planning to organise an international conference which will explore the human dimensions of the peace process in the Middle East," according to the institute's president, Mazen Afmoun.

The conference is schediffed to be held in Amman in Nogember, and will take place under the patronage of His Royal Highness Crown Perice Hassan, Dr. Armouti told the Jordan Times

Wednesday. The Institute of Diplomacy is tlewly-established, having been launched by the Crown Prince just this month to serve as a training and information centre for diplomats and institutions in Jordan which deal in international arenas and foreign affairs on a regular basis. Of course, the peace process and its ramifications are



Mazen Armouti

of basic concern to the institute. It is a pivotal issue, said Dr. Armouti

He emphasised, however, that beyond the November conference, it was too early to tell in what ways the new institute might be involved with the peace issue.

Also underway, he said, were plans for a conference on Jordanian-Japanese relations to be held in Tokyo next spring. The second confer-ence will also be held under the patronage of the Crown

In addition to its offering of training programmes for both diplomats and other personnel, the Institute for Diplomacy will also set up a research programme and informatioo centre. Dr. Armouti said.

He emphasised that the institute would focus on 'functional, utilitarian issues" of direct concern to the Kingdom rather than theoretical matters, although the foundation would retain a "semi-academic nature."

In research, said Dr. Armouti. "we will attempt to provide answers to basic research questions which need to be answered for the coun-

try's interests." "We also hope to develop a database which will be a major information centre for the state on matters related to external relations and cooperation," he said.

Minister says no tourism deal with Israel unless commitment is regional, comprehensive

AMMAN (Petra) - Minister of Tourism and Antiquities Mohammad Adwan Wednesday said Jordan will not sign any agreement on tourism with Israel before coordinating with the Palestinians.

At a meeting in his office with the president and members of the Higher Council of the Tourism Industry in the Israeli-occupied West Bank, Dr. Adwan said that during last week's Israeli-Jordanian negotiations, the Jordanian delegation was careful not to make any commitment to the Israelis unless such commitments were made within a compreheosive, regional framework. Dr. Adwan said his minis-

try was ready to help the Palestinians in all areas of tourism, especially that they were currently building their national institutions in the West Bank.

"Yoo represent a good group of tourism institutions which have a great responsi-bility in developing the tourism industry on both sides (of the Jordan River) and achieving progress and growth for this industry in conformity with progress achieved in the peace process," the minister told the delegation.

He stressed the importance of integrating tourism in Jor-dan and the West Bank, pointing to the challenges facing the sector.

President of the West Bank Hotels Society Marwan Al Amad said he was pleased with the talks in Amman and stressed that the Palestinians were keen to work on integrating the tourism sectors in Jordan and Palestine. The two sides agreed to

embark on unifying statutes governing the tourism industry, establishing a databank, exchanging programmes and statistics and participating in international marketing fairs. They also agreed on pub-

lishing a joint pamphlet on religious sites in Jordan and the West Bank to be marketed and distributed jointly in Arab and Islamic coun-



Minister of Tourism and Antiquities Mohammad Adwan Wednesday meets in his office with the president and members

the Higher Council of the Tourism

Ministers discuss Wadi Karak development plans Project seeks to make optimal use of water, agricultural land

KARAK (Petra) — Agricul-ture Minister Mansour Beo Tarif Wednesday said the agricultural sector in Jordan represents about 10 per cent of the gross domestic product (GDP) and that agricultural exports account for 15 per cent of all of Jordan's ex-

Mr. Ben Tarif war speaking at a meeting held in wadi Karak area and attended by the ministers of Public Works and Housing and Water and Irrigation, as well as Karak Governor Khalaf Mahasneh.

several Karak representatives from the Lower House of Parliament and members of a committee that is preparing studies on developing the Wadi Karak agricultural

The minister said Jordan's exports of agricultural produce equal the value of its imports of food supplies.

He said the area of irrigated agricultural lands in the Wadi Karak area stands at 5,000 dunums, adding that 7,000 dunums can be added to the area's development

project after the water situation in the area improves. The minister said the project aims to achieve the cotimal use of irrigation water and agricultural land in

He said the project entails building 20,000 square metres of support walls and maintaining water canals nad agricultural roads, adding that this will cost about JD 1

The project, Mr. Ben Tarif said, will contribute to improving the standard of living by providing job opportunities to citizens in the area. Public Works and Housing

Minister Abdul Razzaq Ensour said this project was vital and requires the coorthe Wadi, which has suffered as a result of soil erosion. dination of all concerned authorities. Dr. Ensour said his minis-

try will conduct maintenance works on 25 kilometres of phalted roads and will open 5 kilometres of roads in the project area at a total cost of JD 850,000 over a two-or three-year period.

Water and Irrigation Minister Saleh Irsheidat described the project as one of the important development schemes in Karak Governo-

Dr. Irsheidat added that the Ministry of Water will, in cooperation with the ministries of Agriculture and public Works and Housing, work plans for implementing all the aspects of the project.

After the meeting, the ministers and the governor toured the Wadi Karak area.

397 pesticide brands registered until 1994

AMMAN. (Petra). - The . number of pesticide brands registered at the Ministry of Agriculture until the beginning of 1994 totalled 397, and the number of factories producing pesticides stood at eight, according to sources at the ministry.

The sources said that the grants permits to licensed companies to import pesticides only after it determines that these pesticides conform to set standards and specifications.

The sources said that the ministry's pesticides section is responsible for registering imported and locallyprodoced pesticides and grants licenses to shops sell-

The section also participates in the works of commit-tees which license pesticide factories in the Kingdom, they added.

The section employees, they said, pay field visits to stores selling pesticides, and gather random samples for in addition, the sources

said, a committee comprising representatives of the ministries of Agriculture and Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment, the University of Jordan, the Royal Scientific Society (RSS), the National Centre for Agriculture Research and the private sector studies and tests pesticides before registering them at the ministry.

Minister Salameh Hammad Wednesday legal, financial and administrative aspects receives a delegation representing the of decentralisation and expanding the United Nations Development Programme decision making base. The UNDP delega-(UNDP) which participated in a workshop tion voiced satisfaction over the outcome on decentralisation in Jordan. The three- of the workshop (Petra photo) day workshop, which concluded in Zarqa



Jordan, Japan look at joint venture prospects

AMMAN (Petra) -Jordanian-Japanese cooperatioo in economic fields was the main issue under discussion Wednesday in a meeting held hetween Amman Chamber of Industry President Khaldoun Abu Hassan and a visiting delegation representing the Japanese Cooperation

Centre. Mr. Abu Hassan reviewed with the visiting team the prospects of launching joint Jordanian-Japanese ven-

He said the first Jordanian-Japanese joiot veoture was a \$300 million fertiliser plant

The two sides reviewed at the meeting the prospect of modernising and developing the transportation system in the Kingdom and electricity and telephone links between the countries of the region. The Inrdanian side sug-

gested that the Japanese invest in exploiting the Dead Sea salts and in activating tourism as an important factor in building bridges of friendship between the peoples of the world through the establishment of a Japanese hotel on the Dead Sea shore.

trade balance between the two countries is currently in favour of Japan because Jordan's exports to Japan stand at JD 16 million against imports of JD 180 millioo. He called on the Japanese side, which represents more

Mr. Abu Hassan said the

than 100 establishments, to help Jordan increase its exports to Japan and other countries. The Japanese delegation

welcomed the Jordanian proposals and requested a list of Jurdanian commodities that can be exported to

WHAT'S GOING ON

Film entitled "Splash" at the American Center on Thursday at 5:00 p.m.

PLAY AND DANCE

- A Children's play entitled "Long Live the Dead Sea" at the Royal Cultural Centre on 6:00 p.m.
- * Performance of Circassian dances at the Royal Cultural Centre on Friday at 8:00 p.m.

ART FESTIVAL

☆ Festival of artistic works (including songs, plays, and an exhibition of various commodities) at the open theatre, the Royal Cultural Centre (5:00 p.m. - 11:00 p.m.).

EXHIBITIONS

- Clothing and fashion industry exhibition at the Intern tional Exhibition Centre, University Road (Tel. 847113).

Signa One Gorgo kilion

REQUEST FOR SUBMISSION OF QUALIFICATIONS

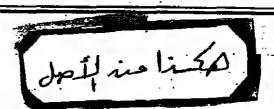
Sigma One Corporation in Research Traingle Park, North Carolina USA invites qualified Jordanian refrigeration and construction contractors to submit a statement of qualifications to be considered for a subcontract to design, consruct and install the necessary facilities and equipment for a refrigerated "Cold Storage Facility" for fresh fruits and vegetables in transit to export markets. The facility will be located at Queen Alia International Airport In Amman. Only qualified Jordanian and United States firms that submit qualification statements in response to this advertizment will be eligible to receive copies of the request for proposals, statements of qualifications must be received at P.O. Box 12836, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina, USA, 27709 no later than SEP 19,1994.

Particulars: The facility is to serve as transient storage for fresh fruits and vegetables to be shipped by air from QAIA. Physical dimensions : approximately 2500 cubic meters of refrigerated space on 500 square meters of surface area. Must maintain inside temperature within 2-4 C. The facility must be designed for efficient throughput of air cargo pallets.

Contractor will be required to review and finalize preliminary designs and equipment specifications, and to submit a not to exceed cost estimate for a ". turn key " type contract, Source and origin of services, materials and equipment must be Jordan or the United States only, Only contractors deemed to be qualified on the basis of prior experience with similar facilities and equipment will be considered for receipt of the formal request for proosal. Final selection will be from a "short-list" of qualified firms, which will be required to demonstrate financial capability to undertake the contract on a cost reimbursement basis.

All interested firms should submit a complete statement of qualifications including names and addresses of references for prior performance on similar projects, General brochures or advertising materials will not be adequate without information on specific information regarding experience with facilities and equipment for modern refrigerated storage for fresh perishable products.

Please note that U.S. Government procurement policies will be strictly observed, and that this advertisement does not obligate Sigma One Corporation to issue a request for propasal not to select the contractor from the respondents to this advertisement. Selection of the contractor would be based on technical and costs considerations.



Polanski should

LOS ANGELES (AFP) — Filmmaker Roman Polanski

should be allowed to return to the United States without going to prison for having unlawful sex with a girl 17

years ago, the victim in the case said. Lawrence Silver,

lawyer for the woman who was 13 years old at the time

of the 1977 incident, said the

criminal charges should be dismissed. "It's in everyone," best interest that this sort

event which occurred now years ago be put to rest and allow the parties to live the

lives as normally as pos-hie," said a statement in leased through the lawyer. But Deputy District Attorney

Roger Gunson said Monda

that authorities were not pre-pared to drop charges of mi-lawful intercourse with

minor against Polanski, with fied to Europe while he was

awaiting sentencing in 1978. "Mr. Polanski will have to

surrender to the court and let

the court decide what should

happen in the case," Mr. Gunson said. Mr. Silver said

the woman, who lives in

Hawaii, had made no offer to

assist in dropping the crimin

al charges in exchange for

settling a civil suit recently for \$225,000. The 61-year-old

Polanski lives in Paris with

his wife; actress Emanuelle

Seigner, and continues to

produce occasional films. His

films include Chinatown aild

SPOKANE, Washington (AFP) — U.S. entertainer Bing Crosby and four other

singers will be featured on a new series of stamps to be

issued next month by the U.S.

postal service. The Crosb

stamp will go on sale Sept. I along with those of singers Al

Jolson, Nat King Cole, Ethel

Waters and Ethel Merman

accepts settlement

for broken neck

SYDNEY (R) — A man who broke his neck while dressed

as a parrot for a television

'Parrot man'

Rosemary's Baby.

Bing Crosby on

new U.S. stamp

be allowed to return to U.S.

Sharif's nuclear bomb claims spark anger in Islamabad, Delhi

ISLAMABAD (AFP) — and India had nuclear bombs.
Former Prime Minister He also warned India Nawaz Sharif's declaration that Pakistan has a nuclear bomb brought an angry response from government leaders Wednesday and increased tension with India.

Mr. Sharif's claim was strongly denied by Pakistani ministers. In New Delhi, the government made no immediate comment, but opposition leaders called for

India to make its own bomb. The Pakistan government officially denied that it had an atomic bomb and Foreign Minister Ahmad Assef Ali accused Mr. Sbarif of acting like an "Indian agent" by 'ating that Pakistan has a nuclear bomb.

 Foreign Ministry spokesman said: "We have the technological capability but we have when a conscious decision not to accept nuclear weapons," __ sau reaction to the controversy cau. a by Mr. Sharif's declaration.

The foreign minister added in an interview with the Mulim newspaper that Mr. Sharif should not be making such controversial remarks because he is a former prime

"Whatever Nawaz Sharif is saying lacks a sense of patriotism," he said. "Nawaz Sharif and his party are behaving like Indian agents."

"We do not possess nuclear weapons and we have no intention of making one," be Mr. Sharif, prime minister

from 1990 to 1993, told a public rally at Neela Butt in

MEXICO CITY (AP) -

Faced with the weakest man-

date of any Mexican leader in

modern times, President-

elect Ernesto Zedillo reached

out to opponents Tuesday to build a "government for

"We are facing a historic

opportunity to create a gov-

ernment for the common

good in which the interests of

all are recognised," said Mr.

He also warned India against launching a nuclear attack against Pakistan. The two countries have fought three wars since 1947, with Kashmir a particular bone of contention.

The independent Pakistan Press International (PPI) news agency quoted him as saying, "I confirm that Pakistan possesses an atom

Pakistan continually denies ternational suspicions that it has a bomb. But the Sharif accusations come at a bad time, as it has already been implicated in the recently discovered traffic of plutonium through Germany.

Western experts believe that even if Pakistan does not have a bomb, it could get one ready at very short short notice and has only held back out of political or safety con-

A former chief of staff, Mirza Aslam Beg, said in May that Pakistan had the bomb since 1987 but that the ted States had turned a and eye up to 1990.

Washington wanted Isla-Afghanistan War np to 1990, when military and technical assistance was snspended over the suspected nuclear

The question is at the centre of an ongoing dispute between Mr. Sharif and his successor as prime minister, Benazir Bbutto, as both try to show that they are better able to cope with internation-

Zedillo vows government for all

in Mexico; victory is challenged

ballots counted, Mr. Zedillo

bad 50 per cent of the vote,

an insurmountable lead over

his rivals, but the lowest per-

centage ever for a ruling par-

But the roling party

appeared headed for its usual

smashing victory in legislative

races. Television Azteca said

its survey showed the PRI

winning in 279 of 300 con-

gressional races and in nearly

Another 200 Congress and 32

the 64 Senate races.

ty presidential candidate.

programme last November in an attempt to appeare the U.S. authorities. But she implied that Mr. Sharif was to blame, in an attempt to soothe public opinion that considers the programme a matter of national pride.

In India, Mr. Sharif's comments sparked an uproar in parliament, where ruling party and opposition MPs sought government response.

Parliamentary Affairs Minister Vidya Charan Shukla said "considering the sensitive nature of the subject, I will have a word with the prime minister and the speaker before the matter can be discussed."

Mr. Sharif's admission "is an open challenge to India," said Chandrajit Yadav, a cen-

But a spokesman for the ruling Congress (I) Party said India would not go nuclear despite the Sharif revela-We do not have a nuclear

weapon and will not produce one," Congress spokesman Vithal Gadgi said here. The country's main opposi-

tion Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP, Indian People's Party) demanded that India should muclear to counter threats from Pakistan. India, which exploded a nuclear device in 1974, also

says it does not bave a bomb. In June, however, Prime Minister P.V. Narasimha Pao said India would keep its nuclear options open.
At a press briefing in Isla-

mahad, a Foreign Office spokesman said the govern-Ms. Bbutto announced a ment bad not received an freeze on Pakistan's nuclear "authentic version" of Mr.

The Sunday vote was wide-

ly seen as a watershed in Mexican politics, long-dominated by the Institution-al Revolutionary Party

(PRI), which has held the

presidency since its founding

A rebellion in the southern

state of Chiapas, the assas-

sination of the PRI's previous

presidential candidate, dis-

content over electoral cor-

ruption and calls for greater

democracy had shaken the

PRI's 65-year grip on power.

This is a political statement by a politician and it must be seen in that perspective," the spokesman said. pointing out that the former prime minister did not make such a statement when he was

He reiterated the official position that Islamabad had taken a "sovereign" decision not to make an atomic bomb although it had "acquired" the capability to do so during "the development of its peaceful nuclear program-

In Vienna) the U.N. nuclear safeguards agency said Wednesday it was unable to comment on a report that Pakistan has the atom bomb because Islamabad does not allow inspections of its nuclear sites.

We cannot comment either on the statement by the former prime minister or the denial by the govern-ment," International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) spokesman David Kyd said.

Pakistan, like India and Israel, has not signed the nuclear non-proliferation treaty (NPT) or a safeguards agreement, allowing the IAEA to verify an inventory of a state's declared nuclear materials.

Pakistan, India and Israel are members of the IAEA. They are three most notable absentees from the NPT structure and hence do not have comprehensive safeguards agreements with as permitting inspections of their nuclear facilities," Mr. Kyd added.

Rebels:

Tighter

sanctions

Angola talks

LISBON (R) — The Angolan rebel movement UNITA

threatened Wednesday to

withdraw from peace talks

with the government if the

U.N. Security Council im-

posed additional sanctions

The warning was issued in

communique released by

UNITA's representatives

abroad after a two-day meet-

ing in Paris with General

Paulo Lukumba Gato, a special envoy of UNITA leader Jonas Savimbi.

of a second package of sanc-tions would lead to an altera-

tion of the present political framework, and the de facto

annulment of Bicesse and the

negotiating process in Lusa-ka," the UNITA envoys said.

The eventual application

will halt

Pakistan's former Prime Minister Nawaz Butt in Sharif addresses a public meeting at Neela photo)

Albania seeks international mediation in crisis with Greece

TIRANA (AFP) — President Sali Berisha has called for international mediation after the long-running crisis between Greece and Albania took a sharp turn for the worse, raising fears of a new Balkan conflict, according to reports here Wednesday.
"We are proposing dia-logue (with Athens) in the

presence of a third party, whether it be the CSCE, the European Union president (currently Germany), the United States, or another country," Albanian newspapers quoted Mr. Berisha as saying after a meeting with a senior official from the Con-

ference on Security and Cooperation in Europe (CSCE), Max Van Der Stoel. Mr. Van Der Stoel is the CSCE Higb Commissioner for Minorities.

On Tuesday, Albanian Ambassador in Washington Lublin Dilja appealed to the United States and other North Atlantic Treaty Organisation members to put diplomatic pressure on Greece to balt what he described as anti-Albanian provocation. alle spoke hours after

Albania withdrew its amhassador from Greece and after a Greek pilot reportedly dropped leaflets into Albania Sunday calling on the population to overthrow their gov-

Tension between the two countries, which dates back to the dissolution of the Otto-man Empire at the beginning of the century, has flared repeatedly in the past few years following the collapse of communism — mainly over ethnic and territorial

Relations worsened dramatically when five Greek minority leaders went on trial here on Aug. 15 on charges

Kim Jong II is "locked in power struggle"

TOKYO (AFP) - Kim Jong-Il is locked in a power struggle in Pyongyang to suc-ceed his father, a senior Rus-sian official said bere Wednesday as a Western diplomat confirmed reports of a leaflet protest in the North Korean capital.

Yevgeni Bazhanov, deputy head of the Academy of Foreign Affairs in the Russian Foreign Ministry, said the North Korean regime would fall even if it began economic reforms, Kyodo News Service reported.

Mr. Bazhanov, who based his power struggle analysis on reports from North Koreans living in Russia, said there was opposition in the Stalinist North to Kim Jong-IL.

He added that no matter which road North Korea ment would fall as Eastern Europe's Communist regimes crumbled.

Kim Il-Sung groomed his son for many years to take over. He bas been hailed as a 'Great leader, but since the elder Kim died on July 8, speculation has grown at the failure of Kim Jong-Il to be officially named North Korean president and party secretary general.

However, Russian sources added that Pyongyang had seemed exceptionally calm in

recent days with little evidence of a leadership

Reports of leaflets being left in the diplomatic compound in Pyongyang were the first sign of dissidence. And a German embassy spokesman in Tokyo confirmed Wednesday that "leaflets were thrown" in the grounds of several embassie

But he added that the two German diplomats stationed in Pyongyang had not seen the leaflets and did not know what they contained. The spokesman refused to say in which embassy grounds the tracts were found

news agency, quoting diplomatic sources, said tracts calling for the overthrow of Kim Jong-Il were left at the Diplomats here said the

South Korea's Yonhap

situation in the North was difficult to gauge, adding that information from the South should be treated with cau-

But Sunday, South Korean official monitors said Pyongyang radio reports had re-ferred to "falling prey to treacherous conspirators... if we fail to solve the succession

And Yonhap's report said the timing of the broadcast would indicate that it had been in response to the leaflet drop. And the power struggle in-

dications have been accompanied by speculation about Mr. Kim's health. There have been two references indicating that the younger Kim might be suffer-

ing serious health problems. The first was by the North Korean News Agency (KCNA), talking about Mr. Kim's 'ganniness.' A Japanese news agency account of him declining a

health trip to China. But on Wednesday, the official North Korean Worker's Daily newspaper wrote of the 'The indestructible, organic link between the leader and the people."

Quoted by the Korean Central News Agency, moniforce on earth can break this integral whole in which the great leader and the people share the destiny all the time."

The dear leader Conirade Kim Jong-II who has fully inherited all the nobel virtues and qualities of the fatherly leader (Kim II-Sung) is the great leader who is leading the Korean people to victory. firmly standing at the head of the party, the state and the revolutionary armed forces,"

game show has accepted an out-of court settlement for damages, the show's producer, Grundy Entertainment, said Wednesday. Christopher Harvey, 41, was employed by Grandy to try out games of the It's A Knockout show, popular in the United King dem and Australia in the 1980s, and to show competitors how to play. But while testing a game called early hirds nine years ago, the beak of his lime-green costume broke as he dived through a hoop to collect a worm. His chin nit the floor, breaking his neck. Harvey, a former top squash player, told the New South Wales Supreme Court that he underwent a neck operation and needed four weeks in hospital, and three months recuperating at home after the incident and has lost the use of his right arm. A spokeswoman for Grundy said the matter was settled out of court Wednesday but the terms would not be disclosed.

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Nuce thief snatches woman's handbag

TOKYO (R) — A nude thick startled a Japanese woman is an apartment block and robbed her of 25,000 yen (\$250); police said Wednesday. The woman, 46, was riding as elevator to visit a friend on the sixth floor of a building in Fukuoka, sonthern Japane. Fukuoka, sonthern Japany when it stopped unexpectedly on the second floor and the door jammed open. As she got of the lift to walk up the? stairs, a naked man -a thought to be in his early 20s imped out from a comes and snatched her handbage

Police think the thief may have tampered with the elevator. They said it was the thief using nudity as a tactica.

Urination victim: serves notice on ... sports official

DHAKA (AFP) — A Bang-ladeshi athlete, angered by being urinated on by a soccerfan, has served a legal notice, on the Bangladesh Sport control. Board (BSCB), a newspaper reported. In his notice, leading Judoka Hasanuzzaman, asked the BSCB to ensure within one month that such incidents were not repeated; the Banglar Bani daily saids: Mr. Hasanuzzaman was shor wered with urine last week when he was passing by Dhakka'a main stadiom galled; where a soccer game was in

Japan promises positive measures on comfort women

MANILA (R) - Prime

.These would include the setting up of vocational training centres for Filipino women in general, Philippine and Japanese officials told reporters.

They were speaking after talks between the Socialist prime minister, here at the start of a four-nation Asian tour, and Philippine President Fidel Ramos.

Murayama's remarks as an expression "of remorse and apology", the officials said.
There was no mention of direct compensation for the surviving so-called "comfort

Japanese officials accom-panying Mr. Murayama have said survivors must pursue any compensation claims through Japan's courts as the government believes it has no legal obligations to them.

Murayama bad also promised that young Japanese would learn the truth about their country's wartime past.

measures to deliver the true historical facts to the younger Japanese people," said Kishichiro Amae, deputy press secretary at the Japanese Foreign Ministry. Philippine Foreign Affairs Undersecretary Rodolfo Severino said: "The prime

minister noted that next year

would be the 50th

anniversary of the end of the

Pacific War. He said it was important for Japan to face the past with respect to the countries of Asia, including the Philippines." Japanese troops occupied much of Asia during World

War II, committing widespread atrocities against opposing armies and civilian populations. Japanese school textbooks,

bowever, gloss over this aspect of history and have in the past portrayed the imperial army as waging a war of liberation on behalf of Asian peoples colonised by Western powers. Mr. Murayama also said

Japan would assist with historical research projects in Asia "to facilitate Japan's facing history squarely".

About 30 former "comfort-

women", demonstrated near Malacanang Presidential Palace where Mr. Ramos and Mr. Murayama met, waving placards demanding individual compensation. "Japanese government good in words but not in

deed," said one placard.
"We are old. We do not reporters.

women, most of them Koreans but also Filipinos, Chinese, Taiwanese, Indonesians and Dutch, were forcibly recruited by the imperial army during the war to provide sex for their troops.

thed official documents linking the government to the

Dozens of children born to Filipino mothers and abandoned by their Japanese

fathers rallied outside the Philippine Genera! Hospital during a visit by Mr. Murayama. Japanese government aid helped pay for renovation of the hospital.

During his talks with Mr. Ramos, Mr. Murayama acknowledged the problem of the children and said his government would investigate

Sunday to a six-year term. Senate seats will be divided by parties' vote share. With 88.5 per cent of the Senate stalled over Clinton crime bill WASHINGTON (R) --President Bill Clinton's crime bill remained stalled in the Senate Wednesday as Demo-

crats and Republicans accused each other of playing politics with the controversial Republicans are blocking

final passage of the \$30 billion bill until Democrats agree to consider further The Democrats say Repub-

licans are trying to kill the measure because the National Rifle Association strongly opposes its ban on 19 types of semiautomatic assault Senate Republican leader

Bob Dole Tuesday offered 13

proposed amendments to cut

Democrat, said amending the bill would send it back to the House of Representatives, where it might be changed

He said he would consider the Republican amendments as a separate bill later if they agreed to vote on the crime bill now and send it to Mr. Clinton for signature into

"All we're asking for is a chance to vote on the bill," Sen. Mitchell said.

"It is clear that some will stop at nothing to kill the crime hill," added California Democrat Dianne Feinstein. A senior White House official said: "We continue to

want a bipartisan bill. It passed the last time in the Senate by 94 to 4. It had even more bipartisan support in the House. But if you open it up,

the Senate's 4. Republicans
— enough to block final passage of the bill if their request was turned down. Under Senate rules, sup-

porters of the bill would need 60 votes to overturn a point of order Republicans say they may raise, meaning 41 votes would sustain it. Clinton's Democrats bave only a 56-44

Senate majority.

Mr. Clinton revived the bill in the House after it looked dead by agreeing with moderate Republicans to cut \$3 billion in crime prevention they opposed and approving stricter punishments. Tuesday, he asked Senate Republicans for help.

Pollsters say crime is the top public concern among Americans and there is strong election-year pressure to pass a tough bill. If Repub-licans block it, they may risk giving Democrats major leverage in Nov. 8 elections to renew all 435 House seats and 35 of the 100 Senate

Minister Tomiichi Murayama promised the Philippines Wednesday that Japan would take positive steps to show its remorse for the Asian women whom Japanese troops used as sex slaves in World War II.

Mr. Ramos welcomed Mr.

women.

The officials said Mr.

"The Murayama government is going to take some

need the women's centre. Give us individual compensation," one of the women told About 200,000 comfort

The Japanese government repeatedly denied their existence until historians unear-

Japanese Prime Minister Tomiichi Murayama toast champagne glasses during a state ban-(left) and Philippine President Fidel Ramos quet reception at Malacanang Palace (AFP)

The children, accompanied by their mothers who had worked in Japanese night clubs, carried welcome signs and placards reading: "Japanese blood runs in our veins. Please recognise us."
The protesters made no specific demands of Japan.

Manila is seeking Tokyo's assistance for 605 children of Japanese-Filipino parentage. About 100,000 Filipnas work in Japan as entertainers, many of them ending up as prostitutes.

what it could do.

the hill's crime prevention programmes and toughen its punishment provisions. you kill it." "We want a tough crime bill." Sen. Dole told repor-Sen. Dole said he doubted ters. "Why not negotiate with Republicans would accept Sen. Mitchell's counter-offer. But majority leader He said a letter asking for and George Mitchell, a Maine changes was signed by 41 of slots.

Simpson lawyers accuse prosecutors

of trying to 'burn up' DNA evidence LOS ANGELES (AP) - samples until all prosecution Defence lawyers accused prosecutors of trying to "burn up" all the DNA evidence in the O.J. Simpson case by over-testing it so there won't be any left for Simpson's

team to examine. Attorney Gerald Uelmen said prosecutors acted in bad faith by failing to immediately disclose the existence of some blood samples and are now trying to use up the evidence through over-

"Your honour needs to

consider if what is at issue

here is a sophisticated game

plan to hum up the evidence

before we can do independent tests," Mr. Uelmen told Superior Court Judge Lance But Deputy District Attorney Lisa Kahn urged the judge to deny the defence blood has the same genetic request for eccess to blood makeup as blood found at the

tests are completed.

Judge Ito wrapped up the two-day hearing saying he would rule Friday.
Simpson, 47, has pleaded

Also Tuesday, KNBC-TV reported that hair found in a knit cap at the murder scene is consistent with hair police removed from Simpson's bead. The television station said FB1 forensic technicians in Washington compared the

innocent to the June 12 killings of his ex-wife Nicole Brown Simpson and her friend Ronald Goldman. The former football hero's trial is scheduled to start on Sept.

samples under a microscope. The KNBC-TV report

came a day after the prosecu-

tion revealed that DNA test

results showed Simpson's

Simpson's lawyers attacked the reliability of the DNA evidence Tuesday, suggesting police bungled blood collection,

mislabeled a sample and assigned inexperienced techmicians to the case. Under defence questioning, one police criminalist acknowledged mislabeling a blood sample and another said she was still a trainee when she collected evidence.

Testimony by the trainee, Andrea Mazzola, snggested she began collecting blood samples from Simpson's

driveway honrs before a search warrant was issued. She said she arrived at 7 a.m. on June 13, met with detectives who pointed out items of interest and "proceeded to have them photographed and collected." The search warrant was issued at 'Polanski sho_{lil} 9 be allowed to return to U.S. OS ANGELES (AF Ilmmaker Roman Pos hould be allieved to be o the United States of o the Chinese Success for inlawful Sex with a prison for be cars ago, the vidin ase said. Lawrence & iwyer for the works: wyer with the works of the 1977 incident. diminal charges thou diminal charges thou ismissed, it is never est interest that this k year which described as

dars ago be put to fine down the parties to fine yes as mornially a parties to fine down the parties of the parties are the first the first terminal to the first terminal ter act in the last at Defret Alac oger successed not at authorities were not ifed to drop charges of White intercourse with ino, aga na injuniti. ic to Europe will be falling sentencing in parties. Potential will have render to the counter woman, who he LAGOS (AFP) — Lagos reist in coupling the mental shortages Wednesday

charges in exchang despite strong measures by thing the charge junts to break the back of size (b) the charge a crappling eight-week oil intuned the to fair transity strike aimed at bringwife, actres, Emana ing an end to military rule, gales, and coming Petroleum Resources dues acceptant film Minister Don Etiebet in hard-as Constrong announced in a morning semury's bany ng Greedyon gmare 2.Li w DEANE. Weshing Etiebet met executives of the eight major oil marketing

g t tosh) and four of pompanies and later told the ferr will be featured a pro-government Daily Times serie, of stamps in henceforth to supply fuel to the workies. The Cree the general public in priority in will go on sale series over industry, the paper reg wan those of singent ported Wednesday.

But most filling stations in ore it at it had Cole 🖽 . ur in in in der≖ ercinal

that managed to obtain sup-Pies, with motorists jostling Broken neck for place, residents said. NEV 2 - A make crations after a month-long e his neck walle and strike, but diems said they show her recent skeleton service despite a Show has screptle af court settlement in justs to restore normal seriges, the thoris pro-Rumay Untersames their licences. V Tansonia Most were opening for

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. __ 1 din ials said Wednesday. The two were detained HERENE CHENKE mand from the Sunday by agents of the Table 1 (1-0) 45 will distribute 2 Pohed 1988 to be in his early doction and whee her hard told AFP. State Section (1984) par J with the By Ed a Wa they had hearly

The spokesman, Alexei Petrenko, said the uranium-208 was confiscated and an investigation into the theft as opened. ITAR-TASS news agency

described the suspects as memployed criminals" but gave no further details on their identities.

A chief component of nnc-Ear weapons is uranium-235. TAR-TASS quoted Russian experts as saying that the ighaesh Spot (98). S. B. a newspot In his notice, lead unium-238 seized after the arrests was an isotope used only in the production of domic energy and had no

The experts from the firm nionth that said Resenergoatom also noted that manium-238 is traded r Bari daily sale openly by specialists orga-relations and sells in Russia nezaman was web h urine last phr as passing by Dhr studium galed studium was h for between \$100 and \$200 per kilogramme in Russia. The Arzamas-16 site is a

dosed nuclear research and



witnesses said, amid sus-tained political tension. Unidentified assailants stoned the minister of works and housing, Lateef Jakande, as he was attending a funeral ceremony in central Lagos Tnesday, press reports said Wednesday. Mr. Jakande was formerly a close associate and suppor-

ter of Moshood Abiola, the jailed opposition leader to whom the striking oil unions and pro-democracy activists want General Sani Abacha's junta to hand power. Gen. Abiola was arrested

and put on trial for treason after be declared himself bead of state in June, the first anniversary of a presidential election staged and then voided by the military last

In the past week, the reg-ime has dissolved the leadership of the two powerful oil and gas industry unions and threatened workers with the sack if they fail to resume their jobs immediately.
It also called on willing

retired employees in the sector to come forward and take over the work, in a bid to restore normalcy in supplies of petroleum products which are both domestically vital and the country's main export carner.

The junta has appointed civilian administrators to take

ions and arrested the secretary-general of the National Union of Petroleum and Natural Gas Workers (NUPENG), Ahmad Jalingo, judicial sources said.

The court will on that date bear a challenge by NUPENG that the dissolution of its leadership was "illegal," the judge ruled.
Consideration of the case of
the other union, PENGASSAN, was held over for procedural reasons.

Oil industry sources said the action of workers made delivering petrol an almost impossible task. Three of the nation's four

refineries, damaged or shut as a result of the strike, will take a few weeks to put back into operation despite the oil minister's assurances that the situation would return to normal by next week, they

Meanwhile Mr. Abiola marked his 57th birthday Wednesday with a message calling for "national recon-

The Muslim millionaire businessman, presumed to have won a presidential poll held and then annulled by the military junta in June last year, called for the establishment of democracy in his message published by the

"I regret the harrowing experiences and deprivation we are all currently passing through before the glorious dawn of a new Nigeria where true freedom, genuine demo-cracy, respect for the rule of law and dignity of man shall reign supreme across the length and breadth of our fatherland," he said.

"I hold no malice against anyone," declared Mr. Abiola, according to the pro-government Daily Times, which reported that be said he had forgiven "all who might think that they have offended me while extending my hands of fellowship in the true spirit of national reconciliation.

In the Vanguard newspaper, Isiaka Adetunji Adelelo. former civilian governor of Osun state to the southwest, called the politician, who has broad support in Lagos and the southwestern Yoruba regions, the "Moses of our time."

Several newspapers printed pages of birthday message and tributes to Mr. Abiola, wbom the military has refused to release.

His trial is due to resume in the federal capital Abuja on Aug. 29. The government has

arrested a top oil union leader and other pro-democracy activists.

Former Rwandan government troops want to join new army

the former Rwandan government army are among hundreds of Hotus returning from the U.N.-protected "safe zone" in the southwest and some even say they want to join the country's new

Tutsi dominated army.
U.N. Gbanaiai seacekeepers said some 500 people, including one truck of soldiers, passed through their eheckpoint on Tuesday on their way to government-controlled Rwanda.

The Ghanaians took control of the safe zone after the withdrawal of French forces

on Aug. 22.
The Ghanaians thoroughly searched the soldiers, most still in their ragged uniforms, before letting them travel on to the next eheckpoint manned by Rwanda Patriotie Front (RPF) troops.

"This lot turned up in a truck and said they wanted to join up. We have been checking them for weapons and we will send them on their way," a Ghanaian officer told reporters.

None of the soldiers feared detention or punishment at the bands of the RPF, the officer added. The RPF says the former Hutu government orchestrated a campaign to wipe out minority Tutsis.
"We have been looking

after the security of the re-fugees," former Corporal Ferdiaand Nkurikiyumukiza, a returnee, told Reuters,

"Now it is time to join their (the RPF) army so we can continue to serve our country. They have said we are welcome," he added. Col. Nkurikiyumkiza

served for four years in the Paracommando Regiment but became disenchanted with his leaders after April's massacres in which an esti-mated 500,000 people, main-ly Tutsis and Hutu govern-ment opponents, were killed.

"The (former) government are liars. Everything we have been told is untrue. The RPF are not killers, they are soldiers like us only they are better."

The Tutsi-dominated RPF bas pledged not to seek revenge for massacres of Tutsis and moderate Hutus blamed on the former, defeated Hutu government. The RPF instead wants an

international tribunal set up to try those suspected to have taken part in the killings.
A second U.N. ebeckpoint at Kitabi in the centre of the safe zone reported negligible movement west towards

returning from Cyangugu to U.N. officials were oprimistic that a third refugee

WASHINGTON (R) -

President Bill Clinton is con-

current U.S. policy, up to

20,000 Cubans are allowed to

emigrate to the United

States, but that because of

immigration procedures only

said Wednesday.

Zaire and increasing numbers



tragedy — following Benako in Tanzania and Goma in Zaire — had been avoided in Bukavu where only 40,000 have crossed.

The U.N. military spokesman, Major Jean-Guy Plante, told reporters: "Slowly but surely the signs are that what we. UNAMIR (the U.N. Assistance Mission In Rwanda), the NGOs (nongovernmental aid organisations) and the (U.N. aid agencies), have put in place is

working. "There is still a long way 10 go but, if the situation remains calm as now, then

things are looking up. The final death toll in the bloodbath to Rwanda could be more than one million, a U.N. official said Wednes-

day. Charles Petrie, deputy coordinator of the U.N. Rwanda Emergency Office (UNREO) told Reuters: "I don't think one million would

be an exaggerated figure."

Rwanda's new Tutsidominated army had committed retribution killings in parts of the country but ministers promise to clamp down, the U.N.'s special en-

voy said Wednesday. Ambassador Shahyar Khan told a news conference in the Kenyan capital Nairobi that the Rwanda Patriotic Front (RPF) government had detained 60 of its troops suspected of having taken part in killings.

'It is not a general pattern. It is not a terror campaign but there have been occasions of retributional killings," Mr. Khan said.

Mr. Khan's statement comes four days after a group of relief agencies said it had uncovered evidence that RPF fighters had massacred Hutu

refugees returning home. The group, which included the Dutch disaster relief agency Novib, two Zairean groups and a Rwandan col-lective, has drawn up a report based on interviews with four wounded Rwandans who say they survived mass execu-

The witnesses said they had observed the deaths of hundreds of men, women and children systematically hacked to death by RPF fighters operating in the Virung a Wildlife Park separting northwest Rwanda from

Mr. Khan's statement is certain to undermine efforts by the Kigali government to halt the continuing exodus of tens of thousands of Hutu refugees into Zaire where they have wound up in dismal, disease-ridden camps.

Mr. Khan said U.N. officials had compiled a report on the killings and submitted it to various agencies involved in investigating massacres of which erupted in Rwanda after the April 6 killing of military strongman Juvenal Habyarimana.

Yeltsin aide Sebastopol unlikely to join Russia —

MOSCOW (AFP) - The Ukrainian port of Sebastopol is unlikely to become part of Russia despite a controversial wore by the city's council, a key adviser to Russian President Boris Yeltsin said here

radio broadcast that the gov-

ernment would provide

security for tanker drivers un-

willing to take supplies to fuel

But most filling stations in Lagos remained empty and chaotic quenes of traffic

formed in front of the few

Banks have resumed op-

day's ultimatum from the

vices by Wednesay or lose

stations for fear of attack.

Russia's Black Sea Fleet has been based in Sebastopol since the days of the former Soviet Union.

Delicate negoriations are currently underway between Kiev and Moscow over who now owns it following Ukraine's declaration of independence in 1991. Vice-president of the pres-

idential policy-studies unit, Mark Ornov, said Tuesday's vote by Sehastopol City Council "had no legal value." the Interfax agency reported. Russia recognised frontiers within the Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS) could not be altered said Mr. Ornov, adding Moscow respected the territorial integrity of all CIS member states.

The presidential advisor said Russia "wanted to resolve the question of access for the Black Sea Fleet in the best fashion possible." Moscow was determined to solve the problem by negotiation, he continued.

Sebastopol City Council's

vote followed what was described as a "covert referendum" taken on June 26, the same day as Ukraine's presidential election, when 89 per cent of the city voted in favour of "maintaining Sebastopol's status as the main base for the Russian fleet in the Black Sea," the council said.

The Sebastopol decision received a frosty response in Kiev Tnesday.

Piotr Lelik, an adviser to Ukrainian President Leonid Kuchma, rejected the request which he said was an attempt to "torpedo" the current fleet ownership negotiations.

Mr. Knchma has "no intention of taking radical measures which would lead to a suspension of the negotiations," Mr. Lelik said. Ukraine marks the third anniversary of its proclama-

tion of independence Wednesday in a sombre mood, its new leader determined to show that he means business about changing people's miserable lives.

But President Leonid Kuchma, elected last month, took a back seat as rhe

celebrations got under way. He sat in silence during a ceremony Tuesday evening as the country's second political figure - Socialist Parliament Chairman Olexander Moraz - made a blatantly political speech on the country's future.

Even U.S. President Bill Clinton took a more prominent place, appearing on the main television news with a message of congratulations. Mr. Kucha was shown only presenting state awards.

Television also repeatedly showed footage of the ecsta-tie scenes in the Kiev parliament after the 1991 proclamation of independence in the aftermath of the failed bardline Kremlin eoup against Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev.

2 arrested in uranium theft from Russian site

development centre in the MOSCOW (AFP) — Russian Urais believed by Western authorities have arrested two experts to produce nuclear people caught stealing 9.5 ilogrammes of uranium products for both civilians from the Arzamas-16 secret and military use. The announcement of the miclear site in the Urals, offiarrests came a day after experts at Russia's leading nuc-

lear research institute warned tbat, contrary to official iederal counterintelligence statements, theft of nuclear ervice in a joint operation materials was possible in with the Interior Ministry and Russia due to madequate Ecurity officials at the site. security systems. a Interior Ministry spokes-It also came after top Russian and German intelligence chiefs agreed to step up cooperation to prevent interna-

tional smuggling of weaponsgrade nuclear materials. German customs agents seized 350 grammes of weapons-grade plutonium in Munich on Aug. 10 from passengers travelling aboard regular Lufthansa flight

from Moscow. It was the third of four seizures in Germany of nuclear substances since May and Western experts have strongly suggested that at least some of the materials seized in Germany originated

in Russia. Russia had denied this and accused the West of orchestrating a propaganda cam-paign designed to gain control over Russian muclear

production. At a news conference Tuesday, experts at the Kurchatovski Institute. Russia's most prestigious atomie research centre near central Moscow, rejected official assertions that nuclear smnggling from Russia was not

"As people who work in

science we understand that 'absoluteness' never occurs.' Nikolai Ponomaryev-Stepnoi, the institute's vicepresident, said.
"We believed that the system of monitoring and reg-

istering nuclear materials must be improved" in Russia, he added. Two other top experts from the institute present at the news conference, Andrei Gagarinaki and Nikolai Bondaryev, also sighted "flaws"

in Russia's systems of

accounting and controlling

nuclear substances. In addition to physical shortcomings, the issue of security at Russia's civilian and military nuclear installations is also fraught with political and economic intighting. A scientist at the institution told AFP Tnesday that experts there were angered at not having been invited to attend the weekend talks berween the top German and Russian intelligence officials

who discussed nuclear smuggling.
"The best nuclear experts in Russia are here ... that is a fact," said the scientist who

asked not to be named. Mr. Ponomavyev-Stepnoi also noted that the institute was close to signing contracts with, a number of foreign firms specialising in nuclear safety, including a company based at the U.S. nuclear research centre at Los Ala-

The institute has been at odds with the Ministry of Atomic Energy on a number of nuclear policy issues in recent years.

It has notably been opposed by the ministry in calls for the closure of firstgeneration civilian reactors like those at the Chemobyl plant in Ukraine that are still in use in Russia.

Meanwhile Germany and Russia have agreed to increase control at airports and on land routes in an attempt to curb trafficking in radioactive materials, German secret service coordinator Bernd Schmidbaner said Wednes-The two nations agreed to

"close the door on the theft and transport of this material," Mr. Schmidbauer said on the German information television station NTV. he did not specify where exactly the new controls would be

the increased controls to

Clinton considers easing rules on Cubans sidering changes to make it easier for Cubans to legally emigrate to the United States, White House Press Secretary Dee Dee Myers Ms. Myers said that under

5,000 actually reach U.S. shores. "We are reviewing it," Ms. Myers said of possible changes. "That is an option."
"We're looking at ways to streamline the existing im-migration process." Ms. Myers rold reporters, stressing that no final decisions have been reached.

Cuban leader Fidel Castro bave long complained that complex U.S. immigration practices encourage Cubans to try to reach the United States in boats, rather than wait to be approved by legal

The review of U.S. policy was aimed at encouraging Cubans to wait, rather than continue to try to reach the United States by sea.

Coast Guard pitted up more than 300 Cubans Wednesday morning after hitting a new high of 3,252 the day before, authorities said.

Tuesday's total was the

highest in a single day since

the 1980 Mariel boatlift, and the exodus from Cuba showed no sign of letting up despite the United States' new closed-door policy toward the refugees. As of 8:30 a.m. (1230 GMT), 318 Cubans had been plueked from the Florida Straits, said Petty Officer Jeff

No agreement has been All the Cubans rescued by announced. the Coast Guard Wednesday were en route to the U.S. naval base at Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, in line with the



A group of Cuban refugees with their inner tube rafts tied together wave to a U.S. Coast Guard helicopter on patrol over the Florida Straights. Despite the changes in U.S. refugee

them there until other safe havens can be found in the region, Mr. Hall said. The White House has predicted the number of re-

new U.S. policy of interning

fugees will dwindle as word of the new policy, including indefinite detention, spreads in Cuba. But the closed door has

shown no sign of stemming the flow. Some Cubans say the journey is worth the risk because they believe they only will stay at Gnantanamo briefly before being allowed into the

United States or sent to a

third country. The administration scrambled Tuesday to find other options to bandle the outpouring, asking a dozen countries in the region to provide refuge for the Cubans and the some 14,000 Haitians held in another refugee camp at the naval base.

The influx threatened to swamp the 10,000 spaces for Cubans that Defence Secretary William Perry had said

their country in anything that Goats (AFP

Guantanamo would hold. The first Cuban boat people were taken ashore at Guantanamo Monday and that number was expected to reach 6,000 within a day or

Given the numbers of refugees that are being picked up, authorines are considering providing more places at the base, Pentagon spokesman Doug Kenneti said.

The New York Times reported Wednesday that an option under consideration was expanding capacity to accommodate more than 16,000 Cubans. The expansion would be done by clearing beachfront to hold tents and sleeping bags.

Expanding facilities at Guantanamo won't be desirably, pleasant or cheap," one official was quoted as saying. The administration is planning to have the 10,000 accommodations for Cubans

ready by Saturday. Mr. Clinton held a latenight White House meeting with advisers, including Mr Perry, Attorney General Janei Reno and Deputy

Secretary of State Strobe Talbott to review options.

The New York Times said that in addition to an expansion of the Guantanamo facilities, officials at the meeting considered the option of a reviewing an emergency contingency plan developed in the 1980s after the Mariel

The classified plan includes distributing refugees in military hases and other federal facilities around the United States so that Florida is not unduly burdened, the daily said.

"If you get 150,000 people coming out of Cuba you may have to look at all times of options," an official told the

Times. In a related development, the White House said in a statement it will send a delegation of senior officials to south Florida Wednesday at the request of Florida Governor Lawton Chiles to consult with the community ab-

out the Cuban influx. The Miami area has the largest concentration of Cuban exiles outside Cuba.

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Back to 'old' school?

IN TWO days time, tens of thousands of young Jordanians will be heading back to school. The minority of those will return to class rooms after an attractive summer vacation full of activities. The majority of the students, however, will have spent the past months unable to fill leisure time usefully due to the lack of facilities available for most middle and lower class people. For the latter group, as well as for their parents, the holiday might as well be a burden. The parents had to put np with children who had nothing to do; the children turned the streets into playgrounds. The summer holiday was a boredom, a time wasted, young energies not given the chance to express themselves in a constructive way.

The schools to which the children will return will also offer different environments.

The lucky minority will go back to airconditioned, well-equipped classrooms in private schools that will captivate the children who people them. Teachers there will, as required by their management, go out of their way to make the kids feel welcome. For most of those students, another year of enjoyable and rewarding learning will begin.

But such is not the case for the majority of Jordanians. The classrooms will be overcrowded, teaching aids not available and the hot August summer quenching all enthusiasm to start the new scholastic year in the right frame of mind. In these schools, the feeling of frustration will be shared by the teachers. These are the pillars of the educational process who feel forgotten by the system. They are underpaid, they are overworked, and many of them are waiting for the chance to leave this job to a better place of work. Those teachers will not go out of their way to welcome the children back.

That the educational system is declining is clear, like the case indeed is in so many other countries, including in the developed world. The results of the Tawjihi exam with more than 50 per cent failing speak volumes for the deterioration that has crept into the educational system. But no action seems to be planned to remedy the

The political changes taking place in the Middle East have been presented as a major force that will transform the area. There is no denying that the challenge that Jordan will face in the new times of peace require as much, if not more, preparation than the state of war from which the region is trying to free itself. The new generation is the one that will eventually have to face the challenge, they have to be prepared. And the schools are the right place to start. A thorough and detailed plan to overhaul the educational system should start immediately. Reform at schools will eventually translate into reform in all sectors and aspects of the society and the economy. It will mean that Jordan will be able to face the challenge of peace and reap its opportunities. Otherwise, the country will end up with the same suffering and its cries will be in

The beginning of the school year should be the beginning of reforms at our schools. Or, at the very least, we all should be talking and debating the subject.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

AL RA'I Arabic daily Wednesday said that since Jordan's foreign policy was a reflection of its domestic policy, there was a need that the development and modernisation process go hand-in-hand with developing Jordan's relations at the international level, whether in economic, cultural, political or strategic fields. Within this context, we understand the objective of Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali's visit to the United States to deliver several lectures on the Middle East peace process and Jordan's role in it. The paper said that the premier asserted the need to maintain Jordan's presence in Western intellectuals arenas. It is normal to say that Jordan's image at the international arena is a shining image which was painted by His Majesty King Hussein and which was enhannced by Jordan's credibility. This is what makes Jordan depicted by the media as an advocate of peace to an extent that made most of the world leaders voice their confidence in and support for King Hussein in addition to their understanding of the Kingdom's vital role in the region, whether during the peace process or after it is finished.

A COLUMNIST in AL Ra'i Wednesday stressed that the public have to give their views on the unity of the Jordanian and Palestinian peoples in order to contain Jordanian-Palestinian differences. Sultan Al Hattah said that the Jordanian Palestinian difference mighht be easy or difficult to solve, and might be of the type that exists between brothers or family members. He said these differences should first be recognised in order to be resolved. When the two sides meet, these differences seem non-existent and when they end their meeting the differences resurface, he said, stressing that the two sides should be frank when discussing problems. The columnist called for differentiating between the relations between the two peoples and the official relations that might get tense without the knowledge of the people and against their will.

The View From Academia

By Dr. Ahmad Y. Majdoubeh

The 'popular' areas and the need for social action

THE COUNTRY's so-called "popular" areas, in many ways akin to what is called the "slum" or "ghetto" in other countries, are in need of both serious attention and serious social action, much more than they are presently receiving. In these areas, which comprise the greater part of the capital and of the major Jordanian towns and cities, conditions are extremely unacceptable. These areas are crowded, overpopulated, disorderly, noisy, filthy, dusty and ugly. Most disturbingly, the quality of life for most people ving in them, both at the physical and psychological level, is itself immensely poor.

There is no space, and there is no peace of mind. The houses are built so close to each other that a casual conversation, a heated debate, or a fight at your neighbour's house sounds like it is coming from within your own living room. The large vehicles are roaming night and day poisoning the air and deafening ears. Peddlers and salesmen of all kinds, using disturbing "musical" instruments of all sorts, are at it from 6:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m. The kids are ransacking and abusing public roads: when they are not playing soccer in the streets, they are throwing stones at each other for fun - damaging the cars standing nearby, the trees, the street lamps and even the telephone posts and the bricks in the sidewalk. Neither the kids themselves nor their parents seem to have any sense of or respect for public property, public space (whatever is left of it), or privacy. A friend of mine, who tells me he is losing his sanity, keeps saying: You cannot aptly understand the concept of the inferno of hell unless you live in these areas.

The ideal solution lies in drastic surgery, partial demolition or total removal of these areas. Luckily, some of this is already happening — in two ways. First, many of the younger men and women who are not happy living where they live, especially those who have been able to secure a good joh or those anxious to start a family in a more liveable neighbourhood, are moving out. Secondly, the various housing projects which have recently been successfully implemented in many regions throughout the country, such as the one sponsored by the Directorate of Urban Development, have encouraged many low-income families to change their place of habitat. These two steps, which have un-doubtedly improved the Jordanian urban landscape as well

as the demographic image, are welcome news.

But not everyone is willing or can afford to relocate. Due to population increase, many of these areas are in fact flourishing and expanding. Newly-married couples who are unable to meet the expenses of life ontside these areas continue to live in them, consuming newer space or crowding the already-crowded homes of their parents or relatives.

In addition to finding appropriate space for kids to play in (such as school playgrounds after school or empty areas nearby), to planting more trees and gardens (and protecting them), to restricting the movement of large vehicles, to prevent the building of new houses or apartments except according to proper specifications, we need to focus on improving the quality of life itself. Upon this point I wish to insist here. Those who live in the "popular" areas are people who, like everyone else on God's green earth, appres and enjoy (even when they do not appear to) fresh air, cleanliness, tranquility, peace of mind and privacy.

Towards this general end, some serious social, sociologic al, or authropological action ought to be taken, by both the governmental institutions concerned (such as the Ministry of Development) and the various volunteer or charity groups. whose services are insufficiently offered or totally unfelt. A great deal is to be done here. The main thing, however, is the creation and promotion of community consciousness. This is the cause of most inconveniences and problems in these highly underdeveloped areas. What is needed is for a social worker to visit people in their homes constantly and enthusiastically (not just symbolically or sporadically) and attempt to explain ways and eliminate some bad habits, practices, or modes of behaviour which harm the community at large. People need to learn to watch their behaviour or acts more carefully and to be more sensitive to the needs of others. People can learn to be less loud in their conversation, to throw garbage in the trash containers not on the pavement, to care for the few trees in the few gardens and on sidewalk, and not to break street lamps, etc. There is so much work for the social worker or the caring citizen to do.

The other day, I saw a little girl (not more than 7 or 8), barefooted, dragging a heavy plastic bucket (not a trash bag) full of garbage, heading in the direction of the trash container some 100 metres away. Her hands were deep inside whatever garbage there was in the bucket; the bucket was so heavy that she kept dragging it and resting; the filth inside it dripped at every pull she made. When she finally made it to the container, she dumped what was left next to it, for she was unable to lift it all the way up. She wiped the sweat off her forehead with her dirty hands and left. Two kids were playing hide and seek closeby, one of them was barefooted, stepped in the garbage several times. A few cats then came and scattered the garbage all over the place.

Much can be said about this incident, which is only one out of many. One can talk about the noise the bucket made (which drew my attention in the first place), about the filth that dripped, about the parental abuse of the poor child. about her health, etc. And about how to solve problems of

Neighbours in our part of the world find it difficult to accept comments or advice from fellow neighbours, assuming the latter care to speak or are aware of communal problems. For this reason, we want more specialised, more formalised help in addressing community problems in the popular areas, help such as that coming from social workers who need to make themselves a little more visible than they

In my opinion, social work at this stage in our society's development is as crucial (perhaps even more) as our ability to negotiate a satisfactory peace settlement with Israel.

A disappointing message

By Mohammad Daoudieh

The writer is a member of Parliament from Tafileh. The article is translated from Al

IT WAS with astonishment that I learnt of a message sent by a group of Jordanian personalities to Syrian President Hafez Assad. The 40 signatories have in fact sent the letter to the neighbouring Arab country's political leadership with the intention of harming the Jordanian political leadership, a move that is not acceptable to any one, hence my deep disappoint-

The message to the Syrian president was like any other letter sent to an Arab leader, but in essence it was implicitly directed to the Jordanian

We have seen lately numerous political state-ments over talks on the Jordanian-Israeli traek, describing these talks as some sort of capitulation, exactly as had happened earlier regarding the Palestinian-Israeli talks,

Political groups in Jordan. Brotherhood, have been explicit in their opposition to the peace process. Their opposition was manifested in a symbolic sit-in in front of the Husseini Mosque on July 25. Opposition was also evident in the local press as well. Opposition is the right of political groups, something I strongly support because Jordanians have always cal-

led for the freedom of expression, including the right to oppose dealings with the The 40 personalities who signed the letter to President Assad could have issued a statement to the Jordanian and Arah masses expressing

offend the Jordanian political What is noticeable about the letter to the Syrian leader was the fact that it did not carry the signature of any of the well-known Jordanian political figures who have been leading the political opposition to the Jordanian-Israeh talks

their views regarding the

peace talks without trying to

The letter had no signae like Faris Nabulsi, Issa Mdanat, Taysser Zibri, Salem Nahas, Laith Shubeilat, Mustafa Shneikat, Bassam Haddadin, Ihrahim Baker, Bahjat Ahu Gharbieh, Mazen Al Saket, Munes Razzaz, Azmi Khawaja or Luay Dabbagh.

It also did not have the signatures of the leaders of the Muslim Brotherhood or leaders of the Islamic Action Front like Ishaq Al Farhan, Hamzeh Mansour, Abdullah Akayleh, Abdul Rahim Ekour, Hammam Saced, Abdul Aziz Jaber, Suleiman Al Saad, Ahmad Kasasbeh or Bader Riati.

That means one of two possibilities: Either the signatories had not sought the backing of the leaders of the political groups in the Kingdom or those who wrote it and signed it had sought the political groups signatures who in turn refused to sign it for the obvious reason that it could offend the Jordanian leadership.

I, therefore, express my astonishment over this letter that was signed by personali-ties like Yaqoub Ziadin, Jawdat Muheisen, Milhem Tell, George Haddad, Saleh Kneian Al Fayez and Emily Naffaa. Let us be frank: We are in

an era of glasnost which requires that we call things by their names. In addition we are in a beautiful country where a citizen can express his/her views and direct his/ her support to anywhere beyond the borders without fear of any threat to his/her life. This is a blessing that I do not think any country (beyond the Jordanian borders) enjoys nor a citizen (heyond these horders) knows about. The phenomenon of "beyond the borders" is a pure Jordanian phenomenon.

Let us be frank. We have a Syria group in this country: we have an Iraq group, Iran group, Lihya group. Saudi group, PLO group, Fatch group Habash group. Hawatmeh group, Jibril group. Ahu Nidal group, Ahul Ahhas group, Ahed

Rahbo group, you name it.
The General Intelligence Department (GID) knows this, as do the writers, the journalists and the political



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True the PLO has suffered lot because of the existence of factions that belong to different Arab states, despite the PLO slogan. No interference in the affairs of Arab countries and no Arab interference in the organisation's affairs. The letter to the Syrian

president was signed by three

The first, members of the Jordanian Communist Party headed by dear Yaqoub Zayadeen and his colleagues Khaled Hamshawi. Emili Naffaa, Abdul Aziz Al Ati. Faraj Al Tumeizi. I have the right to wonder how could the Jordanian Communists sign a letter like this. They are the ones who most frequently raise the banner of the independence of political action in Jordan and they are the most affected by the PLO's attempt to contain and marginalise the Jordanian political movement.

The Jordanian Communists are the most capable of expressing themselves and they might be the most daring as well. They have paid a heavy price for public free-doms and struggled for these freedoms. They also raised an early slogan and were the only ones to do so at the time. That slogan was: "The national democratic Jordan." By raising that slogan they have put an intellectual and theoretical limit to the slogan of "fighting the regime" and entered a stage of constitutional reforms and a stage of activating and saving the constitution as well as supporting public freedoms. So is it constitutional for them to do

what they did? The second group. The Jordanian Constitutional Front Party led by Milhem Al Tall and Dr. Ahmad Al Awaisheh. The Constitutional Party was one of the first Jordanian political groups that called for a constitutional political life when it was accused then that it was supporting the regime and that it wants to repair it from within rather than to fight it from the outside

I wrote about the party's early maturity in Al Dustour newspaper in 1989 and Milhem Al Tall himself had referred to my article on more than one occasion. Is it also constitutional then that the front does this?

The third group, The Arab Socialist Baath Party, which is close to Syria, or "the Syria group" as they are called on the political street. They are led by Mahmoud Al Maaitah. I do not believe that this group came up with anything new. It is allied to the Syrian regime at all circumstances. They supported Syria

during the aggression on Iraq in 1990 and are supporting it in its current political position. And I think they are supporting it in its current political position regarding the peace process that both them and us do not know anything about.

"The message" has shocked the Jordanian society because some Jordanian political figures who signed it were expected to behave only in a wise manner,

I believe that some of those who signed it did that because they did not mean to support the Syrian regime, but to draw the attention of the Jordanian regime thinking that the rule "be different to get known" is the golden, rule that achieves for these people personal gains since what would follow is to call them and to appease them.

This is a tragedy in itself, since political opportunism has become dominant factor. That is the reason that, prompted some who have; nevet taken a patriotic stand before to sign this "message." Not even that, but also some are known for their opposition to democracy and are known to be the "pro-teges of the regime." Yet should we cut our noses to enrage our lips?

When will Israel bury the bully club?

By Yael Dayan

The writer is a Labour MK. The article is reprinted from the Jerusalem Post. IT BEGAN in subdued

tones, a matter of style. We know whom we're dealing with (the PLO and its chief). Let them sweat a little. That's all there is." There was no mention of

chemistry or physiology or the values separating the people, not just the leaders. "They" (those who, by implication, are not like us) are not capable of, and don't even want to, live democratically, efficiently, collecting taxes and maintaining a judicial, economic

or health system. We, of course, abide by High Court rulings, the Declaration of Independence, egalitarian and liberal legislation; we have no corruption or cumbersome bureaucracy. We shall not pass a law limiting imports for reasons of kashrut; we have no agunot (abandoned wives or widows forbidden to re-wed), no persons disqualified for marriage.

We have no white-collar criminals; and administrative procedures, or receiving rights we are entitled to. are simple matters, effected politely and quickly.

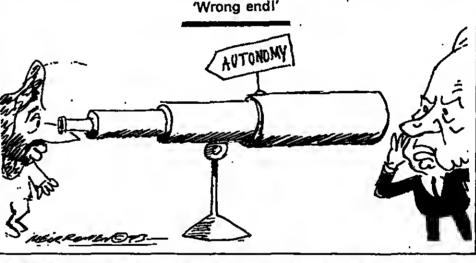
But "they" are parasites, starting out with a huge debt, and dependent on donations.

We live by the toil of our hands and enjoy economic independence.

The only good thing about the Gazans is that we are rid of them; there is almost a consensus on this. Those who were disilusioned when their malicious predictions - that there would be a massacre there and Sabra and Shatilla would be a picnic compared to Gaza and Khan Yunis did not materialise, now console themselves, like frustrated prophets, with the news that "they are killing their brothers, most-

ly collaborators." No one refers to the health and education situation, the filth, the sewage, the poverty and misery; nor is there self-blame or apology or a clear analysis of exactly what we did about open sewers in Gaza, or the dimensions of unemployment and poverty in Rafah.

It's as if we weren't there for 27 years, responsible for the good and the had, for the welfare and security of the residents. As if we



allowed them to develop and have relations with the rest of the world, and imposed free, compulsory, education, a tax system, and national insurance; enahled the purchase of medical equipment, and everything else. As if they deserve their distress as collective punishment, and are genetically geared to be neg-

Perhaps we should recall that their war of independence was not fought in the northern Norwegian forests or on Washington's lawns. The intifada was unleashed out of despair, using nails and claws, stones; at a heavier cost than imagined;

and it succeeded.
"They" — "those who understand only force" — spoke to us (who are rich inlanguages) in the language of force, and we understood - and how! By way of the intifada we grit our teeth and recognised the PLO and Arafat. And with much disgust and queasiness we even got to that handshake

in Washington, Yet the account is not balanced. And while today it is clear that we bave quit Gaza, we are not relieved of the need to be occupiers and the deep feeling that they are inferior and will remain so - of course, through no fault of ours."

We have not freed ourselves from the thought that a Palestinian state will arise only as a reward from us for their good behaviour; that we are the giving side, they receiving. ("And what have they been giving?" people here ask. And the answer is that, with difficulty, they are shucking off their chains and handcuffs, temporarily and to a limited

degree).
They are ungrateful. It is

not clear whether they are "entitled" to national insurance payments or computer listings in the population Registry. They are told to "prove they are entitled" to our charity, without any understanding that what they get will be hy right. Our violations of the

lack the magnanimity of the victor, the strong, the set-There is no symmetry between those shooting and those weeping, between those shot and the weepers. The work we provided for them served the idleness of

agreement are no fewer

than theirs; but we totally

our economy and its calculations more than it did the Gazans. Intentionally or by force of inertia we were both military occupiers and oppressors of all initiatives. Gazans were forbidden for years to acquire facsimile machines, out of fear they would be vehicles for incite-

We behaved like colonialists of the worst kind, and even though we withdrew from Gaza, we have not shaken off these attributes. We hand out grades and force an entire people to face matriculation tests of a kind we never passed, and measure them by a standard not applied to

ourselves. We are an examining board that subjects an entire people to an educational pattern and obstacle course without even indicating what they will find at the end of the tunnel if they pass this humiliating course.

Security is, indeed, our affair; and to maintain it they need the means. It's not our affair who is authorised to sign for that; when

we supervise the transfer of funds and decide who signs to eliminate the sewage, it is worth remembering who left the sewers open all those years, and the mosquitoes that bred there.

The arrogance, the feeling of superiority, the lack of values, the ignorance, are our problem. What can be done is to stop tormenting them, pestering them. There's no need to be judgemental; they don't go to our school, are not moving one class ahead or down. Characteristically, Jeru-

salem Mayor Olmert says that Nabil Shaath, Yasser Abed Rabo and Arafat have no faith; are not religious men; that for them prayer on the Temple Mount is a political act, not the act of people who come quietly, modestly, to commune with their Creator. Thus speaks the censor of faith and religion.

This is in complete contrast to Sharon, Shamir, Rabin, Peres and Olmert himself - all their visits to the Western Wall or to a synagogue flow from the desire to commune with their God and from their burning faith, which man-ifests in their immaculate observance of kashrut and all 613 mitzvot.

And in the West Bank, a moment before the handing over of power, during the army's search in the village of Dinha, our soldiers filled a washing machine with flour, and TV sets and other instruments were smashed. A farewell gift, a step toward confidencebuilding?

Even though we are accustomed to this, the punitive rods must be put True the PLO has suffer

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Returning home

Born in East Jerusalem, journalist Lina Nabil writes for Al Ra'i Arabic daily newspaper and magazines in Joidan and in other Arab countries. Just after the signing of the Cairo Agreement between the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and Israel on May 4, she left Amman to make her first journey back to the West Bank and Gaza Strip in over twenty years.

I lay wide awake, gazing into the darkness, turning thoughts of the next day over in my mind. I was to travel to the homeland I than 23 years. Would I latives, the embraces and still recognise it? The news that people had brought back was varied. They said some cities had changed completely. New and sand dunes and parts had been added. while others had vanished.

In the car that took us to the crossing point I was silent. I knew the road to the bridge across the Jordan River very well. I had gone that way hundreds of times — to say goodbye or to welcome friends — but only as far as the bridge. This time, the road took another shape. My heart beat faster and my nerves tensed as we drew closer to the crossing point.

After the formalities, I arrived on the "other side," as we often call it in conversation, near Jericho, once a sleepy Palestinian winter resort and now the dateline for major news stories. Within moments, my disappear. I did recognise my homeland. Images of people, places and events flashed before my mind's

Soon I found myself being swept into a pageant of sights and sounds,

I couldn't sleep that night. caught up in the history being made in Jericho and Gaza. The joyous celebrations as the first Palestinian policemen arrived. the tumultuous welcome had not seen for more accorded to returning retears which greeted freed prisoners. Amidst the joy, I sensed the sadness which

still dots Gaza's waters shared the hope that the future would be better than the past. It was the return of deported Palestinians which touched me most deeply homecomings which told a myriad of stories about lives marred by years of separation benod in agreement. tween members of the same family. I savoured

around me. The long road ahead

the experience of my own

return through the emo-

tional reunions which

were taking place all

Haj Mustapha lives in Kalandia refugee camp just north of Jerusalem. He has spent most of his olive trees gave bumper crops during the second year of the intifada. "We did not rejoice because four of my children were m prison and one was ill," said Haj Mustapha, looking lovingly at his son

Ahmad, back with the family after 25 years.

Haj Mustapha insisted on planting an olive tree and an orange tree next to the door of his house and vegetables of all sorts on what is left of his yard. A television set, a cupboard and scattered pillows furnish one of the two rooms that make up his house.

His is a typical Palesti-nian family. "We aren't different from thousands of other Palestinian households whose lives have been torn apart by the long years of occupation, separation and suf-fering," he said.

"Aren't we also entitled to dream?" he asked. "I had always dreamt of sitting with my six children, talking together like any other family around the world. Not about prisons and deportations. Not about curfews and the demolition of houses. Now, I believe that the dream has, at long last, come true, despite the fact that the road ahead is still very long." The peace process, he said, "deserves to be given a chance." His sons

The same question — "Aren't we also entitled to dream?" --- was echoed by 12-year-old Ayman, in crowded Jabalia refugee camp in Gaza, still hang-ing on the arm of his brother Nidal, a member of the Palestinian police force. Ayman and many other members of his family, saw Nidal for the first time when he returned with the police from Yemen. Nidal had gone missing in the Palestinian exodus from Lebanon. His family had thought he had been kil-

One hears the same story over and over again in Gaza and in Jericho. Mothers reaching out to touch the faces of their own children for the first time in decades. Fathers lamenting the lost years spent without their loved ones. Differences over the peace process were set aside. Supporters and opponents rallied round to welcome long-lost friends and relatives.

Together again

Throughout Gaza and Jericho, families torn

A glimpse of Jericho

'These are my happiest moments,'' said Mohammad Aijori, an officer in Agabat Jabr and Ein Al Sultan refugee camps near Jericho. He was busy taking over from the Israeli civilian administration. "We used to enter these quarters only to receive orders or to be police station," he said. A colleague, Ahmad Ramadan added, "We might face some difficulties, but with our strong morale, we will overcome them. What we seek might not be the present situation but, at least now we can walk about freely, even if it's only around a small spot a few kilometres in size." It is a comment repeated by everyone you meet in Jericho.

apart by imprisonment or deportation, or separated by the dictates of work and study were sitting together again — some of them for the first time in over 20 years. These family reunions would have been impossible only a few weeks earlier.

Like the family of Hussain Abu Lawi for instance. In 1981, Mahmoud, the eldest son, was deported to Jordan where he joined the PLO's Badr Force. When we met him in Gaza he looked as happy as a small child. His eyes sparkled as be said: 'It feels like time has been condensed to reunite us once again as one family living under the same roof. We eat together and remember all our childhood adventures.

His brother, Mansour. was a third-year student at Ein Shams University, Cairo, when the 1967 war erupted. Unable to return home, he joined the Palestine Liberation Army. spending 22 years moving from one country to another. "I have experienced all the ramifications of the Palestinian diaspora," said Mansour, now 48. "Today, we are together, trying to nurture the traditions of our lost love. Our wounds are still deep and they still are reflected in the way we

talk and laugh." "Today," he continued. "I re-live my childhood. I am once again 'Child Number Seven.' After so many years of recalling only blurred images of my older brothers' presence — 'do this,' 'don't do that' - I stand alongside them for the first time in 22 years." But for some reunions it is late. "Both my parents died before I could see them again,' said Mansour, with tears

in his eyes. In Jericho, Ala' gave



Two brothers - one from Gaza Palestinian policeman -

and the other a returning embrace for the first time in 27

me a message for his family in Beach refugee camp in Gaza. He said he had not seen them yet, but had talked to them over the phone. He could scarcely wait for his first chance to go to Gaza. His father and brother, also among the returnees, were already there. Some aunts and a grandmother had visited him in Jericho. While he waited for the first full reunion with his family in 15 years Ala' told me that

At home in Gaza

most beautiful."

meeting the homeland

had been "most exquisite,

That evening, at Ala's family home in the refugee camp in Gaza, I

chatted with his family. I heard many stories of the long days of confrontation, steadfastness and suffering which had become part and parcel of everyday life for Palestimans in Gaza. There are many people

Ala' will not be able to see. His first encounters with some of his relatives were to be painful -- especially with his youngest brother and a cousin. Both were paralysed before the age of 12 by bullets fired by Israeli soldiers in Tetaliation for stones they hurled at the troops, then still the occupiers. The bullets remain embedded in their bodies. Doctors have been unable

hope that peace between the Palestinians and the Israelis might bring an end to their sorrows and those of many like them. Ala's return to his homeland might herald a new era. unknown to the generations that came before him, who lived as refugees in the Palestinian diaspora in more than one camp and in more than one

But Ala' and his family

country. My encounter with the homeland lasted just three days. I didn't want to leave. Back in Jordan, I had another sleepless night. Will I return? How will it be then?

- Palestine Refugees Today

Viennese enjoy pizza, beer and wine in hospital

By Alexandra Zawadil Reuter

VIENNA - Sigmund Freud would be turning in his grave if he could see what they've done to the hospital where he gave his first lectures.

The founding father of psychoanalysis would barely recognise Vienna's 300-year-old Allgemeines Krankenhaus Hospital (AKH), now that the doctors and patients have all moved ont to a new medical centre nearby.

emergency ambulance. what was once the operating ward now resounds to hard rock music and sandwiches are available in what used to be diagnostic room of the Urology Department.

When the last hospital bed was moved to the new building last year and the old barrack-type pavilions were disinfected and cleared, the city of Vienna invited cafe and wine bar

Beer and pizza are owners to set up shop in served in the former some of the large, leafy courtyards and cool former wards.

> "Its a bit macabre here but that's what I like about it," said Sabine Haninger leaning against a weathered wall sipping a drink between what had been the brain surgery and pathology departments.

"I've even heard that there is going to be a bar in the former morgue," the 24-year-old student added. "But that may be just a rumour.'

If visitors feel in need of food for thought they can visit the pathological-anatomical rarity collection in the hospital's former lunatic asylum in a fortresslike tower nicknamed the "Fruitcake" (Kugelhupf) which dates back to 1784.

The tower's five floors house some 50,000 examples of medical exotica. some macabre such as the preserved embalmed body of a child who died in 1780 of an unknown disease.

The skeleton of a five-

year-old princess with an enlarged cranium due to water on the brain is another bizarre exhibit underlining the Latin motto over the door to the tower which says: "This is the place where death is

pleased to help life."

Many of the exhibits still serve younger generations of medical students who can study the effects of diseases which have long been eradicated.

Founded in 1693 for the invalids of the Turkish wars and popularly known as the "House Of Suffering" or the "Plague House," the old AKH in its present form was built by the Emperor Joseph out of his private funds in 1784 as a hospital for the

It was here that the renowned "Vienna School" of medicine was founded and where Freud unveiled psychoanalysis in the hall of the psychiatric clinic.

poor.

"I can't really say where Freud gave his lectures,' said the waiter of the wine bar in the former clinic, a second year medical student. "I'm too busy serving spritzers (wine and mineral water) to bother about things like that."

to remove them.

Except for a few signs left on the buildings there is little in the compound. with its big courtyards and springs where patrons sip their drinks at brightlydecked tables, to remind the visitor of the AKH's recent past.

Only a tree with bandaged branches supported by "crutches" stands here in memory. "Its so feudal-looking."

says Wolfgang Kindermann, a regular here. "Its much nicer to smell flowers instead of chloroform."

The old AKH will shortly be adding another academic veneer to its colourful history.

Next year, parts of Vienna University, chronically cramped for space. will start moving into some of the vacated rooms.

Emotional abuse — as destructive as any other

Men Who Hate Women & The Women Who Love Them

By Dr. Susan Forward Published by Bantam Books Inc. U.S.A.

Women abuse does not always have to take a physical form. According to Dr. Susan Forward, "emotional abuse can be just as, if not more than, destructive." The only difference lies in the weapons used for destruction.

In her book Men Who Hate Women & The Women Who Love Them, first published in 1986. Dr. Forward dwells on the far-reaching effects of engaging in a long-term relationship with someone she labels as a "misogynist", a Greek word meaning a "womanhater. She accounts for the moral and physical decline of her formerly successful and presentable clients by highlighting the results of tolerating continuous public or private humiliation from their inti-

mate partners. Dr. Forward relates the demoralising behaviour of women-haters to two major types of recognised character disorders. The first involves narcissism, to which category totally self-obsessed men, who go from one relationship to another, belong. These men, the "Peter Pans and Don Juans", in their search of love and admiration, can crush many hearts and are called

"the people who cannot love." The second main category includes men who stick to one partner, but, who figure the only way to keep that partner is to exercise total control over her. To achieve that, these men seek to attack their partners' selfesteem with insulting comments, purposefully sabotage their career progress, issue disapproval of their family members and their choice of friends or denigrate their personal accomplishments. Without realising it, they totally ruin their partners' self-image and self-confidence leaving them in a state of depression and helplessness. Then they blame the outcome on their partners' own weaknesses and inadequacies.

What normally entraps women, according to Dr. Forward, are the mediatory periods of unmistakable charm and deep-felt affection that somehow manage to wipe out previous outbursts of ill-behaviour. "I have come to call this Jekyll and Hyde-ing," said Dr. Forward. This intermediate attitude of love and tenderness keeps women hooked in the desperate hope that things will be different later on.

The demeaning consequence of such an emotional roller-coaster manifests itself, according to Dr. Forward, when these women internalise and accept the responsibility of their partners' unpredictable tantrums and so become overwhelmed with self-blame. Since their partners can show wonderful and loving behaviour at times, then their sudden switch to verbal attacks and abusive conduct must, in these women's minds, reflect on their own lapses from grace. And once a woman accepts an attack on her self-worth or bows down to verbal abuse, she opens a door for an endless number of future assaults. Dr. Forward added. Also in this attitude, a new bond is discovered in the

anything that goes wrong, even when the man's rageful explosions arise from totally insignificant events. Then while looking for the "magic key" to her partners' happiness, a woman only permits herself to become totally dominated by this unattainable hope to continuously please her partner. Unfortunately a misogynist's signals are always changing and what pleases him one day may not please him the next. This

naturally heightens the woman's confusion and be-

relationship: Both partners blame the woman for

wilderment, especially since she is, in most cases. expected to be a "power of strength", because to a misogynist, any expression of vulnerability is viewed with absolute contempt. His anticipation of ideality from his partner is a double-edged sword, said Dr. Forward, because it is flattering, but at the same time it overlooks the fact that being only human, she is doomed to fail. This failure instigates unrelenting criticism which wears the woman down psychologi-

In addition, under the guise of love and devotion. some misogynists' possessiveness and insatiable demands will eventually narrow the women's world so that it becomes seriously limited to suit their partners' needs. This can result from encouraged expression of true love or in response to pressures via indirect disapproval of general practices. So with the ultimate addictive dependency on her partner, Dr. Forward said, the woman experiences total annihilation of her individuality and sense of self-value.

However, the underlying factor responsible for the continuation of "misogynistic" relationships, Dr. Forward believes, is the family, which appears to young children as the only source of information about the world. When a parent, for instance, makes a judgement about a child's basic worth, this opinion becomes fact in the child's mind.

Also, a troubled household leaves children confused and reflects upon their future relationships. A climate of enormous tension in parents' home, combined with kindness and affection, gives children the message that "drama is an essential component of love."

In the family backgrounds of misogynists, according to Dr. Forward, there is no equal balance of power between the father and the mother. This escalates the

BOOK REVIEW

child's emotional instability and insecurity leading to

his overbearing future conduct with his partner. A tyrannical father role model gives the child the message that powerful men's mistreatment of helpless women is socially acceptable. And a controlling mother prevents her child from developing mastery over his own life or realising his competences so much so that he starts viewing other women as frightening malevolent creatures. So to guarantee his masculinity remaining intact, according to Dr. Forward, his relationships with women become more like persistent power struggles.

As for the woman, emotional foundations are created by ways in which her parents treated her and each other, the messages they communicated through their behaviour, as well as the way she handled the information internally, said Dr. Forward, When a mother models submission, the girl develops the tendency to give in when dealing with aggression from men in her future relationships. Furthermore, with cultures general support for women's dependency. girls are always getting lessons in helplessness. The cultural restriction on girls' anger also results in blocking a strong emotion from normal expression and so these angry feelings find an outlet in their own selves resulting in self-hatred.

Finally, Dr. Forward defined a healthy relationship as one based on mutual respect and a relatively equal balance of power. Of course, arguments, differences of opinions, even anger may exist, but "loving partners find effective ways of dealing with their differences. they do not view each encounter as a battle to be won or lost," Dr. Forward concluded.

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The bottom line

By Jean-Claude Elias

If, for a while, we put aside the megabytes, the megahertz and all the hype that surrounds computers, what do we have left? A tool that for some is still a mystery but for others has become a device as familiar as a telephone set. A tool that is sometimes loved for itself but often serves as a means to accomplish certain

We use computers to perform tasks that, for us, are uothinkable manually, like handling huge amounts of data (the telephone book of New York City for instance). Or for complex mathematical calculations that would be not only too difficult but also very long to perform manually.

However, beyond the complex, the huge or the sophisticated, is the daily, simple work that we have learned to process using computers: word processing, book keeping, drawing, music making, filing, etc. In all these tasks that could otherwise be done manually, the machine helps us to do them better and faster. In

other word, with greater efficiency. The new peace situation in the area has brought fresh, positive prospects. In this scope the press has extensively reported the concern of people from all classes of society and various professional backgrounds to be up to the new challenge. We all realise that we have to improve the way we work. Whatever we are doing, we must do it with a higher efficiency.

Making a better use of computers to improve all kinds of work, at all levels and in all fields of activity is



something we must start doing now. This is the age of information. We know it. But knowing it is not enough. Practical steps must be taken for a good management, a dynamic utilisation of information.

Computers, the main tools of processing informa-tioo, are not only useful to make us reach our goal, I dare say that they are absolutely vital.

It is high time that the way we think about our personal computers (PC) evolves. Our worry should oot be to concentrate on the machine's size or power. Any PC is worth having and using. Many organisations are doing a fine job with 8 years old, 80286-based

What we must improve are our skills at using the PCs. Attending specialised training courses is important and can make us move ahead on the road to efficiency. Computer awareness at school level should be enhanced. Though officially implemented, school computer programmes do not seem to fulfill the demand for the time being. A lot remains to be done in

Learning to learn effectively

By Stella G. Bagaeen

Learning to learn is not a new idea, Emile Rousseau in 1762 aimed to develop attitudes and methods of learning prior to acquisition of knowledge. Since 1956, this topic has become a field of research. information processing and cybernetics were the stimulii, but few of the ideas were filtered into the traditional schools curricula.

Sound learning strategies and effective learning is a must, it is not a matter of intelligence, age or years of experieoce, it is the knowledge of how to set, plan ahead, monitor one's performance, check and selftest the needs of a specific situation. To have a taste for sciences and the methods for learning them is more mature than the poor strategies like skipping difficult parts and not identifying key points, memorising details instead of looking for principles. Responding flexibly to the burst of knowledge needs style, a strong strategy and an approach to barness the potential of learners.

As far as training in study procedures is concerned, it should be based on understanding the individual needs, since the latter part of the 19th century scientific methods of teaching became necessary to the training of teachers who were to operate in a new setting of teacher-pupil and subject-matter relations, according to the American educationist Francis W. Parker. What mattered in a school was the child's own development. The school should be fitted to the needs of the child, and not the child to the school. Educational psychology became a necessity. A major shift was from the imposition of knowledge on the mind of the learner to an emphasis on the learner's activity of perception and comprehension of knowledge. Quality teaching was stressed by which it meant such things as activity, creative selfexpression, excursions, understanding the individual, and the development of personality. During the first decade of the 20th century, educationists Maria Montessori of Rome and Ovide Decroly of Brussels both stressed the child-centred education and that teachers must invent their own methods and special apparatus to meet the needs of slow learners. New methods replaced the authoritarian approach of the traditional educator. The father of progressive education, John Dewey, whose writings and lectures influenced educators throughout the world, laid the foundations of a new philosophy that affected the structure of education, particularly at the elementary level. The child should be enabled 10 understand and to be understood.

What are the individual needs? What common themes should be identified? Learners should get much attention. Teachers must find out the rate at which the learners gain more self-awareness. In fact, the foundation of self-awareness is laid in the early or middle years of adolescence when there is a marked development in mental functioning and a change from concrete operations to formal reasoning; mastering elementary skills and moving into more

There are some common themes to be identified like study time, home work, discipline, note-taking, presentation of material, revision methods for examination, discussion groups, some techniques of self-directed learning, collaborate learning, resource based learning, learning from teachers and alternative ways of learning from radio, television, other

medias and everyday experience.

Effective learning is achieved by means of certain

★ To develop an autonomy, to acquire an attitude or approach to cultivate habitual dispositions. ★ To learn rules and master general principles, always try to transfer to related situations, never be tied to one subject. Any skill should be generalised to

new problems or novel situations. * To promote cultural growth and modes of learning, refinement, taste, intelligence, cultivation of the mind, action, evolution of thinking, a wide scope and depth of knowledge, structural and functional traits, attitudes, concepts, techniques, tools

★ To expand knowledge by self inquiry in order to determine whether comprehension is occuring. We need to organise, digest material, monitor ongoing activities, to review, estimate, assume, presume and

summarise. ★ The curriculum should be designed to comprise basic forms of knowledge, the learner should be able to seek information when he needs it and become independent.

Innovation, modernisation, adaptability and many other dimensions of culture are motives to generalise different strategies of learning beyond classrooms. With the pace of technological change the years of compulsory education is unable to offer much. Extensive knowledge is needed. More methods and attitudes are to be undertaken especially during the coming scholastic years. Much emphasis should be put upon technical and scientific skills to service the modern sector of the economy.

The acceleration of development needs plans that coordinate the different levels of education. The World Bank has attached priority in its development plans to the provision of technical specialists who can lead the country into self-sufficiency in technical, scientific and other specialist skills as the educational system is an integral part in the development process.

Someplace called home

By E. Yaghi

You know Mr. American Ambassador sir, I was up at your place the other day. Say, it's swell all right. I was very overwhelmed by those twin sandstone buildings looming on the crest of a parched hill like an artificial oasis way out in the middle of nowhere in a place where flowers should grow and artificial palm trees sway in the breeze and the sun when it shines, bakes everything around to a brittle crust. Please don't be offended though by my article, for my intention is not to belittle but to express my feelings as an American citizen. You see, I've always had this philosophy that the American embassy in whatever country it might be, is like a little piece of the U.S. Therefore, to any American citizen, going there should be just like going home. Well, I'm sorry to say that the homecoming reception isn't always all that it should be.

Some of the native staff who work at the embassy are really super and go out of their way to be extra special nice and polite. As for the Americans who I have come in contact with, they are also cordial, kind and helpful, but the only problem is, that we American citizens hardly ever see them anymore, and instead are dealt with by the local people. Now, mind, I'm not prejudiced against any person regardless of what his/her country of origin is, but I do sometimes get that oagging sensation that some people who work io the embassy take their work too much to heart and get rather stuffy and rude about their positions as if they belooged to some kind of elite social club. I think they might need some lessoos in tact!

The other day, I met a beautiful native girl who works at your place. She really did offer me a gracious smile and if I hadn't been already burned by her abrupt beliaviour on an earlier occasion, I might not have detected that icy gleam in her eye that conflicted with

the otherwise cheerful expression on her face. Well, OK, forget about the clerk or secretary or whatever she's supposed to be. Let's go on to the library. Now, I realise that I'm being wretched complaining about the library, especially since some people have taken great pains to make it as it is. Therefore, forgive me if I just state that it really puzzles me that the librarian is kind of stuffy and doesn't seem to speak much English, or if she does, then she must be keeping such knowledge a secret and is camouflaging her fluent command of the language. Her helper seems to be in even a worse state and although friendly, polite, and so forth, perhaps speaks Greek better than English. Also, the library seems so meager as far as the supply of books goes with the exception of American literature of which there is an abundance. Yet, on other subjects, I must say that the variety of books is disappointing and that there is much to be desired. (For example, I could find no information about the subject of geography or human geography). And of course, there are no children's books whatsoever and all I can ask is, why? Are you trying to tell me that the only superpower in the world doesn't have enough money to spend on an adequate library? Come on now!

As for transportation, Mr. Ambassador, you have ever tried to get a ride, (not counting your personal escort of course) or walk down that long hill and up the other one once leaving your home? I'll tell you, in the summer heat, that up and down hill walking seems like the longest road in the world with not a taxi in sight And not a stand anywhere to sell even a cold drink so that whoever has to walk the journey of no return will thirst to death by the time he/she reaches home if he/she ever does. Well I know that the embassy is like a place of business, for I see all those poor people flocking to your doors in order to be able to obtain a visa just to visit the golden American shores and I figure that every person who applies for a visa has to pay a certain fee and that many applications are rejected. Thus, I assume that applications and reapplications add up to a handsome sum of money. Couldn't some of this money be used in such a way as to make the embassy, your and my home away from home, a more accommodating place for the guests that

And couldn't some of your staff, not the polite and friendly and courteous ones, but those stuffy and cold zombies just smile a bit more? Remember that good old commercial attitude in America that "the customer is always right?" Consider all who come to your gates as customers who seek refuge, help, advice, solace and nostalgia within your confines. It is the duty of the American embassy, not just in times of emergencies which I hear you are superb at, but also in times of calm, to serve the American citizens regardless of whatever walk of life they come from, whatever colour of skin they might possess and whatever creed they might follow. It should be a motto of your embassy, (that island of America where we Americans should feel at home), that no one wears his intelligence or dignity oo his clothes or his looks, but in his mind and heart.

Remember that each employee of your embassy is an unofficial ambassador of American foreign policy and an example of U.S. diplomacy. Please understand that I do not suggest firing any member of your staff, for this would be very cruel, but for those who are weak in English, they could always take lessons to improve their communicative abilities. As for those who are big headed, they could always deflate themselves a bit. And your place, instead of being in the middle of nowhere could be in the middle of somewhere, easily accessible by car and bus.

Quality management and the role of the consultant

Prepared by Raieka Jerjees (Management Consultant) TEAM International (Jordan)

Quality is a journey which has milestones, rather than a destination. It must be a continuing concern of a company's management, not something that is done once, then forgotten.

Managing a quality company is more than just implementing a quality system consisting of a set of techniques that meet, for example, ISO 9000 standards. It is the creation of a quality culture which permeates the entire organisation. The characteristics of such a culture ioclude: dedication to customer satisfaction; emphasis on continuous improvement; treating suppliers as business partners; communication and team work; empowering employees and commitment by top management.

The success of a quality programme depends oo the commitment of top management. Quality cannot simply be delegated: Not to a quality champion, and certainly not to an external quality consultant. Management itself must take control and ownership of the quality issue.

The primary steps in initiating a quality program-

Creating quality awareness and team spirit within the organisation; agreeing detailed project plan; ideotifying key responsibilities and adequately training, key people.

A quality consultant can play a major role in helping a company to develop and implement a quality programme, as such a consultant will be

deeply involved in the company's development. Choosing a suitable quality consultant should there-fore be approached in the same way as the recruitment of a senior staff member.

In managing a quality improvement programme, the advice of an experienced quality consultant can

Structure the project effectivley; reduce implementation time scale and provide much needed direction to

required in the early stages, to get the programme started. During the assignment, the consultant should:

- Cooduct a preliminary study to establish where

- Prepare a training programme to ensure that all key personnel receive adequate training for their duties in relation to the quality plan:

 Supervise the production of the quality manual; Provide guidance in selecting a snitable quality certification scheme, and assist in the preparation

Monitor and regularly review progress against the

quality audits:

- Propose and agree a time scale for implementing

By Mohammad A. Shuqair

HOWLERS

★ Trousers: An uncommon noun because it is singular on top and plural at the bottom.

★ Dress: Woman's constant endeavour to improve on

* * * * *

her skin.

* * * * *

* Hat: An article worn by men to conceal the shape of their heads.

the bed in case of fire.

* * * * *

* Lapel: The only tangible thing to be grasped in an

LET'S CHAT IN ARABIC

This is a large house.

This is a small flat.

Hadha manzil kabir. Hadhihi shuqqa saghira.

ON THE LIGHTER SIDE

— This is a useful book.

Hadha kitab mufeed. Hadhihi haqa'ib thaqeela. These are heavy bags. — These are light clothes. Hadhih malabess khafifa. — These are dear friends. Ha'olaa asdi'kaa a'izzaa. Dhaliker'rajol fakir. — That man is poor.

Tikal-mar'a ghaniya. Ola'ikar'rijal Arab. That woman is rich. Those men are Arabs. - Those women are English. Tilkan'nisaa ingleeziyat.

Is this lesson hard? No, it's so easy.

Hal hadhad'darss sa'b? La howa sahi jiddan. - Are these dictionaries cheap? No, they're expen-

Hal hadhihil qawamees rakhisa? La, innaha ghasila. - What's this? This is a horse. Ma hadha? Hadha hissan.

 What's that? That's a cow. Ma tilka? Tilka baqara. What are these? These are wild animals. Ma hadhihi? Hadhihi hayawanat muftarissa.

— What are those? Those are mad dogs. Ma tika? Tilka kilab mas'oora. — Is this watch water-proof? Hal hadhihis'sa'a diddal-maa?

— Is that red car yours? Hal hadhihis'sayyaral-hamra milkok?

TIME FOR FUN

he died he left \$3,000,000.

SECOND: so was my grandfather and even wealthier than yours. When he died, he left the

BANK OF KNOWLEDGE

1. Are pipkins small apples?

2. Is a pinnace a boat? 3. Do misogynists hate women?

4. Is stramonium a rare metal?

5. Is "bbls." the usual abbreviation for "barrels"? 6. Does the eating of certain fruits cause beri, beri?

7. Is a bibcock a game bird?

8. Are reptiles cold-blooded?

YOUR CHARACTER IN FOCUS Born on 5th June

- Very skillful and has intuition.

- Proficient in games.

 Likes oratory and eloquence in expressing himself. Has the capacity to pursue his objectives and knows very well how to plan for success.

staff. The consultant's role is mainly an advisory one, although a more "hands-on" approach may be

the client company stands vis-a-vis quality (quality

for certification audit,

plan;
— Organise and report on the proceedings of formal

Produce and circulate project status and progress reports and

- Fond of variety and change and trips. Whatever may be the situation he has the power to get out of it.

Sociable and has many acquaintances.

- Though nervous, he is shrewd, amiable and adapt-

 Likes family life and children. His pleasures are mainly mental.

PUZZLES

(A) In the list of words below, a number of letters are missing. These are indicated by asterisks. Each group of missing letters is the name of an animal. Can you find the animal names that will complete the words?

(1) EDU ★ ★ ★ ION (2) PY ★ ★ ★ ID

(3) P ★ ★ ★ AGE

(4) BIL * * AIRE

(5) C * * * * ER

(B) Where does 13 fit into the following pattern?

1 2 10 4 5 3 7 8

11 12

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end on an adequate ii. does 53-year-old Linda

Mr. Ambana Gray compete with the Mr. Ambassador, you flock of sweet young flock counting models Inc? She not counting vour per things in Models Inc? She things in Models Inc. orld with not a taxi in and their faces and think," he iourness of cold dir thank God it's you and not he journey of no returne he/she reaches how that the embassy see all those poor k srder to be uble to out en American shore.

en American shores a cy owner in the New Fox ho applies for a visa h at many applications and handsome sum of me. stars as a modelling agent cy owner in the New Fox series.

Besides, her character — dynamic business-handsome sum of me. handsome sum of me woman runary woman such y be used in such a to and my home and fashion giddiness, Gray and my home away; says.

"She doesn't have time that stuff," she

for all that stuff," she says. "Let kids wear the says. "Let kids wear the says. "Let kids wear the skimpy clothes and hang out on the beach. I will be there in my suit, carrying my big L.A. bag filled with my cellular phone and filofax."

To her dismay, even a t in times of emergent to her customy, b at, but also in time close friend questioned Gray's willingness to wade me from, whateveror and whatever creed; morto of your embe ere we Americans ste

loyee of your embes. American foreign je macy. Please underg ny member of your but for those who f always take lesson e abilities. As for & uld always deflate is instead of being n: in the middle of g car and bus.

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risks. Each group animal. Can you

owing pattern?

Linda Gray surrounded by young girls on Models, Inc. By Lynn Elber into a series awash with beanties in their tense and early 20s. "My girlfriend said,

how do you have the guts to go in front of the camera with these girls?' I looked at her and thought, what kind of a statement is that?"

"I said, 'you've got to be kidding." I respect them, I admire their bodies and faces, but I'm holding my own. I'm doing OK."

Aaron Spelling, execu-tive producer of Models a spinoff of his Melrose Place, agrees, Gray's sexy beanty is part of the reason he cast her, he

"We wanted to find a woman who could fall in love, have romance. The cliche that women over 40 don't make love or fall in love is a bunch of trash," Spelling says.

Gray "is perfect for the role and she will have romantic interests."

In an early episode, Spelling made good on that promises: Sparks and a kiss passed between Gray and a police detecdeath of one of her models.

In real life, the single actress is focusing on fami-ly, not romance. One of the reasons she was glad to get back into a series --after 11 years on another nighttime soap, Dallas was to stay close to home.

Her parents, two grown children and a grandchild live in southern California, and Gray has a house in the Los Angeles area.
But a series of made-forTV movies kept her on the road for much of last year. "The movies allowed

me to create a role, a character, and be done with it in a month," she says. "But the downside was those movies did not film in Los Angeles. The bad news was that I was in hotels for seven months in various cities."

She developed a wish list. "I wanted to work, work close by, and I wanted to wake up in my own bed every morning. And I got everything I wanted.

"I have my family near me, and that's the most

tive investigating the important grounding and centring area of my life."

Gray first read about the part of Hillary in a tabloid magazine while with her grandchild in a doctor's waiting room. A brief item mentioned the name of several actresses. Gray's peers, being considered for the role.

"I called my agent and he said, 'hey, we're all over it," Gray recounts, her scepticism showing. A few days later, after a brief meeting with Spell-ing and other Models producers, she had the role.

Hillary was introduced on Melrose Place as the estranged mother of that series' scheming vamp. Amanda, played by Heather Locklear. As in-itially conceived, Hillary had a toucher edge, says Gray, a model herself before turning to acting.

"Aaron and everybody else wanted her to be the bitch, in capital letters," she says. "But then they realised at this stage in a women's life you don't have to do that. You're hopefully more rounded... and life itself kind of mel-

"I said I want her to

have a conscience, a heart, vulnerability. I want her to be feisty, funny, outrageous at times, and nasty when she has to be nasty. As Sue Ellen Ewing,

and oilman's trophy wife on Dallas, Gray's look was that of a pampered creature of the excessive '80s. She's adopted a far different style for Models.

"The jewellery is minimal. I wear a watch and small carrings. And the suits are very nice, but they're very businesslike," she says. "I'm wearing Richard Tyler, Donna Karan, Calvin Klein, And my hair is simple. A businesswoman doesn't have time to fuss."

Gray wasn't constrained by expectations about how older women should or shouldn't look.

"I didn't go dowdy. I didn't go matronly," she says. "It's sort of hip, cool; a businesswoman for the '90s.

That's how the tenacious Gray sees herself: An actress for the '90s -



Linda Gray in Dailes

and beyond. "I could have done Dallas and said that's it," she says. "I think a lot of

people get caught in that and disposed of. It's like you've had your 15 mi- . My two great buzzwords

"I think 'how dare anyone say you're finished." are: 'Watch me.'

Healing Vietnam-American wounds

By Denis D. Gray The Associated Press

BANGKOK -- A Hollywood actress who once starred in martial arts movies has made an acclaimed film that seeks to close the wounds Vietnamese and Americans still carry from the Vietnam War.

Rather than feature battlefield action and political, machinations, From Hollywood To Hanoi focuses on filmmaker Tiana Alexandra herself, who left Vietnam as a child, drifted to Hollywood and returned to her homeland six years ago to find her

The documentary mixes interviews with senior and rave reviews from cri-

Communist leaders and Gen. William Westmoreland, who commanded U.S. troops during the war, with scenes of daily Vietnamese life and Tiana's reflections on her emotional homecoming. There are even cuts from her corny B-movies.

"My mission, if you will; is to build this bridge between two cultures, my two selves," says the filmmaker, who calls herself Tiana and prefers not to use her last name. "I want to tell both sides: 'the war is over.

The film, which officially premieres in Los Angeles in August, already has won several awards at film festivals

tics. It also was screened to U.S. congressmen with an interest in Vietnam.

But Communist officials have complained about scenes showing Vietnamese mistreating Americans, while the anti-Communist Vietnamese in the United States have accused the filmmaker of using actress rather than real survivors of the massacre of Vietnamese villagers by U.S. troops at My

One of the staunchest anti-Communists, Tiana says, is her own father who still flies the flag of the fallen South Victnamese government at his home in San Jose, Calif. He served that govern-

ment as information

minister before seeking exile in the United States in 1966, and fears assassination if he returned to

Tiana, 32, said in an interview that her documentary is a "letter." or a "fax" to her father to return to Vietnam and let go of some of the prejudices he and many Americans have about the country. As an Asian-American

who grew up during the Vietnam War, Tiana whose Vietnamese name is Du Thi Than Nga - is sensitive to prejudice and racism.

"When I was a child. some would tell me: 'your people are kill our boys. What are you? A slant-

eved Commic? A VC? A gook?," she recalled. "To avoid all this my younger sisier told everybody she was Japanese."

Today. Tiana says such racist attitudes are perpetuated by Hollywood, with such movies as Sylvester Stallone's Rambo, and others about America's missing in action starring Chuck Nor-

"I'm critical of my own industry. There's been this policy in Hollywood to make money at any cost, she said. She said some movies

namese as "an evil Fu Man Chu only out to cat our boys. But she has high praise

depict almost every Viet-

for filmmaker Oliver Stone who has tried to make changes with such movies as Platoon, Born On The Fourth Of July and the recent Heaven And Earth. Stone is exccutive producer of Tiana's documentary.

Tiana said her plans include a television nuniseries called The War Is Over: A New Vietnam. and the creation of two film art schools for underprivileged children in Viernam.

In December, she hopes to stage a cultural festival in Hanoi, during which Hollywood To Hanoi will be shown publicly. She said American politicians and arisis will be invited to attend., .

CHANNEL 2 WEEKLY PREVIEW

Thursday, Aug. 25

Tiana Alexandra

7:15 Battlestar Galactica

8:30 Heart Of Courage 9:10 Murder She Wrote

10:00 News In English 10:20 Movie Of The Week

Friday, Aug. 26 8:30 The Munsters Today

> 9:10 E.N.G. Hero

Jake plays a beroic act. Is he going to be praised by his

10:00 News In English

10:20 Emilie

Emilie goes ahead with her plans to marry Henry although, deep inside, she is waiting to hear from Evin.

Saturday, Aug. 27

8:30 Movies, Games And Videos

9:30 The Campbells

Life By The Sword

A fencing match is held by Dr. Campbell and Simms.

10:00 News In English

10:20 Movie Of The Week

Sunday, Aug. 28

8:30 Step By Step Thirteen With A Bullet

Mark celebrates his thirteenth birthday - a day he gets one big disappointment.

9:10 Quantum Leap

10:00 News In English

10:20 Snow River

Luke continues his struggle; this time to own a home and a horse.

Monday, Aug. 29

7:15 Black Beauty

8:30 Home Free

9:10 Galactic Odyssey

10:00 News In English 10:20 Matrix

Moths To A Flame

A man, caught in a love triangle, is about to kill his

Tuesday, Aug. 30

7:30 Innovations

8:30 Hollywood Stunt Makers

9:10 The Commish

Return To The Screen Door

The commissioner helps a battered woman.

10:00 News In English

19:20 Rose Against The Odds Wednesday, Aug. 31

8:30 Bob 9:10 The Nature Of Things

10:00 News In English

10:20 Nanny

Ross is behind the provocative attempts to spread the principles of the French Revolution.

11:00 Poldark

Do computer images threaten movie jobs?

By Bob Thomas The Associated Press

LOS ANGELES — Tom Hanks shakes hands with John F. Kennedy. A Florida causeway is destroyed by an explosion. Two current hit movies feature those startling scenes. both created by a compu-

As seen in Forrest Gump and True Lies, such innovations have prompted some to worry that computers may play a major role in future filmmaking, perhaps endangering the livelihood of stunt players and other perfor-

Stop worrying, advises a cross section of industry folks. If anything, they say, computers may supply work. Digital Pictures Inc., for example, hired 45 stunt players from the Screen Actors Guild (SAG) for a one-hour, action-packed interactive video, Ground Zero Texas.

Still, veteran stuntman and director Terry Leonard takes a cautious view. In New York for Die Hard III, he planned a crash scene on city streets that he figured would require 15 stuntmen. By using optical effects and a split screen, he hired only five. Leonard, whose credits headroom."

include Apocalypse Now, Romancing (the Stone, The Fugitive (the train crash) and Maverick (the stagecoach chase), believes that computer imaging "will affect a lot of things in filmmak-

ing as we know it today."
"I'm afraid the stuntman entering the business today is not going to find it as lucrative as in the past," he said. "In fact, raising horses is looking more attractive to me than staging stunts, much as I love it. As soon as my boys get out of high school, I may start slowing

Donna Keegan, who doubled for Jamie Lee Curtis in the limobelicopter stunt in True Lies, serves as chairwoman for the SAG's stunt and safety committee, and says computers should concern everyone.

"Look how factory jobs have been lost because of computers," she said. "There is fear among stunt people, but we are in constant negotiations to make sure they are pro-

"Computer imaging is hot today, but I think the situation will be much like the music industry. Twenty years ago, everything was synthesised music. That lasted three to five years until people decided the ear doesn't want totally perfect sound. They would rather hear real music instead of max

Keegan cited an example of how computers have made stunts safer: "I did a 320-foot (97metre) fall for Jamie in Mother's Boys. I used a

'descender' (cable) that dropped me 200 feet (61 metres) and then slowly stopped my fall. I felt it, but it was more like getting out of bed in the morning. Later, the cable was erased from the film

Linda Fetters, who underwent 51/2 hours of makeup for stunts as the catwoman in Star Trek V. said that some members of the Stuntwoman's Association have been called for interactive videos.

by computer."

"So far. computers haven't worked against us," she said. "They're not a great concern for us. We're women, so that automatically makes us a minority, and we're constantly fighting that."

Bryan Unger of the Directors Guild of America monitors changing technology. "In the short term, we see no threat to our members," he said. "Directors still oversee

special effects, no matter how they are created. We want to make sure our directors are aware of the latest developments, and we have been meeting with the various manufac-

"I don't think computer imaging will hurt us in the long run," said Max Kleven, who has directed action for Batman Returns, the Back To The Future trilogy, Wbo Framed Roger Rabbit and Robin Hood, Prince Of Thieves.

"The business is changing. Now, you can stage a movie.

car turnover in the desert and put it on a New York street. You can make a big bang by computer, whereas doing it live would be too expensive. If it draws people in the theatre. thai's good. Any time an action picture is a success,

it helps the business." Meanwhile, SAG is elosely monitoring the situation, and remains concerned.

"But we cannot foresee a situation where actors will he reproduced by computers," a SAG spokesman said. "Filmmakers will still depend on performers to give movies the sense of depth, movement and human emotion. You can never duplicate the human soul.

In Terminator II, for example, Robert Patrick was converted into an automation. The actor was filmed in the action. then his image was copied on computers using the rotoscope process.

The computer revolution is not the first new technology that has caused concern in the film industry. When sound was introduced in the late 1920s, many industry leaders predicted it was impractical. It was too expensive to convert studios and equip theatres, they

The great Irving Thalberg predicted: "Sound will be an important adjunct to the industry, but it won't replace the silent

Africans slowly breaking AIDS taboo

By Amba Dadson The Associated Press ABIDJAN, Ivory Coast — When Juliana Gbami's husband died three years ago, doctors told her the cause was kidney failure.

Just kidney failure. Three months later, when Gbami was stricken with recurring fevers, diarrhoea and chronic fatigue, they said he'd really had AIDS. And now, so did she.

"And that's when I collapsed and really fell ill," said the Ivorian, a retired social worker.

Even while it consumes the continent, many people in Africa can't bring themselves to even mention AIDS. Experts say that's one of the reasons the deadly disease is

of something almost unheard of in Africa: An AIDS support group dedicated to breaking the fatal taboo of silence.

"It started very, very tentatively," said Dr. Marc Aquirre, an American doctor at the Medical and Social Assistance Centre, a counselling centre financed by the Church of Christ.

"A lot of these people are very reticent. But we basically had a party and got people talking about themselves.

That is rare indeed in Africa, which accounts for 10 million of the world's 16 million infections of HIV, the virus that causes acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS), according to the World Health Organisation (WHO).

Experts say a cultural modesty and deep reluctance to be the bearer of bad news - even mong some doctors — is a powerful social force.

"Africans with AIDS do not go and see their doctors, because of our traditional sense of modesty and shame," said Yaya Diallo, a Senegalesc sociologist at the University of Dakar.

They prefer to "leave it to God" to decide their fate and try traditional medicine."

Ms. Gbami said she had to fight to get her doctor to admit that her husband had AIDS. The doctor, an old friend of her husband's, never could face her, she said. Instead, he sent two other doctors to take her into a private room and break the news.

The support group, which began meeting weekly in July, represents a quiet revolution that has even compelled some people to become community awareness crusaders.

"I want to tell people that with HIV you can still live. It is not the end of the world," said Etienne Tape, who organised the group he dubbed "The Friends Club."

When you mention AIDS, everyone is afraid," said Tapie, 28, who was diagnosed as HIV-positive in March.

"No one even wants to tonch you. I have friends like me who have been chased out of their houses, who are all alone."

Not here, club meetings, which draw 35 to 40 people are lively, positive, animated. The pretty

teenage girl, the soft-spoken Gbami, the lanky father of four - all are either carriers of HIV or sufferers of its most advanced ravages.

Comfortable chairs are arranged in a circle. A stereo belts our pop hits. The unusually frank and intimate chat ranges from health issues to politics to the deeply devastating emotional toll the disease has taken.

"There's such a need for people to open up and talk to someone. That is all we aim to provide, really," said Dr. Aguirre. The Ivory Coast, with 18,670 documented AIDS

cases out of a population of 13 million, is West Africa's most heavily affected country. The disease is the leading cause of death of adult men and the secondleading cause of death among women, following childbirth.

Tall, handsome, fashionably dressed with a blonde streak dyed into a hip-hop haircut, Tape is a big fan of American pop culture and the National Basketball Association.

Though he took the news of his disease hard, he also took inspiration from his idol, retired NBA star Earvin "Magic" Johnson, who has the AIDS virus but still has a robust

Tape doesn't know from who he contracted the virus, but admits to a "rather wild life" of onenight stands and random

After the initial shock of the positive blood test, Tape devoured what literature he could find about the disease and began interviewing doctors at the Medical and Social Assist. ance Clinic.

He heard about the Nairobi, Kenya-based African network of people living with HIV and visited one of their meetings. Then he helped start

the friends club. "I want to be a symbol for young people with AIDS in Ivory Coast," he said. "I dress up smartly and hold my head high."

'Start early to stop children from smoking'

By Brenda C. Coleman The Associated Press

CHICAGO - Parents who want to keep their children from using tobacco should begin their efforts as soon as kindergarten, the American Heart Association says.

"We can show that we already have fixed smokers by the third grade." said Dr. Gerald S. Berenson, who led a session on tobacco at the association's first children's heart health conference.

"And we joke about it (not being younger) because the second-graders can't read the questionnaire," he added.

Dr. Berenson is the principal investigator of the Bogalusa Heart Study, which has been tracking thousands of children's heart risks from the time they were born 20 years ago in Bogalusa, La.

The Heart Association planned to release its first scientific statement on smoking and children's

called smoking an adolescent addiction. The report estimated that 13 per cent of 12-to 18-year-olds -3.1 million youngsters smoke cigarettes, and that 1 million use snuff or

chewing tobacco. Dr. Samuel S. Gidding, who co-chaired the smoking session, said youngsters need to be helped even before birth,

"We need to work on the mothers to not smoke, so either as fetuses or as young children, they don't get the passive smoke," he

For older children, "we need to create a climate that counteracts the large and pervasive effects of advertising by the tobacco industry," said Dr. Gidding, director of preventive cardiology at Children's Memorial Hospital in Chicago.

The tobacco industry spent \$5.23 billion on advertising in 1992, according to the latest federal trade commission Health at the Federal Centres for Disease Control and Prevention

(CDC). That was more than triple the CDC's entire budget that year.

"It's mind-boggling. The numbers are difficult to grasp," Dr. Eriksen

Tobacco companies heatedly deny that their advertising targets chil-dren. An American Medical Association study, however, showed that sales of Camel cigarettes to children increased from \$6 million to \$476 million in the four years after "Joe Camel" cartoon ads were intro-

Dr. Berenson, director of the Tulane Centre for Cardiovascular Health in New Orleans, said preventing heart disease in future generations will require educating children in kindergarten and earlier against smoking.

duced.

"We'd like to get it down to head start," he said, referring to the Eriksen, director of the federally funded pre-Surgeon General's report Office on Smoking and school programme for a year.

The smoking rate seems to have levelled off in teens, but the use of smokeless tobacco is rising, said Steven Y. Sussman, an associate professor of preventive medicine at the University of Southem California.

Unfortunately, antismoking efforts probably boost the use of smokeless tobacco, which many people mistakenly believe is less harmful, he said.

Lası year, Surgeon General Joycelyn Elders warned that increasing use of smokeless tobacco among youths may foreshadow an epidemic of oral cancer. Ms. Elders said that chewing tobacco. like cigarettes, speeds the heartbeat, raises blood pressure and promotes damage to arteries.

Researchers have linked tobacco smoke to heart disease as well as lung and other cancers. emphysema, asthma and other diseases. They have 500,000 premature deaths

Map of the human genome

By Sylviane Robinet

After five years of uninterrupted research, three French geneticists from the "Genethon" Laboratory, Professor Daniel Cohen, Dr. Ilya Chumakov and Dr. Jean Weissenbach, have succeeded in establishing the "physical map" of 90 per cent of the human genome. Although it is, as yet, incomplete, this map is an extremely precious tool for researchers all over the world. It will make it possible to very quickly identify a large number of genes responsible for hereditary diseases.

PARIS - This map, drawn up by French geneticists, is one of the major objectives of the world "Human Genome" programme, launched in 1990 by American and European researchers which aims to decrypt the 3.5 billion elements of our DNA (deoxyribonucleic

The physical map of the genome is presented in the form of 33,000 little tubes, tion of DNA. These tubes have been numbered and arranged according to the position held by each frag-ment in the chromosomes. In order to obtain this result, the researchers of the Genethon set about a global exploration of our genetic heritage. First of all, they took DNA from ten cells which they cut up into thousands of pieces. Each fragment was then duplicated millions of times through a complex cloning mechanism and. after minutely re-cutting the pieces with the help of powerful computers, their

order was resequenced. Our genetic heritage is borne by 23 pairs of homologous chromosomes which we inherited from our parents (in each pair one chromosome is and the other by the father). These chromosomes are made up of DNA. They contain all the biological instructions enabling the original cell, the fertilised ovum, to divide up into several billion cells. The latter, through a process known as differenciation, will diversify and form our tissues (liver, skin and muscles). The DNA is a long molecule made of a chain of four fundamental sub-units, called bases and symbolfor adenine, thymine, guanine and cytosine.

In DNA, these four bases follow on one another in a very precise and determining order, as this arrangement alone is a message. Our genome thus contains several thousand DNA sequences crammed with some 5,000 bases having a key function. These are our genes, those units of information which transmit the physical characteristics proper to a species, from one generation to another, as well as some family resembl-

height, etc. Each gene makes a specific protein operate, cartying out an essential function in the tissues. The 100,000 active genes borne by the chromosomes barely represent 5 per cent of the DNA contained in each of our cells. Research is, at present, being carried out to understand the true rôle of the 95 per cent of remaining DNA.

When the genetic heri age is transmitted from the parents to their children, certain anomalies ("mutations") can modify . the order of the bases (a base being replaced by another one, or the absence of one or several bases). These mutations are harmless when the message remains comprehensible and there will simply be, for instance, a change in the hair colour. On the other hand, they are extremely serious if they make the message incoherent. The gene then influences an abnormal or non-existent protein. That is when genetic disease appears.

Today, there are more than 4,000 known heredit-ary diseases. They are responsible for 30 per cent of infant mortality and 25 provided by the mother per cent handicaps. In order to treat these diseases, the genes involved first have to be located and their function known. that is to say the proteins on which they act and the mechanisms regulating them. It is only after that, that therapeutical methods can be developed. This apparently simple procedure is, in fact, extremely long and fastidious. It amounts to discovering, in a necklace made up of 3.5 billion beads wrapped around itised by the four letters self, the one which does A,T,G and C, respectively not conform to the others. Indeed, in the cells, the

DNA presents itself in the form of a very confused and almost impenetrable threadlike network. When a researcher attempts to locate a faulty gene, he has to break the DNA into thousands of pieces in order to make it accessible, and then, with the help of a genetic marker (a gene which is known and transmitted at the same time as the disease and which, following a basic law of genetics, must be situated in the same chromosome region as the ances such as the colour of gene being sought), he the eyes and the hair, will be able to identify the



physical map of 90 per cent of the human

fragment containing the mutation. Once he has to put all the pieces back in the right order.

The physical map of the it possible to discover the genes responsible for diseases such as epilepsy, diabetes, asthma and muscular dystrophy far more quickly, because itpresents the human DNA already cut up into tiny fragments which bear markers and are catalogued and ordered. But, as Professor Cohen, Dr. Chumakov and Dr. Weissenbach point out, "this map covers just over 90

per cent of the genome. It is not definitive. It conachieved this, he still has tains a certain percentage of errors. It is incomplete in places. In short, it is not perfect. It is a first generahuman genome will make tion map but it should prove immediately useful to many researchers."

The Genethon is a laboratory financed by donations from French television viewers. It is not a commercial enterprise. That is one of the reasons why these three researchers have decided to make their results freely available to the international scientific community - L'Actualite En

ant 1(a)

Continue

The state of

districts districts described

ANSWERS

BANK OF KNOWLEDGE

1. No, small earthware pots or pans.

2. Yes, usually a ship's boat.

3. Yes, and they don't know what they are missing. 4. No, a plant and its leaves (source of atropine, hyoscyamine and socopolamine). 5. Yes.

6. No, it is a vitamin (B2) deficiency disease (with a Sinhalese name).

7. It is a tap with a bent nozzle fixed at the end of the

8. Yes.

PUZZLES

(A) The missing animals and the words they complete are:

CAT (EDUCATION)

2. RAM (PYRAMID

3. ASS (PASSAGE)

4. LION (BILLIONAIRE)

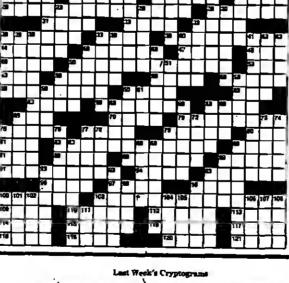
5. LAMB (CLAMBER)

(B) 13 needs a new line altogether — each number has been placed according to the number of letters in its usual spelling.

WEEKEND CROSSWORD

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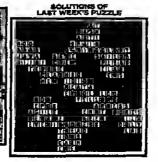
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Israel starts handing over W. Bank

(Continued from page 1)

The devoured what he probably initial the deal of disease and began, with Gen. Rothschild. It will be signed on Sunday in Erez the antonomous Gaza with viewing doctors at the antonomous Gaza and Social Aspect Clinic.

be signed on Suntay in the antonomous Gaza in th

He heard about israel, he added.

The deal, after six weeks of talks, will mark the start of talks, will mark the start of the second phase of self-rule is anothed in Gaza and the west Bank town of Jerisho with the signing of the autonomy accord on May 4.

I want to the signing of the autonomy accord on May 4.

Dr. Shaath welcomed the

Dr. Sheath welcomed the want to be a symbol fact that the deal would be initialled on the same day that Israel handed over control dress up small the Ramallah area of i. "I dress up smare hold my head high mans in the Ramallah area of the West Bank.

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ny researchers."

Palestinian Deputy Educa-tion Minister Naim Abu Hummus, and the town's israeli military governor, Colonel Yoni Figel, earlier signed a document sealing the handover at the self-rule authority's education minis-

But Abu Hummus has said that many problems re-mained and the Palestinians lacked materials, schools and "All the donor countries

shoud! stand beside us to give es the opportunity to run the education system (...)," he

Officers from the Israeli military administration and officials from the Palestinian education ministry witnessed the signing.

"I can now affirm that the next school year in the West Bank will be Palestinian, Mr. Abu Hummus said. Before the end of the

month, Israel is to hand over responsibility for education in all West Bank towns, in time for the start of the new school year on Sept. 1.

The 1993 education budget was \$43 million, said Elise

Signs emerge of Iraqi return

(Continued from page 12)

an, Pakistani, Italian and Spanish businesses and semi-governmental delegations are seen more frequently in Baghdad. Many of them lost large markets and trading partners when mission and its borders were closed to trade by the U.S.-led allies and the Un-

According to a senior member of the European Commission in Brussels, Europeans question whether the U.S.' insistence that sanctions against lraq not be softened may be due to "strategic and eco-nomic" rather than "secur-

ity" reasons. "It is a question we must raise. We suspect that the U.S. will put a heavy price on it's 'yeh' vote to lift sanctions," said a European diplomat. That price, many European officials suspect, may be "exclusive trade terms," said the deplomat.

The Europeans say that much like what happened in post-war Knwait and Saudi Arabia, the "big deals will all go to the Americans that's one price for lifting

But Iraqi officials say that trade conditions are only one item on a long list of terms that are being talked

"Now there are suggestions that Iraq take some (np to 150,000) of the Palestinian refugees from Lebanon and settle them permanently in Iraq," said

one official.
While Jordanian and foreign sources close to the multilateral refugee talks

34y they know "nothing of his," Iraqi sources say that the possibility of resettling lestinian refugees in Iraq is "being floated." Less than 50,000 Palesti-

mians lived in Iraq since 1948. Most of these were given Iraqi nationality. Demographers say hecause most Palestinians are either Sunni Muslims or Christians, their presence in Iraq is favourable for the traditional Sunni leadership of the country.

In Lehanon, the largely Muslim Palestinian population would further strain the delicate halance between religious groups and sects. Even if some were given Lebanese nationality not all 300,000 are expected

to stay m Lebanon. the words the The U.S. and Israel want at least some of the Palestinians in Lebanon to be settled in Iraq because it is

easier, diplomats said. traq oil has been trickling to several neighbouring countries. Both Iran and Turkey are reportedly receiving Iraqi oil at discount prices, and unofficial trade through the Kurdish north

and the Shiite south

Shazar, an Israeli spokes-

"Israel will pay the teachers' salaries for September and after that it is up to the Palestinian authority to do it," she added.

Israeli soldies handed over archives and computer data on education in Ramallah to Adel Al Halak, the Palestinian education chief in the

Ramallah has 150 schools, including 40 private ones, with 1,200 teachers and 43,000 pupils.
The entire West Bank has

1,357 schools, with 11,000 reachers for the 355,000 pupils. Government schools. run by the Israeli administration, account for two-thirds

About 500 new schools are needed in the West Bank and Gaza to accommodate the children of Palestinian refugees returning to the territories, the new Palestinian education ministry says.

Israel is due to hand over control of education by Aug. 29 m all West Bank towns, including Nahlus, Qalqilya, Tulkarm, Bethlehem and

But young Palestinians will follow the same courses set by the Israeli authorities last year, learning about the his-tory of the West Bank under Jordanian rule and the Gaza Strip under Egyptian admi-

Only in September 1995 will new textbooks be ready on the history of Palestine, senior Palestinian education official Abdullab Ahdul

Minaih said. But as Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres said last week, "for the first time in history it will be the Palestinians who will be responsible for their own children, their own education."

continues. The only U.N. approved transfer of oil from Iraq is to Jordan. U.S. officials have said that the low price of oil has prevented its Gulf allies,

approving Iraq's re-entry into the oil markets. pean governments have even linked the lifting of the oil embargo to the political situation in Algeria.

"If and when Algeria falls to the fundamentalists, the Algerian oil market will be probably be embargoed and then we will have to open up Iraq again," said a high-ranking member of a European diplomatie mission in Amman.

Some Asian officials have reportedly arged the Iraqi government to "opt for the Iranian alternative", by allying itself to the country with which it was at war for eight years.
"Through Iran they can

shift anything they want to the international market," said one Asian diplomat close to Baghdad.

Washington insiders believe that Iran and Iraq are now cooperating in new ways as a result of the embargo against Iraq. Washington fears that Iran and Iraq would pool mate-rial and knowhow to rebuild both Iraq's and Iran's weapons systems, rendering

disarmament insignificant. While there are long standing Iraqi trade rela-tions with both Tehran and Ankara, most observers argue that Baghdad has always looked more to the West in its trade relations

and diplomatic endeavours. "The Europeans and Asian delegations that have been visiting Iraq all have something on their agenda and to their agenda," said

an analyst. According to Washington insiders, the U.S. position on fraq has not changed since Bill Clinton took office. They say that Mr. Clinton's position towards Iraq may even get tongher. Every time the U.S. president makes an anti-Saddam statement his ratings in the popularity polls go up

slightly, they say.
"The U.S. still sends very conflicting signs to Iraq," said the Iraqi official. On Aug. 5, Mr. Clinton,

addressing Congress on Iraqi compliance with Gulf war ceasefire terms, accused Iraq of sponsoring acts of terror against U.N. and humanitarian workers.

"Reliable reports have indicated that the government of Iraq is offering reward money for terrorist acts against the U.N. and humanitarian relief workers in Iraq," he said. Becauseof such conduct, said Mr. Clinton, the U.S. intended to continue supporting



A decision by former South African President F. W. de Klerk to withdraw from Mr. Mandela's government could encourage (white extremists to launch a violent campaign against black majority rule (AFP photo)

White right's fangs drawn in Mandela's S. Africa

By David Tucker Reuter

JOHANNESBURG -President Nelson Mandela's three-month-old government has successfully drawn the fangs of South Africa's hardline right, but white power could still threaten the new order.

Fears of a violent white backlash — and even a race war - were fuelled ahead of Sonth Africa's first allrace elections in April by a bombing blitz that killed at least 20 people. But the threat from far-right whites has subsided since then.

people who are right-wingers are just basically facing up to the inevitable... there such as Saudi Arabia, from is a new government, an ANC-led government, in power... They realise there is nothing they can do," said Simon Baynham, an analyst at the Africa Institute think-tank.

Their world hasn't collapsed since Mandela came to power, Most people's lives have not changed at

all," said Mr. Baynham. "(But) there are still some hardliners out there... There may very well be some extreme factions dreaming up plans to shoot Mandela or some of his ministers," he told Reuters.

Mr. Baynham said a single act of terror, similar to the 1993 assassination by right-wing whites of Com-munist Party chief Chris Hani, was a real possibility, although he believed swift police action against white bombers had largely neut-"I think large numbers of ralised the right-wing military machine.

He said the swift arrests of right-wingers detained following the pre-election factor in the demise of the hardline right.

"The fact that police were so adept at picking up

these people showed the terrorist elements of the right wing bow heavily they had been penetrated," said Mr. Baynham.

The inclusion in the new black-majority government of former army chief general Constand Viljoen's rightwing Freedom Front had been a masterstoke.

Mr. Baynham said rightwing Afrikaners, many of whom had pledged never to recognise Mr. Mandela's government, had a political voice through the front, which seeks a homeland for Afrikaners through evolution rather than revolution. Another post-election

bonus was the decision of the pro-apartheid Conservative Party, which boycotted the April elections, to talk to the governhomeland.

Robert Schrire, a political scientist at Cape Town University, said while

the threat of right-wing vio-lence had all but ended. there was a danger of white industrial action.

"I think probably the greatest danger from the right wing would be through the (white) trade unions... a backlash against affirmative action in... government and the mining industry for instance." he told

Reuters. "White power isn't dead... but in terms of violence I think it's over."

Mr. Schrire said it was significant that Mr. Viljoen had been "brought into the system." The front, which fought the April elections on a platform of Afrikaner rights, has nine national parliamentary seats and is part of the national unity government.

"The (Viljoen) has taken the bite out of the right wing and (Eugene) Terre Blache has been exposed as a complete windbag," said Mr. Schrire, referring to the leader of the neo-Nazi Afrikaner Resistance Movement (AWB).

Recent ralities by the neo-Nazi leader, who before the election warned South Africans of impending face war. have been poorly attended. The AWB, whose insig-

nia resembles a swasnka, was humiliated in March when three of its members were shot dead by black police during a failed bid by the neo-Nazis to prop up the government of an apaitheid-era black homeland.

Mr. Schnre said, however, there was a danger of a right-wing resurgence if expresident F.W. de Klerk took the former ruling National Party (NP) out of

"If there is a dramatic increase in racial tension. If the NP leave the government... these people (hardline right-wingers) will come back," he said, commenting on calls by hardliners in the party for the NP to move into opposition.

"It's ironic that De Klerk, perceived as a traitor by hardline Afrikaners, is now the brake on the

right," Mr. Schrire said. Jakkie Cilliers, director of the Institute for Defence Policy, said Mr. Mandela's government had proved effective in accommodating the right wing, but a hurdle remained at local level.

"In national terms the right wing is no longer a

"Whatever threat there is now comes from the poorer Afrikaner people... Those who have the most to lose through affirmative action said Mr. Cilliers.

"I still see a lot of turbulence at local level,"

Relief groups overwhelmed by emergencies

By Edith M. Lederer The Associated Press

MASSAWA, Eritrea — Rutted airstrips. Antiquated ports. Impassable roads. Looted convoys. Millions of people waiting for food. Teeming masses of sick refugees. A shortage of money from weary

These are the headaches international relief organisations face as they struggle with the effects of drought, famine, pestilence and civil war in 10 countries in the Horn of Africa.

'We are heing overwhelmed by emergencies, said Bronek Szynalski, director of the U.N. World Food Programme's

only 36 per cent of the food needed in southern Sudan has been distributed because of a shortage of money to pay the \$4.5 million monthly cost of the airlift, the only means of delivering the food.

Vital shipments for Ethiopia and Éritrea cannot be unloaded quickly because the Red Sea ports of Massawa and Asab, now in Eritrea, don't have the capacity.
Massawa port can unload

a maximum of only 1,500 tonnes of cargo a day with machinery that is more than 30 years old and keeps breaking down. Bad roads and a shortage of trucks cause further de-

lays. A warehouse built by

the European Union is stuf-

fed with 40,000 tonnes of

food and more waits under

"So far, we've gotten

tarpaulins outside.

away with it because of the drought. If it rains — and we bope it does — the food is exposed. So it's a no-win situation," said Lalit Godamunue, director of the World Food Programme in

The U.N. agency made an emergency appeal for \$300,000 to buy spare parts for Massawa port to increase its capacity to 1,800 tonnes a day and \$800,000 to raise Asab's capacity from 3,500 tonnes a day to 5,000. By the end of July, not a single donation had materialised.

For relief organisations, coping with emergencies and appealing for funds go hand-in-hand.

The World Food Programme still needs donors to finance 40 per cent of its emergency food programme in the Horn of Africa and 71 per cent of its nonfood expenses, including transporation, logistics and monitoring distribution.

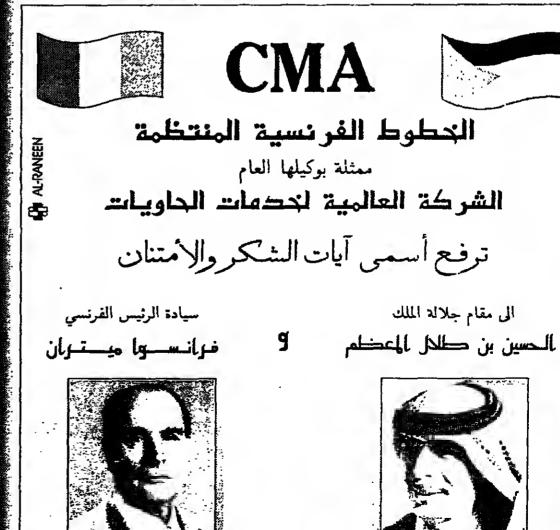
No longer do borrific images of victims of famine and natural disasters lead automatically to an out-pouring of public donations, said William D. Novelli, executive vice president of the U.S. relief agency CARE.

"Now, there's a sense of helplessness or fatigue, so the horrors of Rwanda have not attracted private donor support," he said. Even before the mass ex-

odus of Rwandan refugees to Zaire in early July, CARE had spent \$1 million on the Rwandan crisis. "We need to get it back," he said. "We need the pub-

hic to support the govern-

Save water ... every drop counts!





وسيادة رئيس الوزراء ووزير الخارجية ووزير النقل ووزير المالية على الجهود العظيمة التي بذلت من أجل رفع عمليات التفتيش عن ميناء العقبة. علما بأن CMA ومنذ خمسة عشر عاما قد واظبت على وتيرة رحلاتها المنتظمة والمباشرة الى العقبة بواقع ثلاث رحلات شهريا وستستمر CMA في تقديم خدماتها للسوق الأردني بذات الروح المتميزة .



COMPAGNIE MARTIME D'AFFRETMMENT THE SPIRIT OF IMAGINATION

market, free trade, and a free

currency - Lebanon has all

the right policies to attract

big international investment.

All it lacks, according to Bar-

ings Securities, is the physical

and institutional framework.

come a highly lnerative

portfolio-investment destina-

tion," analyst Hania Farhan

"It may not become the

regional bih it was before the

war (from 1975) because of

the globalisation of markets

and advances made by other

Arab countries, but it has

great potential to play a ma-

jor regional role. Over the

The London investment

house's report issued this

week said the cornerstone of

Lebanon's rebirth in the 1989

Taif agreement, and the

catalyst for reform is the per-

sonality and ability of Prime

than any other in recent

vears, has demonstrated an

ability to maintain some

order and unity of purpose in

This government, more

Minister Rafik Hariri.

next decade it should boom,"

she added.

"Lebanon looks set to be-

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national currency. **Peanuts** al," Ms. Farhan said in the report.

struction, reform and reviv-

Hariri guiding Lebanon to

boom times, Barings says

She acknowledges dissent, however, about Mr. Hariri's style. He is accused variously of running the country like one of his corporations and of too close a tie with neighbouring Syria.

But its rebuilding is likely to catapult Lebanon back into world financial markets and establish it as a regional business services centre. focusing on trade rather than

Ms. Farhan said international investors have been watching with increasing in-terest as Lebanon hauled inflation down to around 15 per cent now from 131 per cent in 1992, successfuly fought off creeping "dollarisation" in the economy, halted a turn on the lira, cut its budget deficit and its foreign debt to GNP ratio

The IFC (International Finance Corporation) is said to be considering a Levant fund, which will be the first in the region," noted Ms. Farhan. "A number of major the Lebanese drive for recon- financial institutions are posi-

tioning themselves for when the market comes on stream.

The IFC confirmed it was "discussing structuring a fund with various sponsors." It will be launched in the next

However, Barings warned that Lebanon is still relatively high risk. Concerns centre on the presence of 35,000 Syrian troops there, the flourishing pro-Iranian Hizbollah militia which now holds eight seats m the 128-seat parliament) and the fragility of the whole

Middle East peace process.

Foreign aid has been limited, Ms. Farhan said, "because of strong regional and international competition for such funds."

"Donor commitments for the next three years do not exceed \$1.6 billion in the form of soft loans and grants, including \$175 million from the World Bank and \$389 million from Italy.
In the absence of real

donor interest, Lebanon bas turned to global markets. The float of Solidere, the joint stock company formed to rebuild Beirut, was initial-

but it is now worth around \$5 billion. It was 42 per cent oversubscribed to its initial

\$650 million cash offering. The shares, now closed to non-Arab investors, may be accessible via options and mutual funds by November,

Lebanon bas no official credit rating from Standard Poors or Moodys but an imminent Eurobond issue, lead managed by Merrill Lynch and underwritten by In-dosnez and Paribas, will test investor interest, Ms. Farhan

Under its 10-year Horizon 2000 reconstruction plan, Lebanon will be seeking a total \$18.4 billion (at current prices) from external and domestic sources and there will be plenty of openings for foreign direct or portfolio in-

The government is also expected to target the wealth of "offshore" Lebanese, estimated by the central bank to be worth \$30-\$40 billion. Some \$4 billion has been remitted over the past two

Danish budget marks return to austerity

COPENHAGEN (AFP) — Denmark is set to return to a period of financial rigour and controlled public spending after two years of expansionist policies aimed at relaunching the economy, according to the 1995 budget proposal presented Wednesday by Finance Minister Mogens Lyk-

The budget was presented a week ahead of schedule to end record turbulence on financial markets, unsure of the centre-left government's future policies, which led to a rise to interest rates.

"Economie recovery (4.6 per cent growth this year and a forecast three per cent growth for 1995) is wellrooted in Denmark, proving that our strategy to stimulate the economy bore fruit," Mr. Lykketort said.

But despite this growth, the strongest since 1984, the budget deficit will stay high in 1995 at an estimated 45.3 billion kroner (\$7.46 billion) or 4.6 per cent of GNP, down slightly from this year's 47.3 hillion kroner deficit.

The conservative opposition led by the Liberal Party did not share the government's optimisim, and calling the budget irresponsible.

"This deficit is too high. It should be cut by at least 10 billion kroner, as otherwise there are likely to be more interest rate rises — which could scopped stable and lasting economic growth," said former Liberal economy minister Anders Rogh Ras-

But Mr. Lykketort insisted the government was "on the right path, and we hope to stabilise public spending, eliminate our foreign debt of 140 billion kroner (\$25 billion) and reach a balance by the year 2000."
He said the public spend

ing deficit should drop to 30.4 billion kroser in 1995, or 3.3 per cent of GNP, very close to the standard set by the third phase of the European Upion's economic and

monetary union, which sets public deficits at no more than three per cent of GNP.

In order to get there, the government coalition of Social-Democrats, Radicals, Centrist- Democrats and Christians has opted for a tight financial policy by the narrowly controlling public spending, which will be cut by 1.2 per cent to avoid the economy overheating, a shortage of manpower and an inflationary spiral, with infla-

tion forecast to be no more

than 2.2 per cent in 1995

against 2.1 per cent a year

"We must maintain the balance of payments surplus of 25 billion kroner in 1994 and 1995, improve our industrial competitiveness and contain inflation to around two per cent," the minister said.

Net public spending will amount to 392.58 billion kroner(\$64.8 billion), a drop or 4.9 billion kroner compared to the 1994 budget. Nearly half (47 per cent of

flation to rise as the year goes

on because increased second-

half government spending

and big credits to ailing farms

The government has prom-

ised end-1994 monthly infla-

tion rates of seven to nine per

Lower money market in-

terest rates have already had

an impact on Russia's tiny

currency markets, with cus-

tomers dumping roubles for

help bridge a big gap between

will boost money supply.

public spending will go on pensions, unemployment benefits, sick pay, public assist. ance and housing aid.

The social affairs ministry has the biggest budget, set at 99.665 billion kroner, followed by the labour ministry (41.2 billion), the interior ministry (36.3 billion), the education ministry (24.8 billion), and the defence ministry (15.1 billion kroner).

The cooperation ministry which handles foreign aid, will get a 400 million kroner raise taking its budget to 9.2 billion. This corresponds to one per cent by the country's

Repayments of the state's internal and foreign debts will cost 60.2 billion kroner

The government does not intend new taxes to try to absorb the budget deficit. Fiscal pressure, one of the highest in the world, will be eased, going from 49.3 per cent of GNP in 1994 to 49.1 per cent in 1995.

foreign exchange dealers said

they expected the rouble to

fall further in coming days.

after the credit emission and

the situation on the currency

market is panicky. The cen-

tral bank is trying to brake

the rouble's fall, but it does

not always succeed," said

Stanislav Tregub, treasurer at

Business Bank.

"A rouble surplus persists

Haitian currency drops to record low against dollar

PORT-AU-PRINCE (R) — Panic selling drove the battered Haitian currency to a record low Tuesday after the beleaguered central bank moved to keep the crippled economy limping along by banning dollar transactions and restricting credit.

Local radio announced that the Haitian gourd had fallen below the psychological barrier of 30 gourdes to the Sidewalk money changers

thronging the area known as Wall Street were selling the currency for as low as 24 to the dollar Tuesday. The gourde had been hovering at about 19 for several days.

Although the measures banning U.S. dollar denominated financial transactions and cutting bank lending were aimed at propping up the currency, they initially had the opposite effect.

"People are panicking because they don't know what's going on and they're switching their money to dollars," Kesner Pharel, an economic consultant to the central and private banks, told Reuters.

A government communique issued late Monday banned domestic financial trans-actions in U.S. dollars and said all prices must be posted in Haitian gourdes, which it reminded its citizens was the

The government said the decision was taken to stop the devaluation of the gourde, which is estimated to have lost 40 per cent of its value since July 1 and 42 per cent since the beginning of the

Monetary authorities Monday also ordered banks to cut back commercial lending in a bid to tighten money supply in an economy struggling with increased public spending and the drying up of export income.

The moves appeared to be an effort to allow public spending vital to the militarybacked government to continue at the expense of banks and private business, which would be further hurt by the credit restrictions.

Haiti's economy has been ravaged by U.S.-led economic sanctions aimed at forcing Lientenant General The trade ban has stopped foreign trade and financial transactions, sbut factories and businesses and sent fuel and food prices soaring.

Tood prices have tripled while parts of the country dependent on diesel-powered electricity have not had electrical power for months. Haitians and Western aid workers report children are dying because country hospitals can no longer perform most operations.

Haitians, who despite the country's economic problems bave not been through the

kind of currency collapse and hyper-inflation seen in Latin America, have traditionally held assets to Haitian currency, economists say. But prices for cars and even houses bave lately increasing-ly been advertised in U.S.

dollars. "What makes it painful is that Haitians are not used to this," said a Western economic analyst, referring to the fall of the currency and ram-

pant inflation. "That's why people now are so scared — this is like a psychological coup to them," Mr. Pharel said.

Haitian and Western economists said the central bank measures were unlikely to stem the increase in money supply, which could further fuel inflation, estimated by Mr. Pharel at about 100 per œnt.

"The basic problem is pubhic sector credit which re-mains nuchanged," said the Western analyst, "Unless you can address that and that would mean sacrificing other projects... you can't really address these problems with those measures."

The military-backed goverument, under threat of U.S. invasion if Lieutenant-General Cedras does not step down, this month lifted a ceiling of money supply. allowing it to put more currency in circulation.

Colombo's new

government halts privatisation

COLOMBO (AFP) - Sri Lanka's new government Wednesday revoked plans by the previous administration to privatise three state-run

enterprises in the construction sector, officials said. The three firms had been turned into private companies ahead of selling-off their controlling interests, but the new Housing and Construction Minister Nimal Siripala de Silva stopped the

move, officials said. The Building Materials Corporation, the Steel Cor-poration and the State Engineering Corporation will now remain within the public sector but action will be taken to improve their profitability, the minister told his staff Wednesday.

The new People's Alliance government, which groups communists and leftist parties, had pledged to follow free-market policies but at the same time emphasised the need for state intervention in crucial sectors of the economy. An ambitious privatisation

Despite some sluggishness that has set in toward the end of this programme known by the official enphemism "peoweek, you can still accomplish pbsation" was launched by the right-wing United National Party (UNP) gov-ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Morning is fine for studying new ernment which was voted out outlets through which to expand.
A direct course is the best to of power last week. follow at this time for best re-

Russia cuts interest rates despite rouble slide Even before the rate cut, around five per cent. But economists expect in-

MOSCOW (R) — Russia's central bank said Wednesday it was cutting its three-month refinancing rate to 130 per cent from 150 per cent, the second rate cut this month and the seventh this year.

The new rate, which came despite the rouble's fall to new all-time lows around 2,190 to the dollar on the Russian interbank market, is effective immediately, a spokeswoman said.

She said the cut continued previous policies and brought the central bank rate closer into line with money market rates, currently around 105 per cent for three-month

The bank was also con-

Pioneer designs.

* DAJANI'S

GENERAL TENDENCIES:

This is a good day to follow every rule and regulation that applies

to you, even though some may

seen unfair and unproductive

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20)

Use an improved method where

finances are concerned and gain

benefits. Take treatments to im-

prove your appearance and

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Come to the right decision con-

cernings relations with associ-

ates. Be sure to spend your

money wisely today so you will MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to

July 21) Get your tasks com-

pleted early in the day so you'll

have more time for social activi-

ties later. Use care in motion

Amman

since 1988

IRRESISTIBLE

Polished performance

Gold & Gems. Jewellery.

Amra Hotel Shops. 6th Circle. Amman.

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR FRIDAY AUGUST 26, 1994

By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

cerned about non-payments in every sector of the economy and about failing production, she added. "This is a continuation of our existing policies."

The central bank has lowered its refinancing rate, which is used for some credits to commercial banks, in stages from 210 per cent following a steady fall in monthly inflation and in money

narket interest rates. The first rate cut was at the end of April.

Under Russia's methods of calculating interest rates the new rate is equivalent to just over 10 per cent a month, twice as much as recent monthly inflation rates

Rio de Janeiro

since 1975.

VIRGO: (August 22 to Septem

ber 22) your are able now to get

the support of associates in a new project you have in miod. Show

LIBRA: (September 23 to Octo-

ber 22) State your views to associates early in the day and

come to a fine agreement. Strive for increased happiness io your

SCORPIO: (Oe10ber 23 to November 21) Don't neglect to handle monetary affairs which

are important to your welfare. Don't take any risks in your life

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Study your financial status and find a better

way to increase your iocome. Be wary of false friends who pretend

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to

January 20) Obtain important information you need at the right sources. Maintain a cheerful

manner at all times today.

le any situation.

personal life.

at this time.

to appreciate you.

thers you have wisdom to hand-

dollars due to lower rouble vields. Turnover on the Moscow interbank currency exchange reached a record \$165.45 million Wednesday and the cen-tral bank sold \$20 million during the trading session to

supply and demand

Prime Minister Viktor Chernomyrdin said this month the government was framing its policy so that bank interest rates could be between 110 and 120 per cent year by the end of 1994. Central bank ebairman

Viktor Gerashschenko, who wants to reduce the cost of borrowing for stake indus-tries, has said the refinancing rate may be lowered to 110 per cent by end-1994.

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR THURSDAY AUGUST 25, 1994 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: -others. Show more affection for The Taurus Mooo squares both Neptune and Uranus in the A.M. come now. creating obsessions with the unusual and the unconventional. Communications with others is

difficult as people are restless, irritable and stubborn. ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Extend your loterests so you can gain more profits in the future. Be less demanding of your family

members: Express happiness. TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Take the right steps to improve your financial position. A new project needs more study before-

going ahead with it for best results. GEMUNI: (May 21 to June 21) Schedule your activities wisely so you get maximum use of your

time. Be sure to use extreme caution in motion today. MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) You can now understand how to improve your financial position so don't waste valuable

time oo trival matters. LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Go after your finest personal aims and you can easily gaio them. Sidestep a foe who could spoil your bappiness with your loved

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Study your amhitions well now and don't confide in

your mate. Many benefits can LIBRA: (September 23 to Octo-

ber 22) Go after personal aims with more enthusiasm and effort and you can easily gain them. Be trouble.

SCORPIO: (Oe10ber 23 10 November 21) You are now able to get the backing you need from a higher-up for a new project. Be sure to keep promises you've made to friends.

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) You can make a good impression on others by showing you are honest and de-cent. Relax at home tonight with close friends and loved ones.

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Be more objective in dealing with others where busioess matters are concerned or you could jeopardise your security.

AQUARIUS: (Jaouary 21 to February 19) Be sure 10 keep the promises made to family mentbers. Come to a better accord with associates. Think constructively about all matters.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Go after your aims in a positive manner and get excelleot results. Contact loyal friends who can be helpful to you with a new assignment.



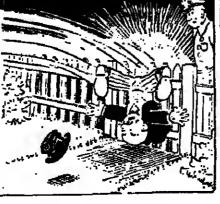




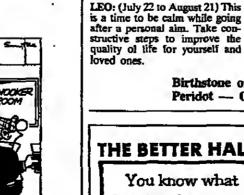


Mutt'n'Jeff







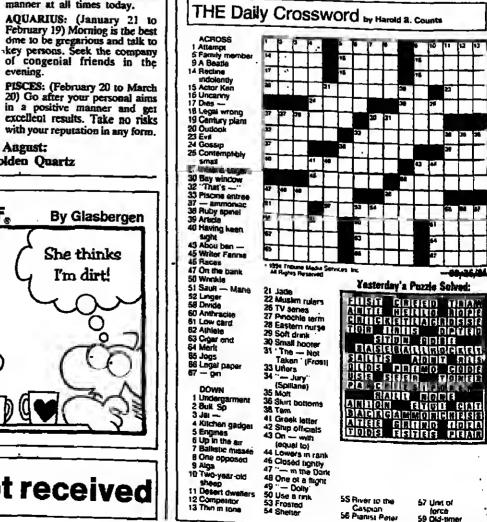


Jumble not received



Birthstone of August:

Peridot --- Golden Quartz



Financial Markets

Jordan Times in co-operation with

. Cairo Amman Bank



U.S. Dollar in International A	 Narkets_	**
Currency	New Yrok Clase Testr 23/8/94	Tokuo Close Dar 24/8/94
Sterling Pound	1.5570	1.5555
Deutsche Mark	1.5311	7.5353
Swiss Franc	1.2910	1.2945
French Franc	5.2525	5_2890**
Japanese Yes	97.82	98.52
European Curreny Unit	1.2400	1.2334**

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•	l-un-p-an	Opening of	j.:09	a.m. ,GMT

Eurocurrency Interest its	Date: 24/8/1994			
Currency	LMTH	3 MTHS	6 MTHS	12 MTHS
U.S. Dollar · ·	4.56	4.75	5.06	5.56
Sterling Pound	4.75	5.12	5.68	6.50
Deutsche Mark	4.62	4.68	4.81	5.06
Swiss Franc	3.93	4.06	4.25	4.50
French Franc	5.25	5.37	5.68	6.12
Japanese Yen	1.43	2.06	2.12	2.37
European Corrency Unit	5.45	5.81	4.12	4.54

Currency	Bid	Offer
U.S. Dollar	0.6920	0.6940
Sterling Pound	1.0753	1.0807
Deutsche Mark	0.4504	0.4527
Swiss Franç	0.5344	0.5371
French Frane	0.1313	0.1320
Japanese Yen	0.7030	0.7065
Dutch Guilder	0.4012	0.4032
Swedish Kronz	*****	*****
Itelian Liro :	0.0441	0.0443
Reigian Franc		****

Other Currencies	<u> </u>	24/8/1994
Currency	, Bid	Offer
Behraini Dinar	1.8190	1.8320
Lebanese Lira .	. 0.040475	0.041875
Saudi Riyal	0.1842	0.1853
Kovaiti Dinar	2.3150	2.3450
Qatari Riyal	0.1889	0.1901
Egyptian Pound	0.2020	0.2150
Omani Riyal	1.7780	1.7940
VAE Dirham	0.1878	0.1887
Greek Drachma	0.2775	0.3275
Cypriot Pound	1,0000	1.5200

dents of Iran and Turkmenistan launched a \$7 billion project Wednesday to carry Turkmen gas via Iran and Turkey to Europe in what was billed by Tehran as one of the world's biggest energy transfer deals.

Tehran Radio said Iran's Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani and Saparmurat Niyazov of Turkmenistan attended a ceremony south of Tehran where the first hole was dug

Both men hailed the project as a symbol of cooperatino in the strategic region

the world," Tehran Radio quoted Iranian Oil Minister Gholamreza Aqazadeb as

ment to build the pipeline,

years to build and cost \$7 billion. The section in Iran would cost \$3.5 billion, half of which would be financed by Iran, according to Mr.

at a conference on Islmic nnity in Tehran later Wednesday, said the pipeline was a prime example of Islamic cooperation, the radio

"This great project will lead to extensive cooperation in the region — and this is what world arrogance cannot bear," he said, referring to expressed U.S. concern about the perceived threat of Iran expanding its influence in the newly independent republics of the former Soviet

Union.
"I share the (Iranian) president's belief that this project is very important for solidarity and unity of nations and security and stability of the region," the radio quoted Mr. Niyazov as saying before leaving Tehran for home la-

ter Wednesday. The pipeline is crucial for Turkmenistan whose traditional gas export rontes through Russia have been disrupted since the Soviet Union disintegrated in 1991.

If and when completed, it will provide a new source of income for Iran in transit fees to supplement oil revenue which has been hit by weak crude oil prices in recent years

EYEGI ASS satellite.

- Jerusalem Post.

one metre.

provided with satellite services.

Saudi firm to help

construct photo-satellite

The United States has approved the participation of a

Saudi company in a project for the manufacture of a photo-satellite, despite the objections of Israel and the

The Saudi company joined as an equity investor in the consortium of three companies already working on the

In return for its investment, the company will be

The EYEGLASS satellite can view objects as small as

The U.S. Army and the CIA opposed a Saudi role in the project, but the U.S. Commerce Department supported its

participation, finally approving the company's investment

Mr. Rafasanjani said Iran had the technology to build pipes of up to three metres (10 feet) in diameter for the

Mr. Aqazadeh said Tuesday that the pipeline would have an initial annual capacity of 15 billion cubic metres and would be expanded to 28 billion cubic metres in a second phase.

The transit fees and some other details of the deal would be decided in meetings over the next few months of a committee of Turkmen, Ira-man, Turkish, Russian and Kazakh officials who will oversee the building of the pipeline, he said. The next meeting is set for

Canadian dollar

Deutschemarks

Shipping lines to raise cargo rates to Far East ABU DHABI (AFP) — ble that sum per 40-foot con-

The pipeline agreement is 4,000 kilometres.

Thirteen shipping lines operating between the Gulf and the Far East are to hike freight rates by more than 12 per cent to recoup losses caused by a recent price war, shipping sources said

for 25 years and the under-

standing is that the ownerhsip

of the section in Iran would

be transferred to us after that

period," Mr. Aqazdeh said.

1,450 kilometres long, he

That section would be

It will be the third freight increase in nearly a year as previous hikes failed to offset a decline in rates, the sources

shipping sources attributed the decline in cargo prices to growing competition among

shipping lines serving be-tween the two regions.

"Most shipping lines are undercutting each others and new small companies are entering the service on this ronte," one source said. "This has kept prices at very low levels and many companies now expect profits to be sharply lower. They had no alternative but to raise rates to avert more losses. It is not a risk but a stabilisation

of rates." Japan will not be included in the price increases as shipping companies are still making profits due to the surge in the yen against the U.S. dol-

We have a system called the Currency Adjustment Factor (CAF). The rise in the yen in CAF has offset the decline in rates on cargo to and from Japan," a shipping source in the United Arab Emirates (UAE) told AFP. The new rise to take effect

on Oct. 1 was set as \$150 a 20-foot container and \$300 per a 40-foot container. Rates currently range be-tween \$1,200 and \$1,300 per

20-foot containers and don-

INER.

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tainers. A couple of years ago they were as high as \$1,500

Tehran Radio said the

pipeline would enter Iran

east of the Caspian Sea, pass

through the cities of Shahrud

and Semnan and bend south

of Tehran towards Tabriz and

the Turkish border.

ers and double for big containers. The sources said the new increases would have a little effect on prices of goods coming from the Far East. arguing they would just make up for the decline in the past three years.

and \$1,600 per small contain-

Routes between the Far East and ports in Iran and the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) states — Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar and the UAE - will be affected.

The Far East is a key commercial partner of the regin, with a two-way trade exceeding \$30 billion a year. With the inclusion of Japan, trade could reach over \$70 billion a

The freight bike was announced by 13 shipping lines operating in the oil-righ region, including the Umted Arab Shipping Company, which is owned by the governments of five GCC countries. Other lines include Maersk, Cho Yang, DBRA-Senator, American President Lines, Sealand, NYR and Wilheimen Lines.

In a statement issued late Tuesday, the companies said they saw "a strong need to restore rates" in order "to continue offering efficient services to the trade amid serious rate deterioration in general."

Shipping executives said there was no plans to raise rates on services to and from the United States and Europe, as there was almost no competition on those

routes. "Services between the region and Europe and the Americas are morre organised than those with Asia.

"Rates are registered periodically with the author-ities there and observed by operaung com shipping source said. "This means the shipping line can undercut another.

Kenya says grain imports ban is war against West:

NAIROBI (R) — Kenyan authorities said Wednesday that a six-month ban imposed on grain imports was a protectionist measure against dumping of cereals by the

"The Kenyan farmer has been affected badly by heavy dumping from the international powers. We bave to fight back," said Simeon Nyachae, agriculture and marketing minister.

Mr. Nyachae told a news conference the government had also acted to curb rampant cheating by private importers who brought in grains at subsidised costs but sold at domestic market value.

He said private importers mainly millers — held 4.0. million kilogramme bags of maize compared to the 4.2 million bags held by state-run National Cereals and Produce Board (NCPB).

Independent agricultural economists pointed to imported sugar, bought at a total cost of \$122 per tonne and sold at a wholesale price of \$662 per tonne in the capital Nairobi.

Mr. Nyachae said that the ban did not affect crossborder trade involving neighbours Uganda and Tanzania and that importers who had already signed contracts or whose consignements were at sea would be allowed to

officed their goods.

Kenyans have increased their wheat and maize imports in the last several years owing to prolonged drought, Mr. Nyachae said.

Mr. Nyachae suspended all imports of maize and wheat except humanitarian supplies on Aug. 12 to protect local

At that time Mr. Nyachae also refused to rescind a variable tax on imported commodities such as maize and wheat announced in June and opposed by some countries including the United States. 1.77



to the ground.

stretching from Central Asia to the Gulf and Europe. This is one of the biggest energy transfer projects in

which is by far Iran's biggest joint project with Muslim former Soviet republics, Tues-It would take six to eight

Aqazadeh. Mr. Rafasanjani, speaking

saying at the ceremony.

Mr. Rafsanjam and Mr. Niyazov signed the agree-PREV. OPERING CLOSIN CLOSING PRICE PRICE PRICE 183.800
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LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) - Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London Foreign Exchange and bullion markets Wednesday.

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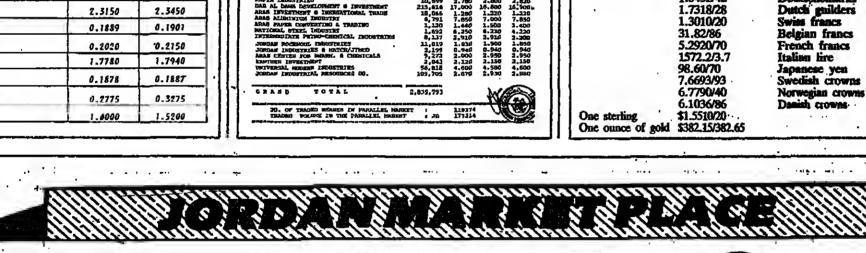
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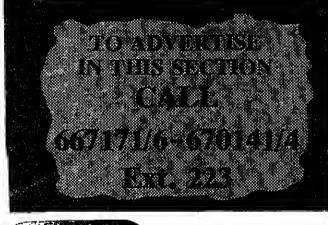
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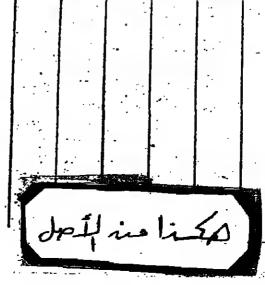




Time Out Bar!







Foster, Harris win golds for England

VICTORIA, British Columbia (AP) — Mark Foster and Martin Harris won more gold medals for England and Danyon Loader collected one for New Zealand Tuesday as Australian swimmers were restricted to three wins at the Commonwealth Games.

Foster triumphed in the 50-metre freestyle, Harris won the 100 backstroke and Loader was first in the 200 hutterfly to take his personal total in the pool to one gold, two silvers and a bronze.

For Australia, Elli Overton added the 200 medley gold to her 400 title, Stacey Gartell upset countrywomen Hayley Lewis in the women's 800 freestyle and the women's 400 medley relay team stormed to an easy victory on

a games record time.
That took Australia's total in swimming events to 18 golds in 26 finals. England as won six and Canadaw and New Zealand have one each. Before the games, some of the Australian swimmers had predicted they would win everv event.

In swimming's fastest race. Foster appeared to trail Australia's Darren Lange for most of the 50 metre but ouched first in 23.12 šeģonds. Langa finish**ed in** 23°35 ann Zeier Williams picked up Seuth Africa's

VICTORIA (AFF) - World

number one sprinter Linford

Climatic produced a supreme

performance in the Common-

wealth Cames blue ribband

event on Tuesday, but the

scent of a drugs scandal

glouded the English camp's

Christie run his second-

lasiost 100m time ever of

9.9 isees to office his 23rd

. Yet much of the talk at the

Contennial Stadium centred

on a reported positive drugs

est involving an unnamed

English athlete at the Euro-

pean championships earlier this month.

Christie said: "I knew

there was a good time in me

after running 9.98 in the leats — although it would

have been nice to run 9.84!

standard here — people ran a lot faster than I anticipated."

discuss the drugs speculation,

arguing: "! don't think this is

the time to discuss this thing.

Let's discuss the perform-

: English team manager

Alan Lindop confirmed,

however, an English athlete

had failed a drugs test but

Shot-putter Paul Edwards.

suffering from a debilitating

intestinal problem, admitted from his hospital hed in Vic-

toria that there was a hitch

with his drugs test at the

European championships.

But he denied he had ever

. Meanwhile Canada bad

VICTORIA (AFP) — Chris

Hector won England'a first

shooting gold medal of the

Commonwealth Games on-

Tuesday, shaking off a virus

infection and using a bor-

· The 26-year-old led all the

way in winning the individual

air rifle event at Heal's

Range ahead of Canadian

favourite Jean-Francois

Senecal and team-mate Nigel

Wallece, who lent him his

Hant." Hector said after

ក្រានៃងខែត្រ with a score of

100 × 500 100 × 500 100 × 500 × 100 × 500 7

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South West North **East**

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oppoint bad Fig. 7.
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battawan are he because the same

To us, ou the most from France's

al'uropean Championship. *- North's two diamond response

was a transfer to hearts. The jump

'l feel absolutely bril-

rowed rifle.

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taken banned substances.

gaye no further details.

ances on the track.

'I was surprised at the

The 34-year-old would not

delebrations.

iñajor sprint title.

second swim medal of the competition by taking bronze in 23.16. Canada didn't finish in the top four.

"It's the first time I've won coming from behind," Foster said. "It was a slower time than I expected, slower than my heat time. But, obviously, the thing was to win."

Williams said he boped his performance, allied to Penny Heyns' bronze in Monday's 100 breaststroke, would take some heat off South African athletes who have been accused of underachieving since they were allowed back into international sports.

"Let's hope that the little kids back home will see that South African people are winning things," he said.
"For many years sport in
South Africa was back in Grade B and we have received quite a lot of flack from people back home for not producing the results. But now it's starting to come through. People are winning medals. It's important for the kids back home to see that."

The longest race of the night, the women's 800 freestyle, also produced one of the best finishes, with 0.54 of a second separating Gartrell and Lewis.

Lewis led for the first half of the race but Gartrell took over and then had to fight off

plenty to cheer when home-

town girl Angela Chalmers retained her 3,000m title and

world champion Colin Jack-son unleashed Welsh celebra-

tions with a victory in the

Then the Kenyans pro-duced perfect proof of their

middle-distance strength-in-

depth - hefore Australian

Jane Fleming lost her hep-

tathion title by a hair's

breadth to a complete un-

Christie, fresh from win-

ning the European title and

beating America's best, in-

cluding world record-holder

Leroy Burrell; was never

threatened after the halfway

200m world record-bolder

Frankie Fredericks of Nami-.

bia and Nigerian Olapade

Adeniken - both melted

away as mystery man Horace

Dove-Edwin won Sierra

Leone's first-ever medal at

have a trainer or an agent,

wept as be stepped onto the

podium to receive his medal.

Bronze went to Jamalcan

Edwards, Britain's best

shot-putter for six years, later

stressed he had never taken

drugs but added: "I have no

notification of a failed drugs

test but I was told yesterday

something was wrong with my test, in Helsinki."

The news shook English

morale - especially after

200m sprinter Solomon War-

iso missed the European and

But his major rivals -

110m hurdles.

mark.

the Games.

Michael Green.

her countrywoman in the final two lengths.

Lewis was creeping closer and closer on the last few metres but ran out of water and Gartrell won in 8:30.18. Lewis had 8:30.72.

Canada's Nikki Dryden took the bronze in 8:37.70, almost seven seconds slower than the winner.

Canada placed second, third and fourth in the 200 individual medley but looked up to see they had been beaten yet again by an Australian.

Overton, who already had gold, silver and hronze, took over the lead in the third leg, the breaststroke. She began it 0.44 behind defending titlist Nancy Sweetnam but moved into the freestyle leg 0.03 ahead of the Canadian. She pulled away to win in

Marianne Limpert placed second in 2:15.97, Sweetnam was third in 2:16.67 and Joanne Malar fourth in 2:16.67. It was even more painful for the Canadians because Overton's time was a games best, removing Sweetnam'a

mark from the record book. Loader, who had won two silvers and a bronze before Tuesday's finals, came up in the final length of the 200 butterfly to snatch victory from Australia's Scott Miller,

Commonwealth events after

he tested positive for a stimu-

Jackson lifted some of the

gloom, with raining partner and former school friend Paul

Gray adding the bronze for

Wales and Tony Jarrett, England's world silver medallist,

Jackson, who won in 13.08

despite being hit in the eye by

a wood chipping in the semi-finals, joked Gray was so lazy

that "we have to drag him

everywhere to make sure he

And be also had words of

consolation for Jarrett, per-

petually in Jackson's shadow.

It's frustrating for him, being

around at the same time as

"He keeps poking me in the ribs and he fi catch me

The crowd's heroine of the

day, reigning champion Chal-

mers, showed the Kenyans

bow to run from the front

after catching Eunice Sagero

in the 3,000m and then blast-

mg away to win in a games

Chalmers, who also won

the 1,500m in Auckland,

went to embrace her Sioux

mother in the crowd and said:

"I will probably give her the

medal. She has most of my

about the Kenyans but I man-

aged to stay relaxed when

their men's world and Olym-

"I was a little bit worried

The Kenyans, who left

other ones already.

they attacked early."

record of 8min 32.17secs.

Tony is a great hurdler.

lant in Finland.

coming second.

me. ٧١ ، الله المالية

out one day.'

who had led for most of the

Loader clocked 1:59.54. Miller was 0.16 slower and third place James Hickman of England timed 2:00.87. Again, the Canadians didn't make the first four.

Harris broke the games record set by Dewick earlier in the day and clocked 55.77, Dewick had 56.09, 0.20 slower than his heat time.

England also took third place through 200 titlist Adam Rnckwood, wbo clocked 56.62. The Canadians finished fourth, fifth and sixth.

In the mediey relay, Nicole Stevenson's backstroke gave Australia a slight lead before Samantha Riley's hreast-stroke and Petria Thomas' hutterfly stretched it to more than 10 metres.

By the time Karen van Wirdum touched home in a 4:07.89, almost three seconds faster than Australia'a games record four years ago, they were 15 metres clear.

England's Katherine. Osher, Marie Hardimann, Alexandra Bennett and Karen Pickering finished second in 4:12.83 and Canada's Beth Hazel, Lisa Flood, Jessica Amey and Marianne Limperet collected the bronze in 4:14.04.

pic champions at home,

quickly learnt their lesson.

England'a European cham-

pion Du'aine Ladejo was the

loser in the 400m, as mystery

man Charles Gitonga, not even mentioned in the Ke-

nyan squad handbook, pro-

duced a personal best to take

Johnstone Kipkoech and

Gedion Chirchir won gold

and silver in the 3,000m stee-

plechase - even though

Keyna arrived in Victoria

without their top nine stee-

the women's 100m race,

Mary Onyali of Nigeria win-

ning in 11.06secs, with com-

patriot Christy Opara-Thompson second, while Au-

stralian Cathy Freeman saw off Nigerian 400m title holder

Fatima Yusuf to win in

The day ended with a huge

heptathlon surprise, when England's unheralded Denise

Lewis put together three per-

sonal bests in the javelin,

shot put and 800m to pip

Australian title holder Jane

Fleming by just eight points.

6,325 points, could afford to

lose the final 800m run by

fivel seconds and scraped in

with less than a second to

She said: "I used to chick-

en out in the 800m and run

and hide. But my coach told

me to run my heart out - I

ran my heart out, and I ran

my legs and everything else

Lewis, who ended with

There were no shocks in

gold in 45.00secs.

plechasers.

50.38secs.

граге.

win the men's amateur read race at the Cycling World Championships (AFP photo) Christie superb, but drugs talk dogs England

Dane takes gold in men's road race

Alex Pedersen from Denmark drinks water as he in action to

CAPO D'ORLANDO, Sicily (AP) - Alex Pedersen of Denmark won a five-way sprint Tnesday to capture the amateur road race title in a triumphant day for Scandinavian countries at the World

Cycling Championships, Pedersen's victory added to Monica Valvik's success in the earlier individual women's race, which gave Norway the first world title in road events.

Pedersen beat Slovak Milan Dvorscik and Frenchman Cristophe Mengin, who took silver and bronze respectively.

Italy's Gianluca Pianegonda and another Frenchman, Sebastien Medan, settled for fourth and fifth place, in the same time as the winner, but out of medals range. The 27-year-old Dane took

the opponents by surprise sprinting 200 metres from the finish line. He piled up a lead of a few metres and withstood the strong comeback of Dvorscik and Mengin. Poland's Kazimierz Stafiei

edged Germany's Tohias Steinhauser for sixth place, 21 seconds behind the win-The large group, including 1993 champion Jan Ullrich of

Germany, had a gap of 58 seconds at the finish in this resort along the northern coast of Sicily. Pedersen, who regained an amateur status following an

unimpressive four-year professional run, completed 185.1 kilometre-race in four hours, 24 minutes, 38 seconds at an average speed of 44.764 The Dane, who earned his

country the third world amateur title in 25 years, said his successful tactic was to keep the speed high during in the final kilometres, and to come from behind for the sprint. "In really wanted to win a

world championship before retirement. It happened today, I'm happy," Pedersen Pedersen said he gave up

professional races and reoined amateur events fol-

lowing heart problems, which put his career at risk. "Now the problems are over, my heart is good. I also

fourth, and Italy's Chiappa, discontinued medicines. I

planned to retire next year but now that I'm the world champion I would continue

nmark," the 1994 world champion said. The top five finishers were in a group of 13 who fled from the pack at mid-course. They broke away in the last lap, with 12.3 kilometres left.

for another season. But I

plan to race mostly in De-

and held a narrow advantage over the closest pursuers. The race, held in sunny weather with temperatures of 32 degrees Celsius, was mar-

red by several spills.

Dennis BRETT of Australia fell during the third lap and was hospitalised with

chest bruises.
Colombian-born American Fred Rodriguez suffered a possible collarbone fracture but refused hospitalisation, organisers reported.

In the women's road race Valvik beat Belgium's Patsy Golay of the United States.

Valvik, 23, won the group sprint with ease, crossing the finish line with her arms raised as ber opponents struggled hehind.

"I'm good in spirits but I did not expect this victory. I'm so lucky to wear this jersey today," the jubilant Norwegian said after wearing the rainbow jersey.

Golay, a 32-year-old veteran cyclist, settled for third place, winning her second bronze in three days. She was in the American

quartet who placed third in Sunday's 50-kilometre team time trial at Palermo. Valvik, who lives with her

4-year-old daughter at Skien, 50 kilometres from Oslo, said the biggest win in her career may help to make my name known in Norway... and to get a place in a good, professional team next season."

"I'm so happy today, it'a an unbelievable victory," she The winner completed

seven laps or a total distance of 86.39 kilometres in two honrs, 8 minutea and 3 seconds, at an average speed of 40.475 kph. Other top finishers in-cluded Russian Fatkulina, Appeal rejection sparks talk of boycott VICTORIA (AFP) — Another disputed boxing de-cision against a black African fighter could lead to an Afri-

wealth Games, the chairman of the Nigerian Boxing Association warned on Tuesday. Frank Okonta said some boxing team officials from. African countries were so incensed that the appeal of Tanzania's Mbwana Matumla was turned down, that they

can walk-out at the Common-

right now." Tanzanian general team manager Jamal Nassor Adi lodged a protest after flyweight Matumla was beaten 11-8 on points hy Scotland's Paul Shepherd on

believed "they should leave

Monday. Adi charged that racial bias against hlack fighters was at. the root of the decision. On Tuesday, shortly after featherweight Hassan Matumla assured himself of a medal by reaching the semifinals, national coach Looken Swai said racial discrimina-

tion was rife. "This has spoiled the Commonwealth Games for me,' said Swai, who charged that white referees were sometimes working in pairs against hlack fighters.

Frank Hendry, chairman of the International Amateur

Boxing Association (AIBA) jury of appeal, that the requirements of "neutrality and continental representation were observed in the Mbwa-

na Matumla bout. He said all the others were similarly unbiased, adding: These are the friendly games and not racist at all." But Okonta believed fights were fixed.

"We are extremely dissatisfied with the results of ... the fights. We think they are biased against African fight-

"Another had decision

could spark off a boycott. There could be a time when we will all hoycott the Hassan Sunderani, the

sports chairman of the boxing venue, said the AIBA were right to turn down the appeal.

This is a fair victory," he said. "We have complete confidence and faith in the AIBA jury of appeal and I think they are doing a great

African countries led a 32nation boycott of the 1986 Commonwealth Games in Edinburgh over British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher's refusal to impose economic sanctions on South Africa.

Swan hopes for gold

VICTORIA (AFP) — James Swan honoured the memory of his late grandmother by assuring himself and Australia a Commonwealth Games boxing medal here on Tues-

The unemployed ahorigine, who took up fighting after being bullied at school, beat Guyana's Hugo Lewis 19-18 to reach the featherweight semi-final,

"I'm fighting for the memory of my late grandmother Amy," said Swan. "And my grandfather Monty had a stroke in 1992 and I want him to go to heaven contented. Hopefully I will go back with the gold medal."

Swan, at just 5ft 4in (163cm), is small for a featherweight and has to continually punch upwards and get close to his opponent. He now fights 19-year-old Canadian Casey Patton in

Thursday's semi-finals. Northern Ireland's light welterweight Mark Winters prevented South Africa from winning their first hoxing I knew if I did that, I would medal in 36 years. Winters, win,"

who was picked, then drop-ped from the Olympics after a complicated mix-up of dates, thrashed Stephanus Carr 19-5.

And Winters promised: There's better to come. I'm still not myself."

Johanneshurg hosts the World Amateur Championships in October and national coach Dan Bushney is eager to have a Commonwealth medallist on show.

But light-flyweight Masi-bulele Makepula, who fights India's Birju Sah on Wednesday, is now Bushney's last

New Zealand's Trevor Shailer faces Winter following his 12-8 beating of Tongais Francisco Kivalu. James Webb 26, assured

Northern Ireland of a second medal when he ousted Australia's Sean Connell in a light-middleweight contest, Webb said afterwards: "I have done my homewor normally fight on the inside,

but I bad to fight at distance:

Maradona banned for 15 months

Maradona was banned from soccer for 15 months by FIFA on Wednesday for taking a cocktail of performanceenhancing drugs at the world

cup finals.

Maradona, who tested positive for five stimulants after a first-round match against Nigeria on June 25, was also fined 20,000 Swiss

Francs (\$15,000). The Argentine Football Association (AFA) was given a caution, and Daniele Serrini. a medical consultant with

the team at the World Cup and held partly responsible for Maradona's positive test, received the same punishment as the player. The International Football

Federation refused to make any formal statement about how they reached their decision and the level of the pumishment until they had sent a written judgen, nt to Maradona and the A.A. The suspension is the same

ZURICH (R) - Diego as Maradona received for testing positive for cocaine in Italy in 1991, and probably means the end of the 33-yearold's playing career.

With the ban running from June 30, 1994 to Sept. 29; 1995. Maradona will he 34 and 11 months when it ex-Dires.

The Argentine captain, who graced his country by leading them to World Cup glory in 1986, but who bas since disgraced them hy being twice caught using drugs, had been due to play a record 22nd game in the World Cup finals the day he was suspended.

FIFA press officer Guido Tognoni said: "We do not want to destroy him for his actions. But it was always said we should deal with this case without keeping in mind-he was Maradona. This case shows FIFA is a credible organisation with credible doping tests."

Almsick ready for Rome championships was slightly frustrated not to

BERLIN (R) — Franziska van Almsick, Germany's sixtime European swimming gold medallist, said on Tnesday she is ready for next montb's world championships in Rome but would not predict any world records for herself.

The 16-year-old van Almsick told the Berlin foreing journalists club the competition has increased considerably since she won two silver medals and two bronze medals at the 1992 Olympics in Barcelona.

"I had a very successful training camp in Mexico and the training continues to progress very well," she said of her recent 80-km per week training regimen. " can't say if I'll be swim-

ming any world records or not. I'll just have to give my best and see what hannens Van Almsick said she ex-

that begin on September 1 in Rome.

She said she was duly impressed with the Chinese swimmers but declined to be drawn into a discussion about wbetber tbey bave been doped, as has been suggested in some medial reports.

"I actually do not want to comment about doping because it is my view that as long as no one can prove that the Chinese are doping, then no one can condemn them." she said.

"They are quite simply putting forth good performances and no one can prove they're doped. Their swimming times are just super."

She said she plans to com-

pete in the 50, 100 and 200metre freestyle events in Rome as well as the 100metre butterfly. She will also be part of perhaps three relay Her favourite distance is

the 200-metre freestyle and

have equalled her best time of I.57.90 set at the Barcelona Olympics two years ago. The world record for the 200 is 1.57:55, held by Heiki Frederick of the former East

"I really want to swim a time of I.57-something again this year simply because I swam under 1.58 two years ago and haven't since then," she said. "That's actually my biggest goal at the moment."

She said she was confident she could match her best time for the distance "but I hope I can swim faster."

A native of East Berlin and the last swimmer to come out of East Germany's production line of sporting talent hefore the star-making machine broke down after the Berlin wall fell, van Almsick has become one of Germany's best-known media stars.

Berlin tabloids have reported she earns 10 million marks (\$6.52 million) from advertising contracts, but van Almsick simply shrugs her shoulders when asked about that: "Don't know," she said. "I really don't have sa chue."

She still lives at home with her parents in a small Berlin flat and divides her day at school and in the swimming pool.

Van Almsick said slie is planning to spend three months as a guest student in the United States from November, primarily to improve her English.

"I've long wanted to go to America in order to learn English," she said. "I've been taking English for the last three years at school." English is the language spoken at international meets.

"Even though I can understand a lot of what other swimers are saying, it's terribly embarassing that I can't. say anything myself."

1.12

G TO SULE SHARIF

GOREN BRIDGE

THE ACE TOO MANY

to three no trump described a bal-anced hand with a five-card heart

in the suit or no trump. West led a low diamond and East's queen won. Declarer held up East's queen won. Declarer near up segain when East continued with the king of diamonds. A diamond continuation probably would have defined the SIX men west, but that requires persecutives the seasons.

that requires persons that requires persons that requires persons that requires the condition of the conditi mond. It seemed there was no way for declarer to set up and establish the heart suit, since there was only one entry to dumny and to force a spade entry would give the defend-ers at least five tricks. However, Lecel showed that one entry was all that was needed. On the ace of dia-monds he discarded the ace of hearts from hand!

Now it was a simple matter to continue with the ten of hearts, forcing out the jack. With the ace of chubs as an entry and suits breaking normally declarer had tricks to

Borrowed rifle proves lucky for shooter

man Senecal, who with partner Wayne Sorresen won the air rifle team title on Friday, ended with 683 and Wallace

was three points behind. Hector shook off a flu virus which had left him 'pretty sick" until late Monday and adjusted successfully to a strange weapon.

"I felt really congested up when I woke in the morning," he said. "My girl friend is having the same infection and we were both thumping

685.9, including 98.9 in the eight-man, 10-shot final.

Veteran Quebec marks
Veteran "And I had to borrow Nigel's spare rifle because my own weapon was not working," said Hector, who works for his father's office furni-

ture business. "It is not easy to adjust to a different rifle," he said. "I had to change my balance and trigger pressure."

That Hector, whose rifle malfunctioned two days ago, and Wallace are both roughly of the same haild helped. The rifles are made to suit an individual's physique. Wallace, 26, a British Tele-

com employee, said: "I feel really pleased for Chris. I am glad my rifle helped."
The title had eluded Hector in two pairs events that produced a silver and a

bronze for England. His individual gold was the first on the shooting range here for the fancied English marksmen. "It has been a long wait but it was worth it," said John

white, the English rifle coach. "Chris was terrific, he was very calm and very good. I was more tense than him. Australia and Scotland split the remaining two gold medals of Tuesday.

Christine Trefry, a computer operator from Alice Springs, shot down the women's sport pistol title for her third gold medal of the

Trefry: 39, shot a score of

679.4 points, including five

shots that earned her 10-plus

points in the eight-woman,

10-shot final. Her compatriot Annette Woodward, 46, with whom she paired to win two team golds, was overtaken in the final by England's Margaret

Thomas, who landed the silver after a neck-and-neck

The London-based shooter

Thomas finished with 675 points, just a point ahead of Woodward, who had led by two points going into the

is staging a comeback after a two-year layoff with an arm injury which required She suffered another injury digging potatos in a kitchen garden on her way to recov-ery. "I went ape," said Tom Redhead, the England pistol

her through the trials and bring her here. But she is getting stronger and stron-Woodward, a Melbourne housewife who is taking part in both the team and individual pistol events, blamed fatigue for her losing out on

coach. "We had to rush to get

the silver. "I was just exhausted," she said, and Australian coach Alex Taransky was understanding. He said: "Sometimes you can get the edges and some days you can round them off. We are disappointed for her but she has a lot of

good shooting still left." Sbirely McIntosh, a 29year-old accountant from Edinburgh, won Scotland's first shooting gold when she pocketed the women's prone, standard-bore rifle title with a score of 586.

Silver weat to Sylvia Purdee of Australia and the bronze was bagged by McIntosh's team-mate Tricia Littlechild, both of whom finished with 585. Purdee won out on the tiebreaker, based on the last I0 shots.

pects the main opposition to come from the United States and Australia as well as from China at the championships van Almsick admitted she مكنا منه للمل

We are extremely to fined with the results ights. We think they is a dagainst African fig.

fered a surprising defeat when goalkeeper Dave Sea-man blundered away a goal in the 89th minute of a 1-0 loss another bad decision i spark off a boyon e could be a time whe will all boycon ik

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Amateur Cham

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chester United last season, started in a mood which issan Sunderani, the threatened to sweep the s chairman of the boom promoted Leicester side a. said the AIBA New away, with Sutton prominto lurn down ta:

The former Norwich man, 21, converted a pass from Shearer in the 19th minute with a drive from six metres that left goalkeeper Gavin-

Sports

LONDON (R) — Chris Sur-ton and Alan Shearer showed

why Blackburn boss Kenny Dataish splashed out 8.3 mil-lion pounds (\$12.90 million) on them with a brilliant dis-

play in a 3-0 home victory

over Leicester in the English

Premier League on Tuesday.
The two strikers, playing

together for only the second

nime, scored once each and

Arsenal, rated potential

contenders for the title, suf-

Blackburn, second to Man-

also involved in the

Blackburn blank Liecester,

Leeds beat Arsenal

Ward powerless. Leicester fought back unavailingly before Blackburn regained their earlier dominance with a 59th minute

A cross to the far post set up a firm header from Sutton nich Shearer touched before Norwegian Henning Berg helped the ball over the

Shearer's late goal came on

a rebound. At Leeds, England keeper Seaman handed Leeds a lastgasp victory — in front of England coach Terry Ven-

Seaman allowed a speculative 35-yard drive from sub-stitute Noel Whelan to squeeze past him with under two minutes remaining.

Arsenal's Ian Wright had previously looked the most likely to break the deadlock but was foiled twice by former Arsenal keeper John

In the other game on the Premier League programme, Midfielder Simon Milton, on his 31st birthday, equalled his entire league goal output for last season with the 61st minute equaliser for Ipswich against Wimbledon.

Wimhledon seemed to be coasting towards victory conrtesy of Dean Holdsworth's pile-driver when Milton punished a defensive

Chris Kiwomya's flick con-fused the Wimhledon defence and Scott Fitzgerald miskicked in attempting to clear, but only deflected the ball into the path of Milton who beat Hans Segers from eight yards.



Olympique Marseille midfielder Marcel Dib (right) struggles with his Juventus counter-part and former OM captain Didier De schamps (left) during their friendly game held at the Velodrome stadium (AFP photo)

Al Faisali on their way to the Federation Shield

By Aleen Bannayan Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Al Faisali have again reached the final of one of the Kingdom's four annual soccer competitions, and will add another record to their already long list of achievements if they win their final match of the Federation Shield Friday evening.

Al Wihdat, Al Faisali and Al Ramtha have all won the title, three times each. Therefore, Al Faisah's win would set a new record in the competition reserved for first division teams only.

Al Faisali reached the final after eliminating alltime rival Al Wihdat 2-1 in the semifinal Tuesday. Star striker Jiryes Tadros and team captain Jamal

Abu Abed scored for Al Faisali, while Jihad Abdul Mun'em scored Al Wihdat's sole goal in the final minutes of the match attended by over 22,000

The other finalist will be either Al Hussein, seeking their first title, or Al Jazirch, pursuing their

Al Jazireh reached the semifinal after crushing Al Karmel 4-0. Al Hussein advanced after eliminating Al Qadissich 7-6 by penatly

Al Hussein have not won a major ritle for years. Their best achievement was finishing second in the first division in 1990 and 1992. and in the Federation Shield in 1987 and 1990. Al Jazireh won the first Federation Shield title in

Wihdat 8-7 hy penalty

They then won the title by overcoming Al Faisali m 1986, and have not won a major ritle since.

Al Faisalı have maıntained the most consistent form among the Kingdom's top teams. They won the Cup Winner's Cup this month. In the 1993 season they clinched the first division, the Jordan Cup and the Cup Winner's Cup. In 1992 they won the shield, the Jordan Cup and sthe first division and in 1991 they clinched the Cup Winners' Cup and the shield.

Hence, Al Fassalı seem well on thier way to adding another trophy, especially after eliminating Al Wihdat and Al Ramtha who were both eyeing their fourth Federation Shield title.

Federation shield record

1981	Al Jazireh	1987	. Al Priso
1982	Al Wibdat	1988	Al Wibds
1983	Al Wibdat	1989	Al Ramth
1984	Amman	1990	Al Ramih
1985	Amman	1991	Al Faisa
1986	Al Jazireh	1992	Al Fara
		1993	Al Rainth

1981 hy overcoming Al

Aberdeen crash out to Latvia

LONDON (R) — Aberdeen, European Cup Winners' Cup champions in 1983, crashed out of the UEFA Cup to Shonto Riga of Latvia in a major upset of the prelimin-

ary round on Tuesday. The Scottish side, held 0-0 away in the first leg two weeks ago, could only draw 1-1 at home, going out on the away goals rule on their most humiliating night in European competition.

They were 1-0 down until the 90th minute when midfielder Paul Kane equalised had put the Latvian chamfour denied a place in the revamped European Cup, head 10 minutes into the

Levski Sofia, who only last scason climinated Glasgow Rangers in the first round of the European Cup, also went out to Slovenia's SCT Olimpija, who beat the Bulgarians 2-1 away for a 5-3 aggregate

Stanimir Stoilov scored in the second minute to put Levski level on aggregate at 3-3. With two away goals from the first leg Levski must have fancied their chances of a place in the first round

But Olimpija hit hack through Doni Novak in the 24th minute and made sure of the tie with an 89th minute winner from Milan Paulin. But other Minnow nations

in the expanded UEFA Cup found the going against some bigger European names too tough, with several on the receiving end of big scores as 26 of the 28 ties were com-

Akranes of Iceland are at home to Bangor City of

Wales on Wednesday, when the second legs of the eight European Cup preliminary round ties are also played, along with two in the Cup

Winners' Cap.
GKS Katowice of Poland were the biggest scorers on the night, 6-0 against Inter Cardiff of Wales for a 8-0 aggregate. Krzysztof Maciejewski and Krzysztof Walczak both scored twice.

Their fellow Poles Gornik Zabrze also completed a 8-0 aggregate victory over Shamrock Rovers of Ireland, winafter striker Alexei Semonev ning 1-0 in Dublin with a second half goal by Henry Baluszynski after a 7-0 romp at home two weeks ago.

Rosenborg of Norway beat nxemhonrg's Grevenmacher 6-0 for a 8-1 aggregate triumph, Roar Strand and Harald Brattbak both scoring twice.

Fenerbahce and Motherwell both scored seven goals all told. The Turks beat Touran of Azerbaijan 2-0 away after winning the first leg 5-0. The Scots won 4-1 away to Havnar Boltfelag on the Faroe Islands following a

3-0 victory at home. Hibernians of Malta won an exciting home leg against Dinamo Mins of Belarus 4-3 after extra time, hut were eliminated 6-5 on aggregate.

The Czech Republic's Slovan Bratislava, who won the Cup Winners' Cup in 1969 as Czechsolovak team, went through comfortably against Portadown of Northern Ireland, winning the second leg 3-0 at home for a 5-0 aggregate victory.

FC Copenhagen, who lost the first leg 1-0 at home. crushed FC Jazz of Finland

Benetton team summoned over fire

PARIS (AFP) — Formula 1's world governing body FIA summoned the Benetton-Ford racing team to appear before an extraordinary meeting of its World Council on September 7, following allegations over a fire at the German Grand Prix, FIA said here Wednesday.

The team had been summoned to appear at the World Council's next meeting on October 19 to explain why a filter was missing from the refuelling system — but FIA president Max Mosley wanted the issue dealt with sooner.

Benetton has denied the Federation International de l'Automobile (FIA) allegations that the flash fire at Hockenheim last month. which engulfed their driver Jos. Verstappen and five mechanics, was caused by the illegal removal of the filter. Earlier this month, after studying a report from Inter-technique, the French firm which provides Grand Prix refuelling systems, FIA con-cluded the fuel nozzle jammed open because of a "foreign body" which was "be-lieved to have reached the valve because a filter designed to eliminate this risk had been deliberately re-

Benetton said the fuel filter was only introduced during this season because other teams had problems with debris, but that Benetton "was able to eliminate this prob-

Italian federation challenges judge over Ravenna case

ROME (R) — Italian soccer authorities were locked in a battle with the judicial system on Wednesday after saying they would ignore a judge's ruling that relegated Ravenna shoold be reinstated to the

A judge in the Adriatie town of Ravenna last weekend ordered the federation to reinstate the club to the Serie B (second division). overturning their relegation last season

Ravenna said that southern cluh. Cosenza should be thrown ont of the league for financial irregularities and that Ravenna should take

Ground floor furnished apartment consisting of three bedrooms, salon, dining room, two bathrooms, veranda. newly furnished and never hired in. Annual rent. Location: Um Al Summaq, near the Evangelical Lutherian Church.

moved" against FIA rules.

Meanwhile, FIA is to hear the appeal against Benetton's star driver Michael Schumacher's two-race han over a hlack flag incident at the British Grand Prix at Silverstone on July 10 --- here on August 30.

their place instead of drop-ping to the third division. The judge upheld Raven-

na's claim because Cosenza

had failed to meet the soccer

authorities' own deadline for

the payment of back taxes.

Cosenza should retain their

place in the Serie B because

the club have now settled

The unusual and compli-

cated ruling left an extra club

in the second division and

meant fixtures would have to

their arrears.

But she also ruled that

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No more sex test for women athletes

VICTORIA, Canada (AFP)

The 15th Commonwealth Games are the first major international multi-sport even to drop gender testing for women, and now women's groups are pushing for the Olympics to do the

-The test is barassment of females," said Marg McGregor, executive director of the tadian Association for the Advancement of Women and

The group has pushed for an end to sex testing for 10 years, not only because it can be degrading but more importantly because the medical community says the proce-

dure is unreliable. "Even if a woman was on male hormones, they would still pass the test because it doesn't detect steroids," said

Dr. Bob McCormack, chief medical officer for Canada's Commonwealth Games

The test can also miss up to 90 per cent of women who have a strength advantage through chromosomal dis-

The test involves analysing a cell sample from the inside of the cheek and a hair. Analysis check for female X chromosomes and male Y

"It's quick and painless, but it's just the fact that you have to go through the whole procedure just to prove that you're female, whereas the men on the team don't haveto do something like that," said Canadian swimmer Nikki Dryden, who was glad to see the test go.

Men have competed as

women in international competition. German Dora Raten, who was fourth in the women's high jump at the 1936 Olympics, was discovered to be a man 20 years

Suspicions about the gender of Soviet sisters Irina and Tamara Press, who won five Olympic medals between them and set 26 world records, eventually led to the imposition of sex testing at the Olympics in the 1960s.

Though athletes no longer have to parade naked in front of a gynaecologist, McGregor says the modern test is stil unaccentable. "The International Olym-

pie Committee is steeped in tradition and the winds of change hlow slowly," she said. "It's just hlatant sexism

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Chairman of the Disi Special Tendering Committee Secretary General Water Authority of Jordan

Eng. Koussal A. Qutelshat

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Sean Connell in i ddleweight contex. said afterwards: me my nomework i v fight on the inside d to fight at distance if I did that. I would

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NEWS IN BRIEF

Wife-beating widespread in Kuwalt

KUWAIT (R) — Wife-beating is widespread in Kuwait but fear of social stigma ensures the victims never tell, a sociologist said in remarks published on Wednesday. "Much as we hate to admit it, domestic violence exists in all strata of Kuwaiti society and is increasing day by day," Hind Al Naqeeb, professor of sociology at Kuwait Uni"ersity, was quoted as saying by the English-language Kuwait Times. "But the problem is masked and hidden by the fear of social stigma," she said in an interview. The newspaper gave no figures but reported psychology professor. A hmad Al Chrosishi as saying most men who hattered sor Ahmad Al Quraishi as saying most men who hattered their wives had seen fathers hit their mothers, or been beaten up themseives. They grew up to accept it as normal, he said. "Most of these battered women belong to extremely close-knit and respectable families and if such a thing came to light it would only tarnish their reputation."

Ms. Nageeb said. She said several of her students used to be beaten "black and blue" by husbands. One bedouin student had her nose broken. "When I urged her to take legal action she surprised me by saying her husband was not at fault, rather it was her mistake for provoking him."

Extremist settler leaves jail

TEL AVIV (AFP) - A Jewish settler emerged from Israeli jail on Wednesday after being held for six months Israeli jail on Wednesday after being held for six months following the Hebron mosque massacre vowing to continue his fight against the government. "Prison has not changed my ideas at all and I shall continue fighting the government's policy by legal means," said Ben Sion Gupstein, 25, after serving six months of administrative detention at Sharon prison near Tel Aviv. He was arrested along with eight other Javrish extremists after settler Baruch Goldstein shot dead 30 Arab worshippers in a Hebron mosque. Gupstein is a student at a Talmudic seninary in Kyriat Arab, the sentement on the edge of Hebron which was also Goldstein's home. Four other Jewish extremists are still in detention including Baruch Marzel, leader of the outlawed detention including Baruch Marzel, leader of the outlawed anti-Arab Kach movement. In June the authorities ex-tended Marzei's period of detention by another three

fran siezes 200 kilos of morphine

TEFRAN (AFP) — Police seized 200 kilogrammes of morphise in southeastern Iran and arrested three suspected drug traffic'ters, a newspaper reported Wednesday. Saynan soid the drugs, hidden in a truck, were seized Tunsday near the town of Bam in Kerman province. More than 52 tennes of drugs, mainly opium from Aghanistan and Pakistan, have been seized in Iran since March, The figure for the whole of 1993 was 95 tonnes. Drug trafficking and use the strictly banned in Iran under a law passed in 1989 that lays down a maximum penalty of death.

මැත්තු එම අම්කුත්තු 25 debt to Bulgaria

SOFIA (3) - Iraq will repay Bulgaria a \$2 billion debt mostly with oil supplies after the United Nations embargo is lifted, Iraqi Ambassador to Sofia Mobammad Amin Ahmad told a news conference on Wednesday. "Iraq is keenly interested in restoring active economic links with Bulgaria and is prepared to repay Bulgaria its debt as soon as the U.N. embargo is lifted," the ambassador said speaking through an interpreter. "Iraq's debt was a natural result of the big trade turnover between the two countries, which was abruptly cut by the U.N. imposed embargo," he added. The debt, \$1.5 billion plus interest, was run up between 1982 and 1990. Bulgaria, like other countries in Eastern Europe, supplied Iraq with arms and other goods in return for crude oil during the war with Iran.

Pakistan's Shutto to visit Gaza

ISLAMABAD (R) — Pakistani Prime Minister Benazir Shorte plans to visit the Gaza Strip on Sept. 4 to meet Pelestinian leaders, the Foreign Ministry said on Wednes-Ms. Bhutto will be the first bead of government to visit Palestinian-administered Gaza since self-rule began in May. From there she will go to Cairo for a three-day visit to attend a U.N. population conference.

ଐକାଲେଲେ ପ୍ରଥ**ଣ୍, 4 missing in 'flying boat' crash**

ANKARA (R) - A German man died and another German went missing after their "flying boat" plunged into the Mediterranean off the southern Turkish coast, police said on Wednesday. "The boat, fixed to a kind of paraglider, crashed into the sea after its motor failed and the wind suddenly changed," said a police official in a provincial capital. Antalya. The accident bappened at a holiday village in Serik, about 40 kilometres east of Antalya town, on Tuesday afternoon. The air-filled motorbeat was suspended by a triangular wing, like a paraglider. A second-boot pulled it along at sea until it took off. It was apparently designed so that it could glide down to the sea where it could be used like a boat. Anatolian news agency raid inc boat dropped 100 metres into the sea.

ି ଏଉଥାଲେ geronautic team visits iran

FARAN (AFP) - A high-level Russian delegation is visiting iran to discuss transferring aeronautic technology to the Islande republic and swopping belicopters for Iranian goods, a newspaper reported here Wednesday. The delegalien, grouping representatives from Russia's aircraft indusiry, wanted to see for itself the potential of the Iranian sucraft industry and explore ways of future cooperation, . Hamshohri daily said. The paper said a Russian firm, iff, not plans to build a base in Iran to train pilots to operate Califacile opters, it said. The delegation also hoped to "sell Russian-made helicopters to Iran for products which Russia, needs," the paper added. Newspapers said here in November that Iran planned to buy or lease 30 Russian heitoopters, including the giant MI-26, to ferry nessengers and for relief operations.

Takken paper: Oman foiled Islamist plot

 $KUWAT^*(\mathbb{R})$ — A Kuwaiti newspaper said on Wednesday that Ordan has arrested more than 200 people after folling an Islamin condamentalist plot, the first of its kind against the government of Oman's Sultan Qaboos since the 1970s. The newspaper A: Siyassah and its sister English-language Arab Times quoted what they called highly-informed sources as saying civil servants were apparently involved in the plot. It said they belonged to fundamentalist groups that were not previously known to be active in Oman. The newspaper gave few other details. Oman has said nothing about such a plot and officials in Muscat were not immediately available to comment on the report which also said large amounts of cash bad been found with the plotters. But diplomats in the Gulf said reports filtering out of Oman suggested there had been a crackdown against Islamic militants in the conservative state.

Italy, Netherlands pledge \$5m to Yemen

SANAA (R) - Italy and the Netherlands pledged about \$5 million of aid to Yemen in response to a United Nations appeal to cover urgent food and health needs after its civil war, a U.N. official said on Wednesday. Nejib Freji, the U.N. spokesman in the Yemeni capital Sanaa, said Italy pledged 34 million in food aid to be delivered before the end of September, while the Netherlands pledged a total of \$730,000 to UNICEF and the World Health Organisation (WHO). Mr. Freji said \$530,000 of the Dutch aid will go to UNICEF for immunising children, while the rest will go to the WHO to launch a campaign of anti-diarrhoea drug

Homeless in Beirut

PALESTINIAN refugees live in the streets of Beirut after they were expelled from squatted buildings in the Lebanese capital. The Lebanese government is cleaning areas of Beirut squatted during the war (1975-1990) but thousands of Palestinian families have no place to go since their camps have been destroyed by militia. The government said Wednesday it was planning to acquire land to build homes to accommodate 3,000 families (AFP



Land-based verification regime Tehran goes effective at Aqaba today

By P.V. Vivekanand with agency dispatches

AMMAN — The first vessel to dock at Agaba without being intercepted by high-sea inspectors in the last four years is expected at the Red Sea port lane Thursday or early Friday after off-shore inspections are replaced by a land-based verification regime at Thursday noon.

The replacement of inspections by warships by observa-tions by the London-based Lloyds Register of Shipping ends an uneasy chapter in shipping at Aqaba, the worsthit port in the Gulf crisis triggered by the August 1990 Iraqi invasion of Kuwait. The inspection, carried out

by a U.S.-led naval fleet enforcing the punitive international sanctions against Iraq. have cost Jordan more than \$1 billion in extra freight and related charges in the last four years.

Aqaba-bound ships were summarily refused entry or diverted to other ports to rearrange cargo for inspec-tions, or allowed in only after the cargo rearrangement is done on the spot to the satisfaction of the inspection.

As a result, ships were unable to use their full-cargo capacity and were delayed for days as a result of diversions. The lucky ones, in full compliance with the inspectors' guidelines and documentation requirements, were delayed by a minimum of 24 hours at the inspection point

By Mariam Shahin

Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - A call this

week by an Arab member

of the Israeli Knesset for a

lifting of economic sanc-

tions on Iraq and the

announcement that the de-

puty is to meet the Iraqi

ambassador to the United

Nations are indications that

a campaign for Iraq's re-

habilitation is pick up

Knesset member Abdul

Wahab Darawsheh saio

Tuesday be planned to see Iraq's U.N. ambassador

during a visit to New York,

Israeli Radio said Wednes-

day.

The Israeli press has been

suggesting Iraqi-born cabinet ministers Moshe Shahal and

Benyamin Ben Eliezer as

middlemen in clandestine

īsraeli-Iraqi talks. Mr.

Darawsbeb's announce-

ment that he is meeting

with the Iraqi envoy brings

greater credibility to what

has been essentially, a

series of speculations and

comments made by anony-

imposed economic embargo

on Iraq, the oil-rich country

is still being treated like a

pariah by the sole super-

power, the United States.

portance and oil wealth as

well as its potential buying

power make its re-entry in

the international arena a

big deed. There are many confus-

ing signals as to when and

how the changes involving

Iraq will take place. What

seems almost certain.

bowever, is that change is

First, there was a re-

But Iraq's regional-im-

Four years after a U.N.-

mous sources.

at the Tiran Straits at the mouth of the Gulf of Agaba if they arrived at sunset.

To make allowances for these problems and offset the losses caused by the delays and cargo limitations, shipowners hiked freight rates to and from Aqaba, and Jordaman importers and exporters paid the price.

Officials, shipping agents and importers are all upbeat over the end to the offsbore

"As the shape of things to come, a ship was allowed in yesterday (Tuesday) with superficial inspections," said Tawfiq Kawar, chairman of the Jordan Shipping Agents Association (JSAA). "It was the first time that the inspectors allowed in a ship with containers stacked five-

At noon today, the warships stationed at the Tiran Straits will move away while an eight-member team of Lloyds Surveyors will formally take up position at the port of Agaba to work in coordination with the ports and customs anthorities to verify that goods arriving at the port conform with the documents accompanying

Deputy spokesman Colonel Douglas Kennett said the intercept operations underway in the Red Sea will be suspended "for a onemonth intensive period" be-

ported clandestine meeting

between an Iraqi defence

official and Israelis, and

then an approach to Israel's

U.N. envoy "to talk peace"

by the Iraqi U.N. ambassa-

The Kuwaiti newspaper

Al Siyassah quoted a

Palestinian member of the

Palestinian-Israeli econo-

mic cooperations commit-

tee as saying that "secret

talks" encompassing econo-

mic cooperation and oil

sales had been held. Israel,

the Palestinian source said,

wants to buy 100,000 bar-

reis of oil a day for con-

sumption and Iraq is willing

rels would be added to the

package which Iraq will sell

the Palestinian self-rule au-

thority 25,000 barrels a day

through Jordan at \$9 a bar-

Another subject related

to oil sales was reportedly

discussed at the clandestine

meeting in Europe was an

Israeli request to use the

port of Haifa as the outlet

of Iraqi oil to Europe in the

post-peace era, according

to the Al Siyassah. An un-named Jordanian marine

company is looking into the

possibilities of reopening an

abandoned oil pipeline that

used to pump Iraqi oil through Jordan to Haifa,

according to the report.
Recent visits by Iraqi De-

puty Prime Minister Tareq

Aziz to Morocco and a pre-

vious visit to Italy at the beginning of the summer both involved the "possible

dialogue" with Israelis, Ira-

Morocco bas been a tra-

ditional intermediary be-

tween Israel and Arab

countries. Mr. Aziz's visit

qi officials have hinted.

rel is still unclear.

Whether the 100,000 bar-

dor in New York.

Signs emerge of steady moves

heralding Iraqi return to oil market

ginning Thursday.

If Lloyd's Register decides this method is "effective," Kennett said, "maritime interception operations in the Red Sea will end." He explained that the government of Jordan sought these procedural changes.

Meanwhile, ships bound for and proceeding from Iraq through the Gulf will be inspected by a multi-national naval task force which in-cludes 84 U.S. ships. The navies of the U.S. and 13 other nations have inter-cepted 21,392 ships in the Red Sea and the Gulf since the intercept operation began

four years ago. Of these 11,935 were in the Red Sea, which became the primary search zone after the Gulf War closed down Iraqi ports in 1991.

Of the ships challenged, 9,710 have been boarded by naval teams according to U.S. navy figures. Most were in the Red Sea.

Jordan had hoycotted peace talks with Israel since the end of March to protest the U.N. blockade of Aqaba. But after Washington agreed in April to switch to land-based verification, peace talks resumed and culminated in the July 25 declaration by Israel to end the 46-year state of war between them, giving fresh impetus to

the stalled peace process. "Following the transition period, and upon verification that the Lloyd's Register op-

to Morocco came days after

Jordan made public state-

ments saying that no com-

prebensive peace in the re-

gion could be achieved

without Iraq.
Iraq responded by saying

it would do its own di-

plomatic foot work and did

not need Jordan to do talk-

But an Israeb-Iraqi dia-

logue is only one aspect of

the new "Iraqi equation,"

as one European diplomat

Despite French, Russian and Chinese protests every 60 days the U.N. sanctions

are simply renewed without

Attempts by the Turks to

repair and reopen an oil pipeline, a bid by Pakistan

to open airways allowing easier access for Shiite wor-

shippers to visit Karbala

and Najef, and pleas by

Russia to recommence its

pre-crisis projects have all

been stalled for the mo-

Even the Iraqi Kurds, the pet project of aid agencies,

have now been pushed

aside by the more urgent

needy in Bosnia, Rwanda,

Yemen and the like. A cut

in the number of U.N.

guards protecting the Kurds

in the northern semi-

autonomous regions have

been decreased again after

only 20 per cent of the \$288

million needed to upkeep

the U.N. operation were

But parallel to this, un-

ilateral steps to create

change bave also been

taken. In mid-Angust, Tur-key reopened its Harbur

border crossing with Iraq. Days later the foreign

ministers of Iran, Turkey

and Syria met in Damascus

ing on its behalf.

called it.

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too much ado.

eration is effective, maritime interception operations in the Red Sea will end," Commander T. McCreary, spokesman for the Gulf-based U.S. Naval Forces Central Command, said in a statement.

Jordan's contribution to

the U.S.-sponsored Arab-Israeli peace process, and the speed with which it is moving towards a peace treaty with Israel it is highly likely that the Red Sea inspections will be formally lifted after the trial period trial period.

"The procedures have been changed in response to requests from the government of Jordan," Cmdr. McCreary said.

He stressed that U.S. naval forces will continue to operate in the Red Sea, a strategic waterway on Sandi Arabia's western seaboard that links the Indian Ocean with the Snez Canal in the north.

"The U.S. has interests in the region that go beyond the multinational intercept operations conducted over the last four years," he added.

He said the American warships currently conduct-ing Red Sea inspections are the cruiser USS Leyte Gulf, the destroyer USS Conolly. the frigate USS John L. Hall and the support vessel USS Merrimack. U.S. Coast Guard Squad-

ron 42, embarked in Leyte Gulf, commands the U.S. Red Sea maritime intercep-

to "restate their support for

Iraq's unity." A statement

widely interpreted to be

anti-Kurdish was also a sig-

nal to Baghdad and the

West that Iraq's neighbours

were concerned about the

than a dozen Asian nations

to bave reopened their

embassies in Baghdad, has

offered to mediate with

Kuwait on Iraq's behalf to

belp end sanctions. Pakis-

tan currently has a seat on

the U.N. Security Council.

cials who speak on condi-

tion of anonymity, there are

several things on the agen-

da of discussion with Amer-

icans, Israelis and Euro-

peans that indicate bow

conflicting the different in-

terested in getting sanctions lifted or at least relaxed.

This is a number one prior-

ity." said one Iraqi govern-

There are an increasing

According to Iraqi offi-

cials the conditions that

their country is expected to

meet are being dictated pri-

marily, but not exclusively,

by the United States and

allies of the U.S. govern-

First there are issues of

preferential trade rela-

tionships with U.S. firms -

construction, reconstruc-

tion, petroleum etc. Then

there is the issue of the

French, German, Rus-

sian, Turkisb, Polish,

Romanian, Japanese, Indi-

(Continued on page 7)

number of conditions from

different parties on how to

achieve this," he said.

ment official.

ment.

peace talks.

"First of all Iraq is in-

According to Iraqi offi-

Pakistan, one of more

sanctioned nation.

demands American apology

BUENOS AIRES (Agencies) — Argentina's attorney general bas said there is not enough evidence to involve Iranian diplomats in the July 18 bombing of a Jewish community centre in which nearly 100 died and more than 200 vere wounded.

Iran promptly demanded that Washington apologise for accusing it of being behind the bombing.

A Tehran Radio commen-

tary specifically urged U.S. Secretary of State Warren Cbristopber, wbo condemned Iran before the results of the initial Argentine investigation were made public, to apologise to Tehran.

Iturbe was quoted by the state-owned Telam news agency as saying on Tuesday that there was not enough proof against Iran in the case of the July 18 bombing which killed nearly 100 people in

slandering Iran should now apologise — above all the United States and especially Secretary of State Warren Christopher," Tehran Radio

Ten days after the car-bomb blast, Mr. Christopber

General Angel Aguero Iturbe's decision, disclosed to the press early Wednesday, the supreme court of justice should abstain from taking over the investigation of the bombing.

ign diplomats.

Menem on Aug. 16 defended Mr. Galeano's findings. saying there was "valid evidence of participation of the Iranian community" in the

United States, angry at Iran's opposition to Arab-Israeli peace deals, were putting pressure on the Argentine government to act against

Argentine Attorney General Angel Aguero Buenos Aires.

He said the case, instead of going to the supreme court, should be sent back to investigating Judge Juan Jose Galeano who had issued mest warrants for nian officials.

There is the expectation that countries which led in

in effect blamed Iran and a pro-Iranian Lebanese group. "Groups like Hizbollah that wreak havoc and bloodshed must be defeated and Hizbollah's patron, Iran, must be contained," he told the House Foreign Affairs

Committee in Washington. Mr. Christopher, who was speaking about the Buenos Aires explosion, called Iran an "international outlaw."

According to Attorney

The nine-member supreme court was scheduled to meet Wednesday to consider the attorney general's recom-mendation, which will be accepted, court sources said. Judge Galeano summoned

six Iranian diplomats last month, claiming he "sus-pected" they were involved in the bombing. According to the Argentine constitution, the supreme court must take over any case involving fore-

The judge's ruling severely strained Argentine-Iranian diplomatic relations. Both ambassadors were summoned by their governments and Iran blamed Argentina of submitting to Israeli and U.S. pressures to involve the Tehran regime in terrorist actions.

Argentine President Carlos

Tehran said Israel and the

Cat bites dog, saves baby

AUCKLAND (AFP) -Forget cartoon lion kings New Zealand had a real feline heroine in the form of a grey Abyssinian cat called Puss who took on a big dog to save her human family's baby. The New Zealand Herald reported that when Amber Logan saw a big black dog run at ber hahy she thought the animal was going to grab three-month-old India. But Puss leapt to the defence of India, who was strapped into a portable seat on the porch. "I looked up and this huge black dog was running down the path," Logan said. "I thought oh my God, it's going to grab the baby." However, Puss jumped on the Doberman/ German Shepherd cross and dug her teeth and claws into the dog's back. Logan grab-bed India as Puss continued the battle. "The dog threw Puss off its back but the car jumped back on to its head, sticking her claws in and she bit its eye. The dog yelped and took off and the cat took off after it," she said. Puss did not return and Logan thought her five-year-old cat must have been killed. But, early Tuesday, Puss crawled home. Later she was taken to a vet to have her severe bruising attended to. Local authorities are looking for the dog.

Fujimori strips wife of official status

LIMA (R) - Peruvian President Alberto Fujimori said he was stripping his wife of ber official functions as first lady because of her "incom-prehensible" criticism of the government and apparent wish to become president herself, "I have decided to separate my wife (Susana Higuchi) from her functions as first lady," Mr. Fujimori said in a late night televised address to the nation. "From now on, Mrs. Higuchi can carry out her political activities in open opposition to the government when and where she pleases, like any citizen, hut not as first lady," he added. Mr. Fujimori has a last Acras been visibly annoyed by public statements by Ms. Higuchi, from whom he has been living apart since her public protest this month over an electoral law that hans her from seeking office or criticising his rule. Ms. Higuchi, who uses her. maiden name, has made 'generalised and vague accusations" of corruption in the government, fuelling uncertainty and damaging the country's image abroad, the president said. Mr. Fujimori, who for the last two weeks has been sleeping in Peru's army headquarters known as the "Little Pentagon" with three of their four children, made no reference to the presidential couple's marital

Diana posing for a portrait session

LONDON (AP) - Princess Diana, who says she feels she's being destroyed by allegations which she denies about crank phone calls, put on a brave face Tuesday for a portrait session with artist Nelson Shanks. Princess Diana was pictured smiling as she arrived in her chauffeurdriven car for the session with the American artist at a studio at Chelsea in west London. But the 33-year-old princess looked serious as she again encountered press photographers when she left the studio two hours later holding a bunch of pink roses given to her by Shanks, who is ranked one of America's top artists. Scotland Yard-confirmed Tuesday that police investigated a series of crank calls to wealthy London art dealer Oliver Hoarswhich press reports say were traced of Princess Diana's private phone line. News Of The World reported Sunday that police investigated some 300 silent calls were traced to Princess Diana's private line. in Kensington Palace, her mobile phone, phone booths near the palace and other phones she had access to London's police chief Sir. Paul Condon said Tuesday Scotland Yard will not investigate the leak. His state ment followed one by News Of The World editor Piers Morgan which said the source for his paper's story was not a serving police ufficer.